1980

GENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

SERIES PHO(2) CENSUS TRACTS

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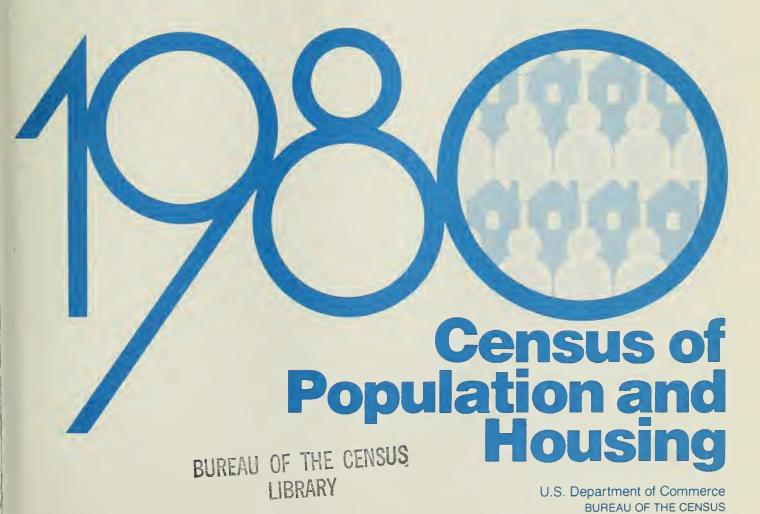




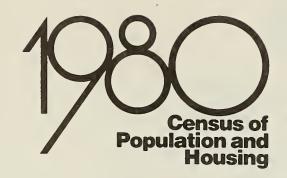
# Census Tracts

# **NEW BEDFORD, MASS.**

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







# Census Tracts

# **NEW BEDFORD, MASS.**

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

PHC80-2-254

Issued June 1983



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Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

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Bruce Chapman, Director



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## **Acknowledgments**

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruce Chapman, and Deputy Director, C.L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for Demographic Censuses, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanley D. Moore, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sherry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director; Daniel B. Levine, former Deputy Director; and George E. Hall, former Associate Director.

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#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Census Tracts* series and presents demographic, social, economic, and housing statistics for census tracts from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The Census Tracts series consists of an individual report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) and for each State in which census tracts have been delineated outside SMSA's. A listing of all the reports in this series appears on pages v-vii. The abbreviated identification for each report is PHC80-2 (i.e., Population and Housing Census, 1980, Series 2), followed by a number designating the SMSA or State which the report covers.

In the SMSA reports, the tract data are summarized to the following larger levels of geography: the SMSA, each State portion of multi-State SMSA's, counties or county equivalents (SMSA county portions in New England), incorporated places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and most census designated places (CDP's) of 10,000 or more inhabitants. In the State reports, summaries are shown for the tracted portion of the State

outside SMSA's, counties or county equivalents (nonSMSA county portions in New England), incorporated places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and most CDP's of 10,000 or more inhabitants. For an explanation of CDP's not shown in the SMSA or State reports, see appendix A.

For census tracts which are split by the boundary of a place of 10,000 or more, the appropriate portion is shown within the place or balance of county, with the symbol "p" following the tract number. Totals for these "split" tracts appear at the end of the portion of each table for the relevant county.

The 1980 census figures presented here may differ from those shown in the Advance Reports, PHC80-V, and in the Public Law 94-171 redistricting data products. The changes reflect corrections of errors found after the PHC80-V reports and P.L. 94-171 materials were prepared. The changes may affect any geographic area shown in this report.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between 1980 census data and 1970 census data for most characteristics. Further information on comparability for specific subjects appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

#### CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, and 39 detailed tables. Information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1970 and 1980 for the area covered in this report is shown at the end of this introduction. The tract comparability table shows 1970 components of 1980 tracts and 1980 components of 1970 tracts, as relevant, for (1) 1970 tracts that were split into two or more 1980 tracts; (2) 1970 tracts that were combined into new 1980 tracts; (3) 1970 tracts in areas with new tract numbering systems for 1980; and (4) those tracts with boundary changes between 1970 and 1980 that affected 100 or more persons. A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if no change occurred between 1970 and 1980 or boundary revisions affected fewer than 100 persons and that was the only change that occurred to that

Tables P-1 through P-7 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data; tables P-8 through P-21 present data on social and economic characteristics based on sample tabulations. Tables H-1 through H-6 show 100-percent housing data and Tables H-7 through H-18 show sample housing data.

Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., incorporated places, standard metropolitan statistical areas). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and describes the editing procedures. Appendix E contains

a facsimile of the respondent instruction guide and the 1980 census questionnaire. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

Maps which show the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the area covered by this report are available for purchase but are not included with the report. State, county, county subdivision, and place names and boundaries are also shown on these maps.

# SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals or housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- A "p" next to a tract number indicates a tract split by the boundary of a place of 10,000 or more.
- A "(pt.)" next to a place name indicates a place that is split by a county boundary.

- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

# SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Bureau of the Census takes precautions to make sure that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Census Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of complete count (100-percent) data are as follows: counts of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 15 or more persons in the geographic area; counts of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when

there are five or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least five occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least five and the number of renters is also at least five. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for sample data are 30 or more persons or 10 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of scrutiny. This level requires the 15 (30) person or 5 (10) housing unit criterion be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction.

# 1970-1980 CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY

Census tract comparability tables for this report begin on the next page.

# Table A. Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1970

[Tables list only selected census trocts for which boundaries ar identification changed between 1970 and 1980. See text far further explanation]

1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 troct 1970 tract	1980 tract 1970 tract	1980 tract 1970 tract	1980 tract 1970 tract
BRISTOL COUNTY, 6501.01	MASS				
				-	

## Table B. Tract Comparability: 1970 to 1980

[Tables list anly selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1970 and 1980. See text for further explanation]

1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract
8RISTOL COUNTY, 8 6501	MASS6501.01 6501.026502.01 6502.026510.01 6510.026513 6518 (PT.)								
	•								

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Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

			tol County (p		ons or terms,			New	8edford city,	Bristol Count	у		
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New 8ed- ford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Tract 6501.02	Troct 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Troct 6503	Tract 6504	Troct 6505	Tract 6506
AGE  Total persons  Under 5 yeors 5 to 9 yeors	169 425 10 806 11 728	153 965 9 899 10 590	<b>98 478</b> 6 792 6 820	<b>55 487</b> 3 107 3 770	15 460 907 1 138	<b>4 249</b> 208 245	3 885 344 374	<b>2 614</b> 123 142	2 424 110 124	3 429 154 173	4 233 343 270	3 389 224 191	3 133 254 214
10 to 14 yeors 15 to 19 yeors 20 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 65 to 74 yeors 75 yeors ond over	13 530 15 241 13 651 24 208 17 491 17 798 20 205 14 539 10 228	12 011 13 794 12 775 21 877 15 427 16 104 18 592 13 339 9 557	7 298 8 250 8 686 13 635 8 906 10 015 12 102 9 155 6 819	4 713 5 544 4 089 8 242 6 521 6 089 6 490 4 184 2 738	1 519 1 447 876 2 331 2 064 1 694 1 613 1 200 671	303 380 266 592 500 509 593 363 290	448 421 292 544 465 397 359 161 80	191 212 172 328 249 369 432 266 130	142 182 203 278 195 300 461 271 158	201 262 306 445 267 368 551 423 279	277 326 450 618 331 416 526 388 288	204 231 319 456 304 374 490 373 223	230 290 328 429 291 307 378 232 180
3 ond 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years ond over 62 years and over Median	4 302 130 307 124 301 115 187 34 396 30 312 33.0	3 927 118 766 113 429 104 919 31 788 28 014 33.0	2 669 75 925 72 693 67 603 21 840 19 373 33.0	1 258 42 841 40 736 37 316 9 948 8 641 33.0	375 11 541 10 872 10 268 2 608 2 298 33.1	88 3 422 3 267 3 068 914 806 37.2	144 2 624 2 444 2 248 420 338 26.2	54 2 104 2 023 1 910 631 528 40.3	36 2 013 1 935 1 817 661 555 43.7	61 2 853 2 739 2 576 979 872 41.7	108 3 280 3 168 2 943 921 826 31.4	89 2 729 2 636 2 472 840 750 37.0	97 2 393 2 281 2 059 592 508 30.5
Femole Under 5 yeors 5 to 9 yeors 10 to 14 yeors 15 to 19 yeors 20 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 54 yeors 45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 75 yeors and over	89 199 5 204 5 717 6 614 7 486 6 867 12 495 9 116 9 341 11 106 8 362 6 891	81 295 4 776 5 152 5 867 6 812 6 433 11 275 8 037 8 500 10 243 7 733 6 467	52 852 3 296 3 370 3 587 4 129 4 468 7 019 4 745 5 379 6 796 5 388 4 675	28 443 1 480 1 782 2 280 2 683 1 965 4 256 3 292 3 121 3 447 2 345 1 792	7 904 428 565 747 674 434 1 220 1 079 841 863 629 424	2 180 97 113 136 168 123 308 268 253 315 202 197	2 099 184 210 227 212 174 314 263 189 194 89 43	1 353 68 76 89 102 81 158 127 198 235 134 85	1 275 56 51 76 81 97 142 108 162 255 150 97	1 863 71 91 102 135 154 223 149 197 312 257 172	2 269 156 141 147 171 243 311 171 225 288 234 182	1 800 116 97 102 112 167 218 156 196 253 226 157	1 635 120 106 112 137 170 192 161 158 214 135
3 and 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 62 years and over Median	2 061 70 143 67 241 62 717 20 603 18 395 35.2	1 885 64 137 61 569 57 319 19 156 17 097 35.3	1 289 41 757 40 165 37 591 13 388 12 012 36.0	596 22 380 21 404 19 728 5 768 5 085 34.4	176 6 006 5 672 5 398 1 447 1 298 34.0	42 1 799 1 729 1 647 525 478 40.0	74 1 432 1 340 1 236 225 183 26.4	29 1 089 1 048 1 003 346 284 42.7	20 1 073 1 042 988 376 321 46.9	23 1 578 1 518 1 427 586 527 45.5	59 1 791 1 738 1 607 556 506 33.1	46 1 462 1 422 1 339 520 466 40.4	34 1 273 1 222 1 113 362 316 33.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  Total persons	169 425	153 965	98 478	55 487	15 460	4 249	3 885	2 614	2 424	3 429	4 233	3 389	3 133
In households Householder Family householder Nonfamily householder Living alone Spouse Other relatives Nonrelatives Inmote of institution Other, in group quarters Persons per household Persons per fomily	165 485 61 456 45 624 15 832 14 352 36 675 64 196 3 158 2 047 1 893 2.69 3.21	150 289 56 168 41 445 14 723 13 387 33 087 58 191 2 843 1 837 1 839 2.68 3.20	96 626 37 388 26 475 10 913 10 034 20 070 37 357 1 811 1 234 618 2.58 3.17	53 663 18 780 14 970 3 810 3 353 13 017 20 834 1 032 603 1 221 2.86 3.26	15 196 5 288 4 179 1 109 965 3 588 6 005 315 210 54 2.87 3.30	4 129 1 468 1 238 230 207 1 062 1 540 59 119 1 2.81 3.10	3 885 1 261 1 026 235 211 739 1 828 57 — — 3.08 3.50	2 594 924 762 162 143 675 965 30 20 - 2.81 3.15	2 424 934 754 180 170 633 834 23  2.60 2.95	3 429 1 377 969 408 383 800 1 186 66  2.49 3.05	4 224 1 657 1 184 473 437 954 1 561 52 9 - 2.55 3.12	3 372 1 370 983 387 368 791 1 175 36 	3 113 1 151 832 319 291 658 1 252 52 20 2.70 3.30
Persons 65 years ond over In households	24 767 23 214 15 531 7 477 7 280 4 894 2 497 292 1 466 87	22 896 21 493 14 413 7 006 6 827 4 471 2 337 272 1 333 70	15 974 15 018 10 292 5 262 5 152 2 964 1 577 185 897 59	6 922 6 475 4 121 1 744 1 675 1 507 760 87 436	1 871 1 721 1 118 471 453 423 160 20 133 17	653 540 316 101 99 141 76 7 113	241 241 143 67 66 50 47 1	396 381 241 80 77 92 45 3 15	429 429 272 98 96 110 45 2	702 702 441 203 197 163 70 28 -	676 670 468 225 221 134 64 4	596 596 402 189 186 133 58 3	412 412 274 142 139 71 58 9
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies	45 624	41 445	26 475	14 970	4 179	1 238	1 026	762	754	969	1 184	983	832
With own children under 18 yeors  Number of own children under 18 yeors	22 332 42 534 36 675	20 122 38 239 33 087	12 797 24 334 <b>20 070</b>	7 325 13 905 <b>13 017</b>	2 210 4 295 3 588	517 938 1 062	624 1 383 <b>739</b>	300 570 <b>675</b>	271 466 <b>633</b>	369 658 <b>800</b>	555 1 026 954	404 711 <b>791</b>	430 807 <b>658</b>
With own children under 18 yeors	17 487 33 732 <b>7 496</b>	15 615 30 048 <b>7 021</b>	9 196 17 716 <b>5 48</b> 8	6 419 12 332	1 872 3 684	451 836 140	397 845 <b>259</b>	272 523	217 374 <b>103</b>	308 561 138	443 829 <b>200</b>	324 586 <b>151</b>	341 655 1 <b>53</b>
With own children under 18 yearsNumber of own children under 18 years	4 444 8 144	4 146 7 607	3 371 6 237	<b>1 533</b> 775 1 370	<b>475</b> 298 537	57 87	217 521	65 23 37	50 86	56 91	107 191	73 116	84 144
MARITAL STATUS  Mole, 15 years ond over  Now married, except separated  Separated  Widowed  Divorced	61 697 17 666 38 031 1 303 2 017 2 680	55 965 16 124 34 342 1 205 1 866 2 428	34 969 10 198 20 948 861 1 299 1 663	20 996 5 926 13 394 344 567 765	5 732 1 542 3 689 98 151 252	1 659 433 1 095 31 55 45	1 241 389 756 22 31 43	1 038 269 690 14 34 31	956 238 652 10 33 23	1 302 346 821 23 62 50	1 518 380 978 37 49 74	1 285 325 817 35 48 60	1 138 349 689 31 28 41
Femole, 15 years and over  Single Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Divorced	71 664 16 171 37 905 2 237 10 764 4 587	65 500 14 927 34 219 2 110 10 036 4 208	<b>42 599</b> 9 781 20 841 1 695 7 120 3 162	22 901 5 146 13 378 415 2 916 1 046	6 164 1 244 3 686 127 728 379	1 834 334 1 096 31 284 89	1 478 379 765 90 118 126	1 120 223 690 12 149 46	1 092 200 651 26 152 63	1 599 366 821 34 279 99	1 825 376 978 63 287 121	1 485 276 822 46 250 91	1 297 291 684 52 196 74

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Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Communa Turnets		Bris	tol County (p	t.)				New	Bedford city,	Bristol Count	у		
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New 8ed- ford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Troct 6501.02	Troct 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Troct 6503	Troct 6504	Troct 6505	Troct 6506
AGE													
Total persons Under 5 yeors 5 to 9 yeors 10 to 14 yeors 20 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 75 years and over	169 425 10 806 11 728 13 530 15 241 13 651 24 208 17 491 17 798 20 205 14 539 10 228	9 899 10 590 12 011 13 794 12 775 21 877 15 427 16 104 18 592 13 339 9 557	98 478 6 792 6 820 7 298 8 250 8 686 13 635 8 906 10 015 12 102 9 155 6 819	55 487 3 107 3 770 4 713 5 544 4 089 8 242 6 521 6 089 6 490 4 184 2 738	15 460 907 1 138 1 519 1 447 876 2 331 2 064 1 694 1 613 1 200 671	4 249 208 245 303 380 266 592 500 509 593 363 290	3 885 344 374 448 421 292 544 465 397 359 161 80	2 614 123 142 191 212 172 328 249 369 432 266 130	2 424 110 124 142 182 203 278 195 300 461 271 158	3 429 154 173 201 262 306 445 267 368 551 423 279	4 233 343 270 277 326 450 618 331 416 526 388 288	3 389 224 191 204 231 319 456 304 374 490 373 223	3 133 254 214 230 290 328 429 291 307 378 232 180
3 and 4 yeors	4 302 130 307 124 301 115 187 34 396 30 312 33.0	3 927 118 766 113 429 104 919 31 788 28 014 33.0	2 669 75 925 72 693 67 603 21 840 19 373 33.0	1 258 42 841 40 736 37 316 9 948 8 641 33.0	375 11 541 10 872 10 268 2 608 2 298 33.1	88 3 422 3 267 3 068 914 806 37.2	144 2 624 2 444 2 248 420 338 26.2	54 2 104 2 023 1 910 631 528 40.3	36 2 013 1 935 1 817 661 555 43.7	61 2 853 2 739 2 576 979 872 41.7	108 3 280 3 168 2 943 921 826 31.4	89 2 729 2 636 2 472 840 750 37.0	97 2 393 2 281 2 059 592 508 30.5
Femole Under 5 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 75 years ond over	89 199 5 204 5 717 6 614 7 486 6 867 12 495 9 116 9 341 11 106 8 362 6 891	81 295 4 776 5 152 5 867 6 812 6 433 11 275 8 037 8 500 10 243 7 733 6 467	52 852 3 296 3 370 3 587 4 129 4 468 7 019 4 745 5 379 6 796 5 388 4 675	28 443 1 480 1 782 2 280 2 683 1 965 4 256 3 292 3 121 3 447 2 345 1 792	7 904 428 565 747 674 434 1 220 1 079 841 863 629 424	2 180 97 113 136 168 123 308 268 253 315 202 197	2 099 184 210 227 212 174 314 263 189 194 89 43	1 353 68 76 89 102 81 158 127 198 235 134 85	1 275 56 51 76 81 97 142 108 162 255 150 97	1 863 71 91 102 135 154 223 149 197 312 257 172	2 269 156 141 147 171 243 311 171 225 288 234 182	1 800 116 97 102 112 167 218 156 196 253 226 157	1 635 120 106 112 137 170 192 161 158 214 135 130
3 and 4 yeors 16 yeors ond over	2 061 70 143 67 241 62 717 20 603 18 395	1 885 64 137 61 569 57 319 19 156 17 097 35.3	1 289 41 757 40 165 37 591 13 388 12 012 36.0	596 22 380 21 404 19 728 5 768 5 085 34.4	176 6 006 5 672 5 398 1 447 1 298 34.0	42 1 799 1 729 1 647 525 478 40.0	74 1 432 1 340 1 236 225 183 26.4	29 1 089 1 048 1 003 346 284 42.7	20 1 073 1 042 988 376 321 46.9	23 1 578 1 518 1 427 586 527 45.5	59 1 791 1 738 1 607 556 506 33.1	46 1 462 1 422 1 339 520 466 40.4	34 1 273 1 222 1 113 362 316 33.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  Total persons In households Householder Formily householder Nonfamily householder Living olone Spause Other relatives Nonrelotives Inmate of institution Other, in group quarters Persons per household Persons per fomily  Persons 65 years and over In households Householder	169 425 165 485 61 456 45 624 15 832 14 352 36 675 64 196 3 158 2 047 1 893 2.69 3.21 24 767 23 214 15 531	153 965 150 289 56 168 41 445 14 723 33 087 58 191 2 843 1 837 1 839 2.68 3.20 22 896 21 493	98 478 96 626 37 388 26 475 10 913 10 034 20 070 37 357 1 811 1 234 618 2.58 3.17 15 018 10 292	55 487 53 663 18 780 3 810 3 353 13 017 20 834 1 032 603 1 221 2.86 3.26 6 922 6 475 4 121	15 460 15 196 5 288 4 179 1 109 965 3 588 6 005 315 210 54 2.87 3.30 1 871 1 721 1 118	4 249 4 129 1 468 1 238 230 207 1 062 1 540 59 119 1 2.81 3.10 653 540 316	3 885 3 885 1 261 1 026 235 211 739 1 828 57 - - - - 3.08 3.50 241 241	2 614 2 594 962 762 162 143 675 965 30 20 - 2.81 3.15 381 241	2 424 2 424 934 754 180 170 633 834 23 - 2.60 2.95 429 272	3 429 3 429 1 377 969 408 383 800 1 186 66 - - 2.49 3.05 702 441	4 233 4 224 1 657 1 184 473 437 954 1 561 52 9 - 2.55 3.12 676 670 468	3 389 3 372 1 370 983 387 368 791 1 175 36 - 17 2.46 3.00 596 596 402	3 133 3 113 1 151 832 319 291 658 1 252 52 20 2.70 3.30 412 412 274
Nonfomily householder Living olone Spouse Other relotives Nonrelotives Inmote of institution Other, in group quarters	7 477 7 280 4 894 2 497 292 1 466 87	7 006 6 827 4 471 2 337 272 1 333 70	5 262 5 152 2 964 1 577 185 897 59	1 744 1 675 1 507 760 87 436	471 453 423 160 20 133 17	101 99 141 76 7 113	67 66 50 47 1 -	80 77 92 45 3 15	98 96 110 45 2 -	203 197 163 70 28 -	225 221 134 64 4 6	189 186 133 58 3 —	142 139 71 58 9
Family TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Families  With own children under 18 years	<b>45 624</b> 22 332	41 445 20 122	<b>26 475</b> 12 797	14 970 7 325	<b>4 179</b> 2 210	1 238 517	1 <b>026</b> 624	<b>762</b> 300	<b>754</b> 271	<b>969</b> 369	1 184 555	<b>983</b> 404 711	832 430 807
Number of own children under 18 yeors  Married-couple families  With own children under 18 years	22 332 42 534 36 675 17 487	38 239 33 087 15 615	24 334 20 070 9 196	13 905 13 017 6 419	4 295 3 588 1 872	938 1 062 451	1 383 739 397	570 675 272	466 633 217	658 800 308	1 026 <b>954</b> 443 829	711 <b>791</b> 324 586	658 341 655
Number of own children under 18 yeors Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	33 732 7 496 4 444 8 144	30 048 <b>7 021</b> 4 146 7 607	17 716 5 488 3 371 6 237	12 332 1 533 775 1 370	3 684 475 298 537	836 140 57 87	845 259 217 521	523 65 23 37	374 103 50 86	561 138 56 91	200 107 191	151 73 116	153 84 144
MARITAL STATUS	0 144	7 607	0 237	1 3/0	337	07	321	3,	00	, ,	.,,	110	
Male, 15 years and over	61 697 17 666 38 031 1 303 2 017 2 680	55 965 16 124 34 342 1 205 1 866 2 428	34 969 10 198 20 948 861 1 299 1 663	20 996 5 926 13 394 344 567 765	5 732 1 542 3 689 98 151 252	1 659 433 1 095 31 55 45	1 241 389 756 22 31 43	1 038 269 690 14 34 31	956 238 652 10 33 23	1 302 346 821 23 62 50	1 518 380 978 37 49 74	1 285 325 817 35 48 60	1 138 349 689 31 28 41
Female, 15 years and over  Single	71 664 16 171 37 905 2 237 10 764 4 587	65 500 14 927 34 219 2 110 10 036 4 208	42 599 9 781 20 841 1 695 7 120 3 162	22 901 5 146 13 378 415 2 916 1 046	6 164 1 244 3 686 127 728 379	1 834 334 1 096 31 284 89	1 478 379 765 90 118 126	1 120 223 690 12 149 46	1 092 200 651 26 152 63	1 599 366 821 34 279 99	1 825 376 978 63 287 121	1 485 276 822 46 250 91	1 297 291 684 52 196 74

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	New Bedford city, Bristol County—Con.												
Census Tracts	Troct 6507	Troct 6508	Troct 6509	Troc† 6510.01	Troct 6510.02	Troct 6511	Troct 6512	Troct 6513	Troct 6514	Troct 6515	Troct 6516	Troct 6517	Troct 6518
AGE													
Total persans	2 598 211 216 184 226 239 363 254 258 288 203 156	297 263 251 253 372 530 296 343 455 342 275	2 922 255 240 269 277 258 381 243 253 312 244 190	2 519 151 177 151 182 164 333 239 247 360 331 184	3 687 191 251 321 338 241 478 300 408 446 405 308	4 387 360 358 354 374 459 649 420 427 438 328 220	1 998 194 181 160 193 227 259 165 210 203 135 71	2 422 165 174 209 197 250 347 196 199 229 227 229	3 485 226 230 253 296 304 505 332 315 385 258 381	3 165 233 264 273 285 280 451 304 295 323 252 205	4 350 325 335 370 385 348 675 417 365 474 373 283	2 496 190 181 207 220 254 401 195 207 247 228	1 485 24 20 36 40 108 142 69 99 212 370 365
3 ond 4 yeors	96 1 945 1 859 1 714 517 447 30.8	115 2 816 2 722 2 546 845 757 31.7	98 2 095 1 992 1 826 572 500 28.7	77 2 001 1 932 1 822 692 611 38.9	85 2 860 2 710 2 531 929 841 35.8	148 3 239 3 084 2 852 745 668 29.0	75 1 434 1 365 1 221 306 262 26.5	56 1 829 1 751 1 627 555 509 30.7	86 2 709 2 594 2 421 822 749 33.4	96 2 319 2 197 2 058 617 550 30.0	123 3 237 3 070 2 867 881 780 30.7	66 1 883 1 812 1 646 503 464 29.1	8 1 401 1 387 1 354 858 811 64.7
Female	1 388 113 106 95 118 129 193 123 138 148 116	2 011 142 132 127 132 210 278 150 188 261 203 188	1 653 108 126 136 158 140 223 150 138 189 147 138	1 409 84 89 65 92 85 183 130 137 220 197	2 039 96 116 150 165 120 278 181 237 269 220 207	2 328 170 173 172 184 237 355 225 238 242 189 143	1 063 107 85 83 105 111 132 97 107 114 74	1 306 72 95 95 108 125 167 103 107 128 135	1 915 102 106 131 156 157 269 170 160 224 155 285	1 727 113 121 128 142 160 250 166 157 195 155 140	2 373 153 167 170 208 204 360 223 200 264 227 197	1 337 110 84 93 105 115 204 104 121 145 145	889 11 6 19 22 53 57 29 48 123 247 274
3 and 4 yeors	47 1 048 1 006 929 314 272 31.3	53 1 581 1 539 1 436 521 467 33.9	33 1 247 1 192 1 097 363 320 32.1	42 1 152 1 114 1 060 439 386 42.8	44 1 646 1 575 1 485 561 506 40.3	78 1 769 1 705 1 581 445 405 30.7	45 773 734 662 177 158 27.3	26 1 022 976 908 361 338 34.4	44 1 543 1 482 1 390 548 507 36.7	42 1 331 1 271 1 197 392 355 33.1	56 1 841 1 755 1 632 547 496 32.5	34 1 031 990 925 324 303 32.3	3 849 842 824 599 567 68.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	2 598	2 477	2 022	0.510	2 407	4 207	1 000	0.400	2 495	2 145	4 250	2 404	3 405
Total persons   In households   Households   Households   Householder   Fornily householder   Living olone   Spouse   Other relatives   Nonrelatives   Inmote of institution   Other, in group quorters   Persons per household   Persons per fornily   Persons   Persons per fornily   Persons   Persons	2 563 1 053 656 397 364 453 999 58  35 2.43 3.21	3 677 3 677 1 501 1 035 466 439 792 1 336 48 — — 2.45 3.06	2 922 2 922 1 133 815 318 295 483 1 259 47  2.58 3.14	2 519 2 429 969 689 280 266 554 875 31 90 - 2.51 3.07	3 687 3 577 1 354 1 087 267 251 752 1 416 55 110 - 2.64 2.99	4 387 4 387 1 677 1 197 480 423 830 1 760 120 — 2.62 3.16	1 998 1 993 743 512 231 208 345 859 46 - 5 2.68 3.35	2 422 2 201 912 490 422 369 309 880 100 167 54 2.41 3.43	3 485 3 232 1 218 847 371 327 591 1 340 83 228 25 2.65 3.28	3 165 3 165 1 190 838 352 329 547 1 360 68 	4 350 4 298 1 559 1 146 413 373 865 1 774 100 45 7 2.76 3.30	2 496 2 336 1 001 549 452 410 302 943 90 133 27 2.33 3.27	1 485 1 403 1 003 234 769 722 175 160 65 53 29 1.40 2.43
Persons 65 years and over In households	359 349 260 146 144 60 26 3	617 617 443 249 246 114 57	434 434 319 190 187 69 41 5	515 426 293 143 140 94 34 5	713 617 397 151 146 148 61 11 96	548 548 376 183 170 110 52 10	206 205 148 79 76 37 17 3 -	456 290 217 151 147 35 33 5 157	639 406 278 139 135 70 51 7 220	457 457 328 192 190 78 49 2 -	656 646 438 225 220 111 85 12 8	394 390 301 207 204 53 30 6	735 694 581 453 448 82 20 11 29
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN													
Families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	<b>656</b> 368 691	1 035 504 915	<b>815</b> 468 886	<b>689</b> 310 558	1 087 503 935	1 197 640 1 212	<b>512</b> 297 586	490 282 622	<b>847</b> 423 820	<b>838</b> 466 894	1 146 578 1 151	<b>549</b> 304 624	234 46 85
Married-cauple families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	<b>453</b> 242 485	<b>792</b> 381 713	<b>483</b> 230 442	554 233 434	<b>752</b> 287 537	<b>830</b> 404 786	345 183 363	309 159 358	591 282 571	<b>547</b> 275 540	<b>865</b> 448 911	302 126 266	1 <b>75</b> 23 48
Female hausehalder, na husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	176 119 195	<b>201</b> 116 195	303 233 436	116 71 117	<b>302</b> 204 375	<b>312</b> 213 384	148 105 210	154 115 247	212 128 229	<b>253</b> 178 336	237 125 225	224 174 352	50 20 32
MARITAL STATUS													
Male, 15 years and aver	913 284 471 30 48 80	1 256 308 818 36 44 50	875 281 501 12 42 39	869 209 575 9 40 36	1 247 358 782 19 53 35	1 502 455 851 46 50 100	675 219 361 26 24 45	830 331 337 34 44 84	1 200 396 624 45 46 89	1 030 322 561 38 52 57	1 437 389 895 39 64 50	868 362 344 47 37 78	552 198 187 33 48 86
Female, 15 years and over Single Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Oivarced	1 074 298 469 49 170 88	1 610 318 824 62 288 118	1 283 316 504 72 227 164	1 171 220 574 39 250 88	1 677 361 783 84 286 163	1 813 413 855 126 252 167	788 202 358 52 92 84	1 044 305 334 76 218 111	1 576 438 627 65 319 127	1 365 350 571 80 214 150	1 <b>883</b> 512 900 63 286 122	1 <b>050</b> 322 322 76 190 140	853 203 183 22 351 94

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

					New 8e	dford city, 8ris	stol County—Co	on.				
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Troct 6521	Tract 6522	Troct 6523	Troct 6524	Tract 6525	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Troct 6528.99	Tract 6529
AGE												
Total persons Under 5 yeors	1 910 146 129 164 189 155 207 164 190 218 158	2 977 172 188 212 240 267 440 264 344 391 259 200	3 174 251 202 189 289 315 502 291 353 350 239 193	3 211 178 190 213 220 173 458 292 331 429 374 353	3 114 192 203 206 251 274 387 269 345 436 342 209	3 105 219 222 195 228 258 468 284 337 360 322 212	3 123 252 229 240 264 274 428 295 316 430 256 139	3 432 325 324 312 330 286 518 308 314 347 232 136	4 121 353 333 319 297 407 582 361 335 413 402 319	3 410 122 177 212 289 287 358 314 480 566 398 207	351 - 2 82 150 83 30 4 - -	3
3 and 4 yeors	54 1 436 1 357 1 240 446 402 32.8	65 2 365 2 261 2 112 641 561 34.1	94 2 471 2 352 2 177 595 520 31.2	71 2 582 2 490 2 387 949 859 40.5	82 2 460 2 360 2 211 775 693 36.6	72 2 419 2 344 2 190 723 629 34.0	98 2 355 2 250 2 082 585 508 31.5	132 2 397 2 283 2 084 547 478 27.1	139 3 061 2 962 2 747 936 858 30.4	56 2 841 2 721 2 562 843 733 42.9	349 343 231 - - 22.4	
Female Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	1 041 80 53 80 90 91 108 96 97 129 106 111	1 582 70 99 105 131 142 213 133 173 226 157 133	1 701 131 99 87 132 174 250 152 201 186 152 137	1 757 89 97 107 110 87 231 147 182 239 200 268	1 698 90 102 97 123 144 199 142 197 255 210 139	1 636 99 106 93 117 140 226 146 186 198 185 140	1 643 108 108 118 133 139 220 160 167 239 151 100	1 793 157 163 173 163 138 257 161 167 188 127 99	2 294 164 173 170 171 221 315 186 181 240 260 213	1 793 59 79 102 145 137 185 167 274 308 203 134	-	
3 and 4 yeors	26 816 772 708 276 251 36.8	27 1 291 1 234 1 146 392 347 37.0	48 1 361 1 303 1 223 382 337 33.5	37 1 434 1 395 1 343 592 544 45.6	39 1 384 1 334 1 260 483 428 40.7	33 1 315 1 273 1 196 430 374 37.2	1 279 1 237 1 146 353 307 34.7	72 1 269 1 220 1 113 326 293 28.3	56 1 752 1 697 1 578 593 553 32.5	28 1 524 1 459 1 391 474 417 46.0	-	:::
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	1 910	2 977	3 174	3 211	3 114	3 105	3 123	3 432	4 121	3 410	351	3
Total persons In households	1 894 794 456 338 323 240 821 39 - 16 2.39 3.33	2 828 1 098 731 367 316 572 1 069 89 130 19 2.58 3.24	3 166 1 148 859 289 255 705 1 229 84 8 - 2.76 3.25	3 091 1 172 903 269 245 783 1 091 45 120 - 2.64 3.08	3 114 1 195 917 278 267 723 1 163 33  2.61 3.06	3 094 1 139 882 257 240 742 1 163 50 - 11 2.72 3.16	3 123 1 112 875 237 229 725 1 268 18  2.81 3.28	3 429 1 267 892 375 350 600 1 513 49 2 1 2.71 3.37	4 121 1 703 1 092 611 559 782 1 550 86  2.42 3.14	3 410 1 304 1 024 280 264 887 1 187 32  2.62 3.03	351	
Persons 65 years and over In households	348 348 279 193 190 40 26 3 -	459 407 267 130 128 77 56 7 49	432 432 283 135 134 84 58 7	727 614 396 160 154 138 72 8 113	551 551 352 157 154 127 68 4 -	534 529 343 145 138 113 65 8 - 5	395 395 252 110 108 77 63 3	368 366 259 129 128 69 37 1 2	721 721 534 335 330 135 49 3 —	605 605 391 155 154 149 64 1	-	:::
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN		70.	050	002	017	999	875	892	1 092	1 024		
Families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 yeors	<b>456</b> 245 493	<b>731</b> 346 672	<b>859</b> 423 775	<b>903</b> 362 702	<b>917</b> 420 719	<b>882</b> 411 730	453 842	521 1 104	585 1 104	371 654	Ξ	:::
Married-couple families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	240 116 263	<b>572</b> 269 534	<b>705</b> 362 670	<b>783</b> 318 634	<b>723</b> 327 571	<b>742</b> 361 649	<b>725</b> 379 704	600 333 716	<b>782</b> 377 731	88 <b>7</b> 327 580	Ξ	
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 years	193 121 216	139 75 136	128 56 97	<b>96</b> 40 61	1 <b>72</b> 89 144	110 47 77	128 68 125	243 173 355	<b>269</b> 195 354	113 39 66	=	:::
MARITAL STATUS												
Male, 15 years and over	643 241 262 36 40 64	1 097 357 613 30 38 59	1 148 345 738 15 16 34	1 166 276 804 11 35 40	1 104 276 744 14 38 32	1 131 264 773 26 39 29	1 093 273 753 16 28 23	1 171 394 629 44 36 68	1 329 358 802 37 60 72	1 346 347 912 12 37 38	349 226 112 3 - 8	
Female, 15 years and over  Single	828 231 256 48 184 109	1 308 380 613 48 195 72	1 384 342 737 47 188 70	1 464 308 809 15 277 55	1 409 270 746 47 254 92	1 338 265 767 25 222 59	1 309 252 755 42 199 61	1 300 301 619 85 183 112	1 787 416 810 94 325 142	1 553 312 917 24 235 65	- - - -	

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

				Remo	inder of Bristo	l County (pt.)					Plymor	oth County (p	ot.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Tract 6531	Troct 6532	Troct 6533	Tract 6541	Troct 6542	Tract 6551	Troct 6552	Troct 6553	Tract 6554	Troct 5401	Troct 5601	Troct 5611
AGE													
Total persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	7 058 537 689 770 654 393 1 442 936 642 534 301 160	7 372 405 484 631 664 537 1 073 911 907 976 511 273	9 066 426 547 735 1 409 938 1 122 1 018 911 998 562 400	7 528 399 479 594 630 433 1 096 862 821 942 756 516	5 053 295 402 495 461 334 773 732 539 578 292 152	3 651 150 188 309 368 274 444 410 482 490 321 215	3 244 170 226 308 361 221 412 430 402 349 256 109	4 586 279 270 319 355 333 678 458 494 613 429 358	3 696 205 233 238 287 284 536 340 398 447 367 361	4 233 241 252 314 355 342 666 424 493 563 389 194	5 931 363 470 592 559 337 976 789 609 567 425 244	5 597 307 403 564 520 330 827 774 616 569 449 238	3 932 237 265 363 368 209 528 501 469 477 326 189
3 ond 4 years	210 4 900 4 613 4 325 694 588 28.9	159 5 721 5 430 5 068 1 243 1 051 34.0	177 7 205 6 905 5 589 1 434 1 209 29.9	165 5 909 5 631 5 336 1 733 1 528 36.3	141 3 749 3 538 3 320 688 585 32.3	53 2 928 2 771 2 564 755 663 37.1	53 2 471 2 306 2 136 533 467 32.9	122 3 650 3 498 3 291 1 072 952 36.1	87 2 959 2 845 2 687 950 855 36.8	91 3 349 3 199 3 000 846 743 34.0	156 4 368 4 097 3 886 943 825 32.1	125 4 194 3 962 3 732 936 831 33.1	94 2 979 2 813 2 650 729 642 34.9
Female	3 493 249 314 371 318 192 748 434 330 286 156 95	3 702 170 232 306 298 251 551 473 471 511 269 170	4 706 220 254 361 762 460 592 502 470 524 312 249	3 932 183 220 301 287 212 560 453 413 522 425 356	2 557 151 211 223 219 162 402 371 262 318 149 89	1 887 78 95 150 164 119 226 219 254 241 197 144	1 620 82 103 137 171 112 213 232 194 176 139 61	2 388 131 130 162 161 154 349 225 260 318 260 238	1 983 96 106 114 143 134 273 168 221 238 225 265	2 175 120 117 155 160 169 342 215 246 313 213 125	3 028 190 230 297 259 173 523 391 297 301 216 151	2 870 145 196 278 238 157 428 419 303 310 232 164	2 006 93 139 172 177 104 269 249 241 252 181 109
3 ond 4 years 16 years ond over	100 2 478 2 344 2 206 370 319 29.3	61 2 934 2 816 2 638 683 579 36.0	93 3 790 3 646 2 931 802 688 30.7	72 3 150 3 030 2 901 1 050 946 38.9	74 1 930 1 822 1 716 368 309 33.0	21 1 526 1 463 1 365 459 413 39.8	27 1 264 1 176 1 103 284 249 34.3	62 1 931 1 856 1 777 649 595 39.0	37 1 634 1 579 1 503 614 563 41.5	49 1 743 1 672 1 588 489 424 36.2	90 2 253 2 114 2 019 514 457 32.4	55 2 192 2 084 1 975 529 481 34.7	31 1 561 1 474 1 404 404 360 36.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	7.050	T 070	0.044	7 500	. 0.0	0 (5)	2.044	4.504	2 (0)	4 000	r 021	E '507	2 020
Total persons   In households   Households   Formity householder   Nonformity householder   Living olone   Spouse   Other relotives   Immote of institution   Other, in group quorters   Persons per household   Persons per family	7 058 6 958 2 148 1 867 281 236 1 678 3 004 128 100 - 3.24 3.51	7 372 7 345 2 480 2 067 413 340 1 830 2 858 177 25 2 2.96 3.27	9 066 7 788 2 637 2 211 426 3 69 3 937 3 097 117 103 1 175 2.95 3.28	7 528 7 444 2 758 2 082 676 609 1 854 2 683 149 67 17 2.70 3.18	5 053 5 047 1 648 1 411 237 209 1 258 2 081 60 - 6 3.06 3.37	3 651 3 623 1 342 1 018 324 300 862 1 372 47 28 -	3 244 3 232 1 057 897 160 138 785 1 314 76 12 - 3.06 3.34	4 586 4 483 1 709 1 269 440 400 1 064 1 623 87 103 - 2.62 3.12	3 696 3 523 1 403 952 451 415 741 1 295 84 152 21 2.51 3.14	4 233 4 220 1 598 1 196 402 337 1 008 1 507 107 13 -	5 931 5 717 1 891 1 559 332 287 1 353 2 364 109 160 54 3.02 3.38	5 597 5 558 1 980 1 525 455 384 1 309 2 137 132 39 	3 932 3 921 1 417 1 095 322 294 926 1 504 74 11 
Persons 65 years and over In households	461 455 267 90 85 101 76 11	784 778 486 184 171 181 101 10 6	962 863 529 196 188 198 127 9 97	1 272 1 220 801 363 350 295 107 17 50 2	444 441 257 88 86 111 72 1 - 3	536 508 343 174 166 105 52 8 28	365 358 213 67 64 105 36 4 7	787 685 457 225 223 160 64 4 102	728 589 408 222 212 108 60 13 135 4	583 578 360 135 130 143 65 10	669 556 363 140 137 134 51 8 96	687 650 423 185 176 157 65 5 37	515 515 332 146 140 132 44 7
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	1 867	2 067	2 211	2 082	1 411	1 018	897	1 269	952	1 196	1 559	1 525	1 095
With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  Married-couple families  With own children under 18 years	1 122 2 249 1 678 1 026	987 1 843 1 830 891	1 098 2 050 1 937 981	945 1 809 1 854 845	755 1 456 <b>1 258</b> 670	457 836 <b>862</b> 391	441 866 <b>785</b> 384	565 1 020 <b>1 064</b> 468	425 786 <b>741</b> 325	530 990 1 008 438	853 1 676 1 353 732	818 1 567 1 309 690	539 1 052 926 450 885
Number of own children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years	2 086 148 80 135	1 687 176 80 129	1 836 212 94 177	1 629 179 86 155	1 297 120 74 143	733 123 59 95	761 94 52 98	871 158 85 133	611 175 89 158	821 148 76 147	1 452 163 105 190	1 347 177 116 202	885 135 77 145
MARITAL STATUS	133	127	1//	133	145	/5	76	103	150	1-7	170	202	140
Male, 15 years and over  Single  Now morried, except separated  Separated  Widowed  Divorced	2 503 615 1 719 39 47 83	2 858 791 1 872 36 73 86	3 487 1 266 2 003 40 76 102	2 828 727 1 904 41 66 90	1 889 468 1 295 22 43 61	1 440 420 880 27 50 63	1 242 346 801 28 24 43	1 <b>753</b> 472 1 099 33 84 65	1 353 385 776 47 66 79	1 643 436 1 045 31 38 93	2 195 597 1 400 33 60 105	2 072 557 1 340 41 51 83	1 465 388 949 24 40 64
Female, 15 years and over  Single  Now morried, except separated  Separated  Widowed  Divorced	2 559 497 1 715 45 209 93	2 994 643 1 872 32 312 135	3 871 1 312 1 998 63 372 126	3 228 627 1 905 44 494 158	1 972 388 1 294 27 176 87	1 564 305 881 38 270 70	1 298 288 805 29 116 60	1 965 329 1 108 49 366 113	1 667 392 770 42 361 102	1 783 365 1 030 46 240 102	2 311 469 1 402 36 262 142	2 251 465 1 339 57 259 131	1 602 310 945 34 207 106

## Table P-2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1980

	[For meoning of symbols, see Introd	luction. For definitions of terms, see	e oppendixes A ond 8]	The state of the s	
[400 or More White Persons and			Bristol County (pt.)		
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
AGE					
Tatal persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 75 years ond over	157 081 9 663 10 568 12 255 13 827 12 518 22 432 16 275 16 621 19 115 13 976 9 831	142 269 8 802 9 475 10 798 12 457 11 680 20 173 14 286 15 004 17 595 12 817 9 182	87 993 5 768 5 787 6 199 7 053 7 717 12 089 7 931 9 071 11 216 8 684 6 478	54 276 3 034 3 688 4 599 5 404 3 963 8 084 6 355 5 933 6 379 4 133 2 704	14 812 861 1 093 1 457 1 370 838 2 259 1 989 1 617 1 520 1 159 649
3 and 4 years	3 850 121 837 116 411 108 088 32 950 29 098	3 490 110 771 105 977 98 229 30 449 26 887	2 261 68 852 66 112 61 682 20 628 18 349 34.3	1 229 41 919 39 865 36 547 9 821 8 538 33.0	360 11 066 10 434 9 859 2 501 2 211 33.1
Female Under 5 years	82 779 4 635 5 167 6 008 6 765 6 269 11 557 8 435 8 718 10 497 8 048 6 680	75 190 4 224 4 627 5 294 6 126 5 852 10 370 7 397 7 914 9 680 7 438 6 268	47 337 2 784 2 885 3 066 3 504 3 938 6 195 4 187 4 870 6 290 5 122 4 496	27 853 1 440 1 742 2 228 2 622 1 914 4 175 3 210 3 044 3 390 2 316 1 772	7 589 411 540 714 639 417 1 187 1 038 804 817 610 412
3 ond 4 yeors 16 yeors ond over	1 854 65 596 62 987 58 880 19 814 17 735 36.0	1 683 59 823 57 529 53 682 18 417 16 477 36.3	1 102 37 893 36 552 34 336 12 716 11 448 37.7	581 21 930 20 977 19 346 5 701 5 029 34.5	171 5 773 5 458 5 198 1 397 1 258 34.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP					
Tatal persans In households	157 081 153 321 57 314 42 524 14 790 13 430 34 989 58 197 2 821 1 982 1 778 2.67 3.19	142 269 138 769 52 245 38 522 13 723 12 502 31 510 52 494 2 520 1 776 1 724 2.66 3.18	87 993 86 255 33 827 23 850 9 977 9 201 18 721 32 178 1 529 1 181 557 2.55 3.13	54 276 52 514 18 418 14 672 3 746 3 301 12 789 20 316 991 595 1 167 2 .85 3 .26	14 812 14 552 5 069 4 002 1 067 928 3 479 5 703 301 206 54 2.87 3.29
Persons 65 years and aver In households Householder Nonfomily householder Living olone Spouse Other relotives Nomelotives Innote of institution Other, in group quorters	23 807 22 279 14 878 7 160 6 972 4 745 2 378 278 1 444 84	21 999 20 619 13 801 6 705 6 533 4 332 2 224 262 1 313 67	15 162 14 228 9 734 4 978 4 874 2 839 1 479 176 878 56	6 837 6 391 4 067 1 727 1 659 1 493 745 86 435	1 808 1 660 1 077 455 439 413 154 16 131
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN					
FamiliesWith own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	<b>42 524</b> 20 400 38 441	38 522 18 278 34 332	23 850 11 118 20 736	14 672 7 160 13 596	4 002 2 122 4 109
Married-cauple families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	<b>34 890</b> 16 491 31 653	<b>31 426</b> 14 681 28 102	18 655 8 406 16 036	12 771 6 275 12 066	<b>3 464</b> 1 810 3 551
Female hausehalder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	<b>6 334</b> 3 571 6 240	<b>5 897</b> 3 294 5 746	<b>4 400</b> 2 534 4 413	1 <b>497</b> 760 1 <b>333</b>	<b>437</b> 277 494
MARITAL STATUS					
Male, 15 years and aver	57 626 16 072 36 129 1 123 1 895 2 407	52 149 14 615 32 571 1 039 1 753 2 171	31 637 8 875 19 429 709 1 196 1 428	20 512 5 740 13 142 330 557 743	5 477 1 457 3 558 84 142 1 236
Female, 15 years and aver  Single	66 969 14 618 36 117 1 873 10 268 4 093	61 045 13 438 32 544 1 758 9 567 3 738	38 602 8 436 19 406 1 353 6 693 2 714	22 443 5 002 13 138 405 2 874 1 024	5 924 1 180 3 573 115 701 355

## Table P-3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980

[Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			8ristal Caunty (pt.)		
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New 8edford city	Remainder	Plymauth County (pt.)
AGE					
Total persons	3 030 293 275 306 387 304 442 299 252 235 146 91	2 848 281 263 286 369 294 421 278 240 200 128 88	2 620 261 253 263 323 269 401 242 223 180 120 85	228 20 10 23 46 25 20 36 17 20 8 8	182 12 12 20 18 10 21 21 12 35 18
3 and 4 years	113 2 080 1 914 1 696 348 293 24.2	109 1 948 1 789 1 578 307 259 23.8	101 1 779 1 631 1 457 289 243	8 169 158 121 18 16 22.6	4 132 125 118 41 34
Female	1 567 144 137 147 212 156 223 169 139 125 68 47	1 486 140 130 136 207 154 215 156 134 107 62	1 374 126 124 125 183 148 205 138 124 98 60	112 14 6 11 24 6 10 18 10 9 2 2	81 4 7 11 5 2 8 13 5 18 6 2
3 and 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 62 years and over	58 1 094 1 013 890 178 146 24.6	57 1 036 957 836 158 131 24.3	52 959 886 781 151 125 24.4	5 77 71 55 7 6 20.5	1 58 56 54 20 15
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP					
Total persons In hausehalds	3 030 2 936 1 056 739 317 275 340 1 417 123 36 58 2.79 3.42	2 848 2 755 989 690 299 261 307 1 341 118 35 58 2.79 3.42	2 620 2 568 930 645 285 248 272 1 258 108 27 25 2.77 3.41	228 187 59 45 14 13 35 83 10 8 8 33 3.10 3.62	182 181 67 49 18 14 33 76 5 1 - 2.88 3.37
Persons 65 years and over In hauseholds	224 163 79 77 41 19 1	203 147 73 72 38 17 1	193 139 69 68 37 16 1 10 2	10 8 4 4 1 1	21 16 6 5 3 2 -
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies	739	690	645	<b>45</b> 30	49 19
With awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years Morried-cuple families With own children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	473 990 <b>387</b> 201 405	454 939 <b>350</b> 188 370	424 881 <b>310</b> 162 321	58 40 26 49	51 37 13 35
Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	313 253 546	<b>305</b> 249 534	<b>300</b> 245 525	5 4 9	8 4 12
MARITAL STATUS					
Mole, 15 years and over Single Naw married, except separated Separated Widowed Divarced	1 017 431 425 62 27 72	938 406 386 53 25 68	844 364 341 52 23 64	94 42 45 1 2	79 () 25 39 9 9 2 4
Female, 15 years and over  Single	1 139 458 363 99 93 126	1 080 447 329 97 86 121	999 409 292 94 84 120	81 38 37 3 2 1	59 11 34 2 7 5

Table P-4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980

(The above table(s) were omitted because there were na qualifying areas)

#### Table P-5. General Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980

[Excludes "Other Asion and Pocific Islander" groups identified in sample tobulations. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	Excludes When Asion one Found is	slonder'' groups identified in somple to	Bristol County (pt.)	see illifodociloli. Toi dellillillolis	of terms, see opportuives A ond b]
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
AGE  Totol persons	458 40 47 28 28 42 85 56 55 30 30	398 34 39 23 24 40 75 49 27 27 25	235 20 20 11 17 24 50 27 23 18 14	163 14 19 12 7 16 25 22 24 9	60 6 8 5 4 2 10 7 8 8 3
3 ond 4 yeors	19 339 326 307 59 53 30.3	17 298 289 270 51 45	8 181 176 162 33 30 29.6	9 117 113 108 18 15 32.1	2 41 37 37 8 8 8
Femole	240 23 25 12 13 20 40 33 27 20 15	208 21 21 8 10 19 37 28 22 18 14	127 13 10 4 7 114 25 17 11 12 7	81 8 11 4 3 5 12 11 11 6 7 3	32 2 4 4 3 1 3 5 5 2 1 1 2
3 and 4 yeors	10 179 173 162 37 33 33	9 157 154 143 33 29 32.0	5 100 99 90 20 19	4 57 55 53 13 10 34.2	1 22 19 19 4 4 27.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  Total persons	47 45 34 20 19	398 383 125 90 35 29 82 158 18 4 11 2.84 3.41 40 39 29 17	235 222 77 51 26 22 49 83 13 4 9 2.52 3.14 25 24 18	163 161 48 39 7 7 33 75 5 - 2 3.35 3.77	60 59 17 13 4 3 13 28 1 1 - 3.00 3.54 7 6 5 3
Spouse Other relatives Other relatives Other relatives Other relatives Other, in group quoriers Other, in group quoriers Other, in group quoriers Other Othe	4 5 2 2 -	4 5 1 1 -	51	39	13
With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors  Morried-couple fomilies With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors  Femole householder, no husband present	61 118 <b>76</b> 45 93 <b>20</b>	52 96 65 37 77	28 49 32 17 37	24 47 33 20 40	22 11 8 16
With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors  MARITAL STATUS  Mole, 15 years ond over  Single  Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Oivorced	54 93 1 5	11 17 <b>144</b> 49 82 1 5 7	10 12 84 30 47 - 4 3	60 19 35 1	-4 19 5 11 - - 3
Femole, 15 years and over Single Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Divorced	180 32 106 5 29 8	158 28 92 5 26 7	100 15 57 5 17 6	58 13 35 - 9 1	22 4 14 - 3 1

## Table P-6. General Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]  $\label{eq:condition}$ 

Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin			Bristol County (pt.)			New Bedford city, Bristol County
Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Tract 6526
AGE						
Tatal persons Under 5 yeors	5 206 606 584 521 554 436 828 534 412 367 240	5 082 605 579 507 535 429 811 519 400 347 228	4 497 565 533 462 462 385 719 442 328 304 199 98	585 40 46 45 73 44 92 77 77 72 43 29 29	124 1 5 14 19 7 17 15 12 20 12	559 69 77 71 58 46 95 53 43 26 17
3 ond 4 yeors	245 3 380 3 151 2 852 536 471 23.8	244 3 283 3 064 2 769 515 454 23.6	229 2 840 2 653 2 400 441 390 22.9	15 443 411 369 74 64 30.4	1 97 87 83 21 17	28 331 308 277 35 32 20.6
Female Under 5 years	2 652 286 277 256 277 227 421 287 214 212 120 75	2 595 286 274 247 266 224 415 278 210 205 115 75	2 318 266 256 223 239 208 368 238 177 177 103 63	277 20 18 24 27 16 47 40 33 28 12	57 	292 40 33 43 24 30 46 27 24 16
3 ond 4 yeors	110 1 778 1 661 1 510 289 252 25.1	110 1 736 1 625 1 478 282 246 25.0	102 1 524 1 428 1 295 244 216 24.3	8 212 197 183 38 30 33.2	42 36 32 7 6 30.5	16 171 163 149 16 15
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	5 206	5 082	4 497	585	124	559
Total persons In households Householder Formily householder Living alone Spouse Other relatives Nonrelatives Inmate of institution Other, in group quarters Persons per household	5 150 1 544 1 278 266 239 879 2 609 118 21 35	5 026 1 499 1 237 262 236 855 2 560 112 21 35 3.29	4 455 1 320 1 085 235 213 735 2 312 88 20 22 3.32	571 179 152 27 23 120 248 24 1 133	124 45 41 3 24 49 6 - - 2.87	558 158 133 25 21 82 301 17 - 1 3.46
Persons per fomily  Persons 65 years and aver In householdes	3.69  364 361 226 87 86 65 64 6 3	3.71 350 347 217 87 86 60 64 6 3	3.75 297 294 184 78 78 50 55 5	3.41 53 53 33 39 8 10 9	3.00 14 14 9 - - 5 - -	3.83 21 21 15 6 6 3 3
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Families	1 278	1 237	1 085	152	41	133
With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	853 1 914	835 1 881	754 1 723	81 158	18 33	101 239
Married-cauple families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	912 569 1 182	<b>879</b> 557 1 161	<b>741</b> 482 1 017	1 <b>38</b> 75 144	33 12 21	83 58 126
Female hauseholder, na husband present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	<b>324</b> 264 685	<b>319</b> 259 674	<b>309</b> 254 660	10 5 14	<b>5</b> 5 11	<b>40</b> 37 93
MARITAL STATUS						
Male, 15 years and over	1 662 531 977 49 37 68	1 603 516 943 46 36 62	1 364 438 805 36 30 55	239 78 138 10 6 7	59 15 34 3 1 6	166 63 86 5 5
Female, 15 years and aver	1 833 471 924 124 165 149	1 788 456 901 122 164 145	1 573 399 774 119 143 138	215 57 127 3 21 7	45 15 23 2 1 4	176 42 84 20 9 21

Table P-7. Race and Spanish Origin: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Bris	tal Caunty (pt	1.)				New	Bedford city,	Bristal Count	у		-
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Tatal	New Bed- ford city	Remainder	Plymauth Caunty (pt.)	Tract 6501.01	Tract 6501.02	Troct 6502.01	Tract 6502.02	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506
RACE											•		
Totol persons	169 425 157 081 3 030 341 336	153 965 142 269 2 848 331 326 1	98 478 87 993 2 620 269 265	55 487 54 276 228 62 61	15 460 14 812 182 10 10	4 249 4 162 12 3 3	3 885 3 429 86 11 11	2 614 2 595 3 1	2 424 2 360 21 1	3 429 3 403 5 1	4 233 4 150 20 1	3 389 3 350 1 1	3 133 3 095 8 - -
Asian and Pacific Islander¹ Japanese Chinese Filipino Karean Asian Indian Vietnamese Hawaiian	458 55 178 40 79 82 9	398 49 158 38 70 59 9	235 30 83 33 40 30 9 8	163 19 75 5 30 29 -	60 6 20 2 9 23 -	5 -2 1 1 1 	15 10 1 - 3 -	9 3 3 3 3 3		1	17 13 - - 3 - 1	10 5 . 4 . 1 	1 1
Guamanian Samaan Other	8 515	8 119	7 361	758	396	67	344	- 6	42	19	- 45	27	29
Persons of Spanish origin  Mexican  Perto Rican  Cuban  Other Spanish	5 206 165 2 177 62 2 802	5 082 151 2 164 60 2 707	4 497 125 2 099 43 2 230	585 26 65 17 477	124 14 13 2 95	<b>40</b> - 8 - 32	250 3 195 - 52	<b>46</b> 2 - - 44	60 2 26 - 32	77 1 8 - 68	137 6 18 1	66 2 12 -	86 6 25 - 55
Persons of Sponish origin	5 206 2 927 119 2 160	5 082 2 865 110 2 107	<b>4 497</b> 2 394 104 1 999	<b>585</b> 471 6 108	124 62 9 53	40 27 - 13	250 110 4 136	<b>46</b> 46 — —	60 39 - 21	<b>77</b> 70 - 7	137 123 - 14	66 55 - 11	86 80 - 6
					N	lew Bedfard c	ity, Brist <b>o</b> l Co	unty—Can.					
Census Tracts	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510.01	Tract 6510.02	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Troct 6517	Tract 6518
RACE													
Total persons	2 598 2 512 24 5 5	3 677 3 598 10 7 7	2 922 2 472 177 6 6	2 519 2 223 65 12 12	3 687 3 162 250 18 18	4 387 4 112 71 7 7	1 998 1 820 12 6 6	2 422 2 113 90 12 12	3 485 2 868 166 42 41	3 165 2 157 376 21 21	4 350 3 578 300 25 25	2 496 1 436 337 17 17	1 485 1 216 94 14 14
Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander¹ Japanese Chinese Filipina Karean Asian Indian Vietnamese	2 - 1 1 1 -	- 4 - - 2 2	6 2 3 - 1	4 1 2 1 -	11 - 3 4 - 3	20 5 - 11 4	10 - - 8 2	3 1 1 - 1	4 - 3 - - -	21 3 2 7 - - 9	15 1 6 5 - 2	11 1 2 2 4 1	12 - 5 - 6 1
Hawaiian Guamanian Samaan Other	- - - 55	- - - 58	- - 261	215	1 - 246	- - 177	150	- - 204	1 _ 405	- - 590	432	1 - 695	149
SPANISH ORIGIN <sup>2</sup>										•••		•••	
Persons of Sponish origin	124 7 55 - 62	116 6 43 4 63	244 1 192 1 50	43 3 20 3 17	62 5 28 - 29	180 8 124 1 47	184 - 124 5 55	97 6 55 - 36	97 6 48 1 42	178 6 101 - 71	137 8 52 12 65	194 5 137 3 49	39 - 19 - 20
Persons of Spanish origin	124 84 1 39	116 88 2 26	244 111 9 124	43 18 3 22	62 52 - 10	97 3 80	184 81 - 103	97 48 1 48	97 38 7 52	178 68 17 93	137 77 2 58	194 58 9 127	39 22 1 16

'Excludes ''Other Asian and Pacific Islander'' groups identified in sample tabulations.

\*Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table P-7. Race and Spanish Origin: 1980—Con.

[Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

New Bedfard city, Bristal Caunty—Can.

Census Tracts							,	,					
Ceusos iracis	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Trac 652	t 1 4 6	Tract 525	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6529
RACE													
Total persons	1 910	2 977	3 174	3 211	3 114	3 10:	5 3	123	3 432	4 121	3 410	351	3
White	707 147	2 311 87	3 174 2 955 47	3 100	2 922 24	3 02:	2 2	943	2 718	3 818 40	3 368	315 16	3
American Indian, Eskima, and Aleut	13	4	5	1	6	': :		1	17	2 2 2	i	10	Ξ
American IndianEskima	13	4	5	1 _	6		7	1 _	14	2	1	1 -	_
AleutAsian and Pacific Islander¹	-	11	- 3	- 6	12		<b>-</b> 3	-	3 9	-	-	- 9	-
Japanese	-	i	1	_	4			Ξ	_	Ξ		1	Ξ
ChineseFiliping	_	8	ī	4	6		- 3	_	5 -	_	_	7	_
KareanAsian Indian	-	<u>-</u>	-	<del>-</del> 2	1		-	-	4	-	-	i	-
Vietnamese	_	_	Ŧ	-	_			_	_	Ξ	_	-	_
Hawaiian	-	_	1 -	_	_		_	_	_	_	ī	Ξ	Ξ
Samaan	1 043	_ 564	164	- 85	150	6	-	168	600	_ 261	39	10	-
Other	1 043	304	104	65	130	0	'	100	800	201	37	10	_
SPANISH ORIGIN <sup>2</sup>													
Persons of Spanish origin	188	227	72	56	143	120		258	559	339	57	13	-
MexicanPuerta Rican	130	96	5 2	3	37	16		6 24	313	9 182	3 3	2 3	_
CubanOther Spanish	4 54	124	- 65	- 52	105	10	- R	2 226	2 240	2 146	2 49	- 8	_
												_	
Persons of Spanish origin	188 56	<b>227</b> 103	<b>72</b> 54	56 44	143 81	121 8:		<b>258</b> 133	<b>559</b> 252	<b>339</b> 153	<b>57</b> 37	13 4	_
BlackOther races	4 128	9 115	18	2 10	1 61	3		125	8 299	15 171	20	1 8	
VIIII 1003	120							123		171	20		
				Remain	ler af Bristal (	Caunty (pt.)					Plym	nauth Caunty (	pt.)
Census Tracts												_	
	Tract 6171	Tract 6531	Tract 6532	Tract 6533	Tract 6541	Tract 6542	Tract 6551	Tract 6552	Tract 6553	Tract 6554	Tract 5401	Tract 5601	Tract 5611
RACE													
Total persons	7 058	7 372	9 066	7 528	5 053	3 651	3 244	4 586	3 696	4 233	5 931	5 597	3 932
White	6 887 28	7 240 21	8 745 70	7 402 33	5 000	3 626 8	3 090 30	4 533 10	3 588 4	4 165 18	5 889 10	5 450 31	3 473 141
BlackAmerican Indian, Eskima, and Aleut	25 25	2 2	9	3 2	5	3	2 2	9	1	3	5 5	3 3	2 2
American IndianEskima	-	-	-	í	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	_
AleutAsian and Pacific Islander¹	_ 15	31	45	24	- 6	Ξ	- 6	- 8	21	7	21	25	14
Japanese	4	4 18	6 20	2 3	3	-	3	-	21	- 6	1 8	3 12	2
ChineseFiliping	i	-	2	_	=	_	-	2	-	- 1	-	1	1
Karean Asian Indian	4 2	2 7	15 2	2 12	2	Ξ	1 2	3	Ξ	1	3 9	3 6	3
Vietnamese	Ξ	_	-	; <del>-</del>	Ė	_	Ξ	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaiian	_	Ξ	_	4	_	-	-	Ξ	=	_	_	_	=
Samaan	103	- 78	197	66	36	14	116	26	82	40	- 6	- 88	302
	100	,,	,,,	00	00		110						
SPANISH ORIGIN <sup>2</sup>													
Persons of Spanish origin	56	65 4	134	93 2	<b>30</b> 5	<b>29</b> 3	41	<b>55</b> 5	49	33	<b>30</b> 8	<b>31</b> 3	<b>63</b>
MexicanPuerta Rican	9	8	9	16	1	1	5	1	4	11	2	1	10
Cuban Other Spanish	47	53	123	5 70	8 16	1 24	3 32	49	41	22	20	27	2 48
		65	134	93	30	29	41	55	49	33	30		
				4.1	3U	ZY	41	35	49	33	30	31	<b>63</b> 10
Persons of Spanish origin	<b>56</b> 40	54	107	71	28	26	34	49	37	25	30	31 22	10
	56 40 - 16	54 _ 11	107 5 22	71 	28 - 2	26 - 3	34 - 7	49 - 6	37 1 11	25 - 8	30	22 4 5	5 48

<sup>2</sup>Persans of Spanish arigin may be af any race.

Table P-8. Ancestry of Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		8ris	tol Caunty (p	t.)				New	Bedford city,	Bristal Caunt	у		
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Tatal	New 8ed- fard city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Tract 6501.02	Tract 6502.01	Tract 6502.02	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506
Total persons Single ancestry group Dutch English French Germon Greek Hungarian Irish	169 425 113 308 95 14 015 13 791 1 293 607 39 5 842 2 106	153 965 105 477 74 11 284 13 131 1 088 575 39 4 772 1 634	98 478 72 231 13 5 967 8 587 622 405 11 2 900 859	55 487 33 246 61 5 317 4 544 466 170 28 1 872 775	15 460 7 831 21 2 731 660 205 32 - 1 070 472	4 249 2 804 - 316 775 24 - 51 91	3 885 2 477 - 265 404 14 31 - 98 40	2 555 1 902 	2 483 1 734 - 129 281 26 6 - 12	3 429 2 480 	4 233 3 391 	3 389 2 510 - 141 457 31 - 87 35	3 197 2 759 - 77 194 5 5 - 60 27
Narwegion Polish Portuguese Russian Scottish Swedish Ukroinion Other	476 4 452 52 459 442 505 396 86 16 704	426 4 138 51 538 420 367 224 81 15 686 35 789	79 2 581 37 462 125 173 98 36 12 313	347 1 557 14 076 295 194 126 45 3 373	50 314 921 22 138 172 5 1 018	176 954 - - - 417	89 971 7 19 539	14 192 712 - 4 6 - 193	184 905 - - - 174	31 111 961 - 7 - 355	82 2 126 - - - 336	241 1 318 - 7 - 193	104 2 189 - 7 - 91
Multiple ancestry groupAncestry not specifiedNot reported	14 111 9 666	35 789 12 699 8 719	7 788 5 590	17 330 4 911 3 129	6 217 1 412 947	436 352	280 182	130 124	538 211 144	728 221 129	628 214 175	620 259 203	305 133 102
Selected multiple ancestry graups:	17 282 16 720 4 600 13 451 2 669 4 125	14 096 14 864 3 405 10 943 2 212 3 696	6 698 7 884 1 662 5 350 905 1 694	7 398 6 980 1 743 5 593 1 307 2 002	3 186 1 856 1 195 2 508 457 429	352 595 132 202 31 113	478 529 61 323 78 150	243 218 20 215 - 77	138 354 35 97 12 48	326 272 60 183 75 73	170 273 95 145 54 61	234 326 29 191 69 90	93 154 - 49 19 92
Census Tracts					N	ew 8edford ci	ty, Bristol Co	unty—Can.					
Census Tracis	Troct 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510.01	Tract 6510.02	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518
Total persons   Single ancestry group   Dutch   English   French   German   Greek   Hungarian   Irish   Iris	2 534 2 014 - 162 407 35 42	3 677 2 779 - 150 579 13 46 - 99 20	2 922 2 065 169 372 19 18 - 555 39	2 382 1 664 	3 824 2 505 - 306 247 17 11 - 160 71	4 387 2 950 - 347 533 46 57 - 257 45	2 000 1 710 - 95 149 - 12 - 16 12	2 420 1 587 - 202 177 22 16 - 128 37	3 485 2 420 - 340 349 40 - - 232 26	3 165 1 838 - 204 64 33 10 - 192 39	4 366 2 767 - 383 160 21 65 - 208 68	2 480 1 808 5 212 123 25 	1 481 1 219 
Norwegian	73 1 102 - - - 6 175	114 1 544 7 - - 207	100 789 - 9 - 495	68 623 - - 6 - 495	57 969 - 13 5 -	104 1 060 - 30 9 5 457	1 202 - - - - 183	10 53 559 - - - - - 383	9 38 694 - - 6 - 686	20 533 3 9 - 731	5 70 989 6 12 7 - 773	30 328 9 - 7 - 964	85 313 - 17 - 285
Multiple oncestry graup Ancestry not specified Not reported	447 73 60	569 329 240	623 234 167	481 237 201	1 026 293 208	938 499 382	204 86 71	524 309 222	835 230 140	1 052 275 139	1 262 337 200	476 196 99	176 86 69
Selected multiple ancestry graups: English and ather graup(s)	149 185 5 123 7 65	179 327 64 163 29 16	136 348 65 160 39 40	155 218 40 132 19	501 333 70 313 40 46	412 473 83 279 61 43	72 116 28 27 - 8	192 290 66 46 36 36	288 336 78 353 12 37	482 476 74 410 22 60	436 326 96 410 86 93	214 144 145 138 9	71 28 20 63 - 23

Table P-8. Ancestry of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Ooto ore estimotes based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					New	8edford	city, Bristol (	County—Con					
Census Traçts	Troct 6519	Troct 6520	Troct 6521	Troct 6522	Tract 6523		Troct 6524	Troct 6525	Troct 6526	Troct 6527	Troct 6528	Troct 6528.99	Troct 6529
Total personsSingle oncestry group	1 623	<b>2 977</b> 2 233	3 174 2 462	<b>3 211</b> 1 896	3 114 2 552	<b>3</b> 2	<b>105</b> 753	3 123 2 807	<b>3 432</b> 2 824	<b>4 121</b> 3 130	3 414 2 387	<b>350</b> 181	-
Outch	36 23	87 75 5	8 272 130 18	108 112 68	107 94		71 17 6	32 84	132 114 45	394 249 12	406 243 16	15 8 30	-
Greek Hungarion Irish	20	- - 54	7 6 174	- 5 131	- 31		26 22	- - 53	- - 21	- 70	12 92	- - 36	-
trolion	- - 7	10 - 22	12 - 58	40 _ 141	19 _ 17		=	19	15 _ 50	12 	6 4 152	17 6	
Portuguese Russian Scottish	463	1 291 5 -	1 484 31 24	1 056 45 7	2 178	2	Ξ	2 467	1 816	2 047 7 10	1 341	5 12 12	= = =
SwedishUkroinion	1 069	7 - 677	238	11 172	106		6 132	152	631	- 8 219	115	13 6 21	-
Multiple oncestry groupAncestry not specifiedNot reported	116	388 356 265	496 216 154	836 479 239	381 181 143		179 173 142	135 181 149	297 311 260	563 428 349	804 223 113	113 56 51	-
Selected multiple oncestry groups: English and other group(s) French and other group(s) Germon and other group(s) Irish and other group(s) trolion and other group(s) Polish and other group(s)	33 13 21	96 122 8 110 10 36	124 148 50 165 33 76	304 278 123 402 54 50	105 121 19 110 17		54 59 9 51 7 26	6 93 8 - 21 10	80 145 29 41 7 18	205 220 34 167 31 36	263 331 69 221 7 155	55 13 34 40 11 15	-
				Remoin	der of Bristol	County (p	ot.)				Plym	nouth County (p	ot.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Troct 6531	Troct 6532	Troct 6533	Troct 6541	Troct 6542	Troct 6551	Troct 6552	Troct 6553	Troct 6554	Troct 5401	Tract 5601	Troct 5611
Total persons	3 752 	7 372 4 485 11 735 540 67 39 5 175 93	9 066 5 809 5 581 217 46 52 - 372 96	7 528 4 194 - 936 208 72 7 23 356 75	5 053 2 990 	3 651 2 534 	-	4 586 2 702 6 487 466 56 12 -	2 383 26 521 323 40 24 - 75	4 233 2 506 527 276 61 4 235 42	5 931 2 889 9 1 010 364 67 14 	5 687 2 834 7 867 221 70 5	3 842 2 108 5 854 75 68 13 - 231
Norwegian	8 222 1 177 10 22 5 8 417	24 332 1 886 75 - 45 6 452	36 144 3 598 124 28 - 17 493	21 38 2 036 56 23 28 -	18 235 823 6 7 - 6 361	36 211 879 - 7 - 8 307	9 82 918 - 10 18 - 240	43 120 1 126 12 42 8 -	81 893 5 25 5	126 92 740 7 30 17 -	161 216 - 71 81 5 288	50 121 530 22 38 40 - 254	32 175 - 29 51 - 476
Aultiple oncestry group	634	2 132 755 441	2 303 954 668	2 360 974 726	1 781 282 175	954 163 86	1 088 265 137	1 472 412 268	186	1 441 286 194	2 526 516 406	2 372 481 274	1 319 415 267
elected multiple oncestry groups: English and other group(s) French and other group(s) Germon and other group(s) Irish and other group(s) Italian and other group(s) Polish and other group(s)	1 192 311 914 314	843 816 214 781 138 360	825 739 328 730 291 289	1 336 760 160 881 256 172	625 901 187 605 44 225	431 453 165 185 78 171	422 370 40 303 97 140	663 716 179 313 6	475 49 363 40	738 558 110 518 43 81	1 174 851 441 1 082 281 253	1 239 752 452 929 80 113	773 253 302 497 96 63

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Ooto ore esti		tol County (p		on. For meoni	ng or symbols	, see introduc		Bedford city,			В	
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New Bed- ford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Troct 6501.02	Troct 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Troct	Tract	Troct 6505	Troct 6506
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH	THE SMISA	10101	lord city	Kemonider	(μι.)	0501.01	6301.02	8302.01	0302.02	6503	6504	6303	6306
Notive	169 425 140 762 123 339 15 674 1 749 28 663	153 965 125 818 111 154 12 962 1 702 28 147	98 478 75 026 66 135 7 420 1 471 23 452	55 487 50 792 45 019 5 542 231 4 695	15 460 14 944 12 185 2 712 47 516	4 249 3 773 3 435 320 18 476	3 885 3 522 2 971 491 60 363	2 555 2 250 1 957 293 - 305	2 483 2 036 1 806 176 54 447	3 429 2 934 2 791 115 28 495	4 233 2 779 2 442 322 15 1 454	3 389 2 541 2 315 210 16 848	3 197 1 771 1 655 105 11 1 426
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Persons 5 to 17 years	34 465	30 750	19 072	11 678	3 715	822	1 109	393	436	541	733	.530	547
Speok o language other than English ot home  Percent who speok English not well or not ot all  Persons 18 years and over	7 495 9.6 <b>124 143</b>	7 339 9.7 <b>113 305</b>	6 399 10.5 <b>72 603</b>	940 4.1 <b>40 702</b>	156 7.1 <b>10 838</b>	64 - 3 219	190 - 2 422	16 - 2 026	159 11.3 <b>1 950</b>	139 5.8 <b>2 734</b>	393 26.5 <b>3 157</b>	187 4.3 <b>2 635</b>	354 15.8 2 364
Speak o language other than English at home Percent who speak English not well or not at all	40 548 25.1	39 715 25.5	30 798 29.8	8 917 10.6	833 4.2	1 158 9.3	560 24.3	710 9.4	798 17.2	1 095 16.5	1 742 30.3	1 372 24.7	1 568 41.0
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL  Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	42 470	38 008	22 404	15 604	4 462	1 031	1 321	546	551	685	828	652	593
Nursery school Privote	1 426 545 2 338 337 20 816 2 208 10 990 1 045 6 900	1 240 405 2 184 332 18 538 2 156 9 682 828 6 364	832 179 1 473 220 11 557 1 477 5 472 512 3 070	408 226 711 112 6 981 679 4 210 316 3 294	186 140 154 5 2 278 52 1 308 217 536	27 -48 26 457 132 312 22 187	38 7 55 - 743 126 346 30 139	28 14 34 24 244 80 136 39 104	29 10 255 38 172 15 95	12 5 50 4 338 71 170 38 115	37 7 43 8 441 76 174 60	11 - 40 11 307 47 180 11	- 67 8 290 6 151 - 85
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED  Persons 25 years old ond over	104 513	94 940	60 676	34 264	9 573	2 847	2 006	1 728	1 709	2 333	2 567	2 220	1 892
Elementory: 0 to 4 yeors	11 005 14 843 12 232 16 042 29 601 10 218 10 572 48.2	10 946 14 520 11 656 14 820 26 419 8 333 8 246 45.3	9 419 10 628 7 856 9 674 15 138 4 204 3 757 38.1	1 527 3 892 3 800 5 146 11 281 4 129 4 489 58.1	59 323 576 1 222 3 182 1 885 2 326 77.2	118 425 365 397 985 327 230 54.2	112 261 189 249 798 145 252 59.6	60 185 280 469 481 137 116 42.5	197 272 175 370 482 111 102 40.7	222 392 342 445 639 134 159 39.9	609 578 374 375 435 115 81 24.6	361 469 302 390 463 120 115 31.4	587 423 208 253 270 68 83 22.3
FERTILITY													
Women 35 to 44 years Children ever born Per 1,000 women	9 201 23 818 2 589	8 122 21 125 2 601	4 830 12 887 2 668	3 292 8 238 2 502	1 079 2 693 2 496	268 682 2 545	<b>282</b> 774 2 <b>7</b> 45	93 198 2 129	321 2 261	149 382 2 564	171 400 2 339	156 412 2 641	161 432 2 683
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years and over	158 368	143 801	91 417	52 384	14 567	3 991	3 483	2 421	2 382	3 244	3 942	3 144	2 940
Some house  Oifferent house in United States  Centrol city of this SMSA  Remoinder of this SMSA  Outside this SMSA  Different SMSA  Not in an SMSA  Abrood	98 398 55 944 31 666 10 667 13 611 10 061 3 550 4 026	89 557 50 218 31 173 8 720 10 325 7 921 2 404 4 026	54 542 32 974 25 142 2 441 5 391 3 951 1 440 3 901	35 015 17 244 6 031 6 279 4 934 3 970 964 125	8 841 5 726 493 1 947 3 286 2 140 1 146	2 876 1 054 852 153 49 24 25 61	1 950 1 462 1 169 68 225 138 87 71	1 838 556 474 29 53 53 -	1 7B6 513 485 15 13 13 -	2 141 1 095 931 53 111 33 78 8	2 401 1 174 893 191 90 78 .12 367	3 144 2 102 887 650 74 163 108 55 155	1 636 1 125 982 14 129 119 10 179
JOURNEY TO WORK						1 000	1 500		1 100	1 400		1 425	1 450
Workers 16 years and over Private vehicle: Orive olone Carpool Public tronsportotion Bus or streetcar Subway, elevated troin, or roilroad Wolked only Other means Worked ot home	70 786 45 572 15 467 2 080 1 826 31 5 957 848 862	64 138 40 515 14 461 1 987 1 749 31 5 687 740 748	39 444 22 254 10 276 1 674 1 453 25 4 448 485 307	24 694 18 261 4 185 313 296 6 1 239 255 441	6 648 5 057 1 006 93 77 - 270 108 114	1 958 1 355 467 26 26  90 15 5	1 590 1 111 382 42 42 	1 192 B37 285 21 12 - 35 - 14	1 122 738 300 24 24 - 55 - 5	1 499 953 361 66 60 - 86 11 22	1 911 893 583 42 42 - 381 12 -	1 435 807 450 11 11 	1 459 711 446 52 45 - 233 7 10
Persons per privote vehicle minutes_	1.17 17.9	1.18 17.5	1.22	1.11	1.10	1.17 18.7	1.17 16.1	1.17 18.3	1.20	1.17	1.30 15.5	1.27	1.31
Worked in SMSA of residence	54 862 4 193 37 198 1 206 5 983 3 149 877 679 646 931 10 609 1 776 713 838 457 529	51 178 3 932 35 986 1 115 5 832 2 953 801 221 117 221 8 318 1 735 693 744 312 407	32 577 26 328 332 2 203 828 101 101 11 16 3 842 456 249 327 171 206	18 601 1 275 9 658 783 3 629 2 125 700 120 106 205 4 476 1 279 244 417 141 141 201	3 684 261 1 212 91 151 196 76 458 529 710 2 291 41 20 94 145 20 94	1 776 99 1 479 - 73 108 17 228 40 11 23 15	1 299 117 1 045 38 85 - 14 - - 200 48 9 - 16 28	995 111 741 16 66 29 10 22 - 155 24 22 29 - 13	937 97 750 26 64 - - - 124 35 11 - 15 30	1 112 115 890 27 36 44 - - - 117 10 - 24 -	1 770 39 1 553 25 128 25 - - 166 23 - 13	1 057 67 926 11 16 37 - - 131 - 11	1 152 22 1 05B 14 22 36 - - - 138 14 35 - -
Boston city Remainder of Boston, Mass. SMSA Tountron city Middleborough town Woreham town Bornstable County Worked elsewhere Ploce of work not reported	747 1 033 857 559 476 346 2 278 4 793	532 731 607 259 265 274 1 759 4 404	308 417 359 155 114 130 950 3 161	224 314 248 104 151 144 809 1 243	215 302 250 300 211 72 519 389	56 - 9 7 - 56 76	21 32 16 - - 30 110	12 - 11 - 11 - 44 102	33 - - - - 59	- 25 42 - 16 178	28 28 7 - 37 30 91	15 15 23 - 13 - 43 126	38 - 15 - 23 13 94

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

NATIVITY AND PIACE OF BIETH
Company   Comp
Section   Sect
Prince S In 17 years   19   19   19   19   19   19   19   1
Seyeke konyageg either floor Biglish orthorne
Special programme (a)   Special programme (before)   Special programme (
Private 3 years allow over evoluted in abobal   September   Sept
Priorite
Remettings   1
\$16 7 years
Venical String to 44 years
Children ever born
Persons 5 years and over
Description   Control of the SMSA   Section   Control of the
Workers 16 years and over         922         1 514         870         960         1 320         1 753         833         768         1 305         1 187         1 656         803         45           rivote vehicle: Drive alone         372         775         451         690         750         1 027         344         349         815         715         1 019         354         22           Carpoal         240         358         266         227         428         432         217         232         240         275         410         202         6           ublic transportation         31         60         73         4         63         83         35         50         84         89         115         57         3           8us or streetcor         31         53         66         4         53         50         35         38         70         83         77         57         2           Subwoy, elevoted train, or roilrood         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -
rivote vehicle: Drive alone
forked in SMSA of residence
New Bedford city—central business district     57     51     34     24     208     143     55     102     131     179     136     96     7       Remainder of New Bedford city     539     1 091     614     585     843     1 197     524     551     701     770     998     474     22       Acushnet town     14     31     10     12     9     11     10     -     -     12     -     -
Oortmouth town     26     63     17     92     97     100     14     27     103     184     248     81     32       For crown town     7     -     29     9     22     47     13     13     36     23     57     -     3       Free town town     18     -     -     -     12     -     -     9     -     -     -     -       Lokeville town     16     -     -     33     -     -     -     16     -       Morrison town     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -
Mottapoisett town
Boston city   -   13

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					New Bedfard city, Bristal County—Can.							
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6529
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH												
Total persons	1 914 1 241 1 154 64 23 673	2 977 1 895 1 643 143 109 1 082	3 174 2 185 1 905 270 10 989	3 211 2 760 2 364 353 43 451	3 114 2 174 2 069 82 23 940	3 105 1 543 1 388 92 63 1 562	3 123 1 302 1 193 91 18 1 821	3 432 1 988 1 662 200 126 1 444	4 121 2 692 2 342 238 112 1 429	3 414 2 702 2 496 190 16 712	350 350 102 248 —	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH												:
Persons 5 to 17 yeors Speak a language ather than English at home Percent wha speak English nat well ar nat at all	<b>423</b> 112 4.5	<b>532</b> 299 6.7	<b>597</b> 249 8.4	<b>568</b> 51 –	<b>546</b> 276 2.2	<b>548</b> 362 13.5	<b>642</b> 538 7.1	<b>802</b> 417 12.0	<b>789</b> 449 29.0	<b>541</b> 143 —	. 4 . –	-
Persons 18 years ond over Speak a language ather than English at hame Percent wha speak English nat well or nat at all	<b>1 369</b> 745 30.1	2 285 1 203 32.6	2 326 1 048 44.3	2 465 538 21.4	2 376 1 261 37.1	2 338 1 700 42.1	2 217 1 787 49.6	2 279 1 460 44.7	<b>2 979</b> 1 552 47.2	2 751 860 25.6	<b>338</b> 31 –	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL					/02			0-0				
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	473 11 8 42 9 245 - 132 - 43	634 12 	769 10 10 35  349 43 201 26 174	628 26 16 42  326 38 178 28 56	631 30 13 20 6 339 26 179 22 63	568 14 	647 13 5 52 - 335 32 192 12 55	879 25  85 5 448 6 237  84	930 55 21 61 - 555 38 184 5	738 34 4 43 6 294 28 239 24 128	-	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED			1 000	0.007	1 000	1 000	3 050		0.400	0.001	101	
Persons 25 yeors old and over  Elementary: 0 to 4 years	1 135 245 258 206 177 166 55 28 21.9	1 898 474 238 282 193 426 121 164 37.5	1 928 472 176 190 223 424 194 249 45.0	2 237 139 192 208 320 708 317 353 61.6	1 988 466 446 275 277 376 92 56 26.4	1 983 648 541 190 211 252 109 32 19.8	1 852 863 334 174 222 191 27 41 14.0	1 855 665 409 171 249 275 61 25 19.5	2 408 546 527 334 337 459 149 56 27.6	2 321 233 291 288 458 713 201 137 45.3	121 - - 15 61 34 11 87.6	
FERTILITY												
Women 35 to 44 years Children ever born Per 1,000 wamen	112 292 2 607	131 246 1 878	1 <b>52</b> 458 3 013	147 332 2 259	142 395 2 782	146 357 2 445	162 363 2 241	193 606 3 140	195 604 3 097	168 377 2 244	=	-
RESIDENCE IN 1975												
Persons 5 years and over Same hause	1 753 1 216 474 393 11 70 28 42 63	2 769 1 247 1 335 1 130 46 159 107 52 187	2 911 1 800 967 679 82 206 131 75 144	3 012 2 179 823 525 125 173 95 78 10	2 947 1 794 955 786 97 72 72 72 198	2 912 1 884 803 601 12 190 145 45 225	2 904 1 663 818 635 91 92 92 - 423	3 133 1 883 1 067 825 14 228 193 35 183	3 770 1 576 1 813 1 512 107 194 181 13 381	3 319 2 439 684 563 50 71 54 17	351 22 329 - 329 284 45 -	-
JOURNEY TO WORK												
Workers 16 years and over	595 213 156 110 78 - 109 7	1 255 654 381 78 68 10 104 30 8	1 367 730 286 60 57 - 251 15 25	1 331 917 240 18 18 - 122 5 29	1 240 680 395 59 59 - 95 11	1 251 646 467 26 26 - 107 5	1 362 625 432 45 45 - 248 12	1 115 437 348 61 61 - 262 7	1 525 785 279 70 65 - 329 56 6	1 559 1 087 310 80 73 - 62 8	350 191 115 - - - 44 - -	
Persans per private vehicle minutes	1.36 16.8	1.28 16.6	1.20 17.9	1.14 16.9	1.27 18.3	1.35 13.9	1.32 14.9	1.36 14.1	1.19 16.2	1.13 19.9	1.28 24.7	_
Warked in SMSA of residence  New Bedford city—central business district  Remainder of New Bedford city  Acushnet tawn  Oartmauth tawn  Freithown town  Lakeville tawn  Marion town  Marion town  Marked outside SMSA of residence  Fall River city  Remainder of Fall River, Mass.—R.I. SMSA  Pravidence—Warwick—Powtucket, R.I.—Mass. SMSA  Brocktan city  Remainder of Brackton, Mass. SMSA  Bastan city  Remainder of Brackton, Mass. SMSA  Brainder of Brackton, Mass. SMSA  Bastan city  Remainder of Bastan, Mass. SMSA  Bastan city  Middlebaraugh tawn  Barnstable Caunty  Wareham tawn  Barnstable Caunty  Wareham tawn  Bernstable Caunty	415 64 339 - 12 - - - 52 14 - - 19 19 19	1 108 73 946 37 34 18 - - - 131 32 33 16 - - 12 12 14 - - 12 12	1 077 92 835 - 91 30 15 14 - 154 15 - 19 32 22 - 10 48 35	1 157 118 902  122 15  175  29 13  56 14 13  10 40 30	1 107 83 930 	964 26 894 - - 44 - - - 101 - 9 10 - - - - 10 10 - - 7 0 10 - 7 7 7 7 7	1 196 14 1 137	886 12 804 64 6 - 71 14 - - 33 - 24 123	1 351 57 1 200 	1 164 163 785 29 146 41 		

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Canada Tracks				Remo	inder of Bristo	l County (pt.)					Plymo	oth County (p	ot.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Tract 6531	Troct 6532	Troct 6533	Tract 6541	Troct 6542	Tract 6551	Tract 6552	Tract 6553	Troct 6554	Tract 5401	Tract 5601	Troct 5611
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH													
Total persons Nofive  Born in Stote of residence Born in different Stote Born obrood, ot seo, etc. Foreign born	7 058 6 806 6 007 764 35 252	7 372 6 852 6 216 619 17 520	9 066 7 753 6 666 1 057 30 1 313	7 528 6 744 5 636 1 057 51 784	5 053 4 630 4 306 314 10 423	3 651 3 335 3 065 248 22 316	3 244 3 068 2 848 206 14 176	4 586 4 269 3 797 455 17 317	3 696 3 351 2 939 407 5 345	4 233 3 984 3 539 415 30 249	5 931 5 770 5 044 698 28 161	5 687 5 494 4 404 1 090  193	3 842 3 680 2 737 924 19 162
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH													
Persons 5 to 17 yeors Speok a language other than English at home Percent who speok English not well or not ot oll	1 863 67 20.9	1 557 142 -	1 739 292 4.8	1 516 157 3.2	1 263 80 -	<b>739</b> 33 –	<b>740</b> 53 11.3	<b>788</b> 36	670 36 -	803 44 -	1 494 34 14.7	1 290 36 16.7	<b>931</b> 86 -
Persons 18 years and over Speok o language ather than English ot home Percent who speak English not well or not ot all	<b>4 658</b> 677 7.5	5 410 1 050 6.7	6 <b>901</b> 2 371 15.2	<b>5 613</b> 1 190 13.8	3 495 825 5.8	2 762 807 9.7	2 334 386 3.6	3 519 622 7.2	2 821 640 10.9	3 189 349 12.9	<b>4 074</b> 242 2.9	<b>4 071</b> 379 6.1	2 693 212 2.4
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL  Persans 3 years ald and over enrolled in school  Nursery school	2 119 47	1 980 44	<b>3 271</b> 58	1 932 49	1 483 92	928 11	<b>903</b> 25	1 <b>097</b> 46	<b>854</b> 12	1 037 24	1 <b>692</b> 90	<b>1 687</b> 70	1 083 26
Privote	38 123 19 1 176 35 543	28 111 20 896 104 568	58 75 - 1 113 93 583	38 104 6 887 59 536	35 75 25 707 159 452	13 - 438 66 330	12 50 - 397 63 344	59 11 495 5	12 51 17 387 60 252	5 50 14 485 35 291	64 75 5 885 12 489	58 48 - 781 6 505	18 31 - 612 34 314
PrivoteCollege	13 230	41 361	25 1 442	103 356	59 157	34 136	87	186	41 152	187	17 153	113 283	100
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED   Persons 25 years old and over	4 015 99 280 335	<b>4 651</b> 150 449 528	5 011 464 750 681	4 993 253 472 468	3 066 100 323 346	2 362 95 387 375	1 958 114 135 224	3 030 102 433 364	2 449 88 312 254	2 729 62 351 225	3 610 21 152 261	3 497 19 112 159	2 466 19 59 156
High school: 1 to 3 yeors	617 1 498 643 543 66.8	638 1 560 584 742 62.1	724 1 176 541 675 47.7	453 1 323 717 1 307 67.0	516 1 170 321 290 58.1	466 795 154 90 44.0	379 762 210 134 56.5	558 1 074 282 217 51.9	374 945 254 222 58.0	421 978 423 269 61.2	506 1 359 736 575 74.0	472 1 058 674 1 003 78.2	244 765 475 748 80.6
FERTILITY													
Women 35 to 44 yeors Children ever born Per 1,000 women	1 019 2 348	473 1 064 2 249	502 1 375 2 739	453 1 091 2 408	371 986 2 658	219 551 2 516	232 578 2 491	225 590 2 622	168 488 2 905	215 496 2 307	391 1 092 2 793	386 969 2 510	302 632 2 093
Persons 5 years and over	6 503	6 989	8 651	7 132	4 763	3 471	3 059	4 297	3 477	4 042	5 608	5 359	3 600
Some house	3 971 2 532 551 708 1 273 1 013 260	5 179 1 800 826 512 462 357 105	5 915 2 704 969 609 1 126 932 194 32	4 068 3 031 987 1 121 923 871 52 33	3 080 1 683 864 453 366 245 121	2 592 844 294 436 114 104 10 35	2 120 939 263 579 97 97	3 008 1 289 501 651 137 100 37	2 285 1 192 369 594 229 161 68	2 797 1 230 407 616 207 90 117	3 253 2 355 180 725 1 450 819 631	3 386 1 973 204 762 1 007 851 156	2 202 1 398 109 460 829 470 359
JOURNEY TO WORK													
Workers 16 years and over	3 123 2 431 516 31 31 	3 328 2 627 481 16 11 - 98 40	4 071 2 683 682 77 77 - 459 41	3 362 2 585 513 43 43 - 122 58	2 460 1 849 457 45 45  38 7	1 677 1 142 322 22 16 - 173 5	1 395 1 075 227 11 11 - 48 12	2 012 1 459 424 33 33 - 70 13	1 414 1 022 217 13 13  129 21	1 852 1 388 346 22 16 6 33 35	2 499 1 952 365 32 32 - 76 23	2 589 2 030 410 - - - 68 52 29	1 560 1 075 231 61 45 - 126 33
Vorked at home	1.11	1,10	1.13	1,10	1.12	13 1.14	1.11	13 1.14	1.10	1.13	1.10	1.10 19.6	1.11 23.9
Vorked in SMSA of residence	22.3 1 700 99 803 56 57 45 538 71	18.4 2 327 250 1 334 21 600 34 25 10 28	17.5 3 243 182 1 701 22 1 198 140	20.9 2 652 179 1 079 76 1 292 26	19.4 2 011 94 1 306 242 128 119 61 26 11	15.1 1 313 28 864 230 42 80 34 - 11 24	16.1 1 121 90 540 38 57 362 - - 34	15.6 1 614 154 771 24 101 494 32 13 13	16.5  1 189     79 640 24     74 343     -     15 14	18.8 1 431 120 620 50 80 482 10 - 28	24.5 868 9 271 32 9 24 76 447 —	2 047 203 789 59 97 143 - 77 679	769 49 152 - 45 29 - 11 452
orked outside SMSA of residence Foll River city Remoinder of Foll River, Mass.—R.1. SMSA Providence—Warwick—Powtucket, R.I.—Mass. SMSA Brockton city Remoinder of Brockton, Mass. SMSA Boston city.— Remainder of Boston, Moss. SMSA Tounton city Middleborough town.— Worehom town.—	1 483 580 118 110 55 49 37 141 131 68	793 260 197 72 22 40 10 27 -	588 168 57 63 23 - 30 48 43 13	527 113 39 75 - 26 65 36 12 -	240 40 - 26 - 25 22 12 12 12 34	105 13 21 - 10 - - 11 13	118 32 - 12 - 13 13 - - 12	205 26 12 10 10 42 37 22 -	153 28 - 26 - 9 10 15 18 - 13	264 19 - 23 31 - - - 32 29	1 365 - 20 13 115 109 122 291 209 288 16	538 28  45 30 13 26  41 12 38 26	31 388 13 
8omstoble County Worked elsewhere ace of work not reported	194 154	12 153 117	31 97 206	149 159	26 31 88	37 119	36 61	23 162	21 13 63	54 76 114	10 172 121	26 279 144	36 68 124

### Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple; see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	8ristol County (pt.)  Plymouth  Plymouth												
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New 8ed- ford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Troct 6501.02	Tract 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Troct 6503	Troct 6504	Troct 6505	Troct 6506
LABOR FORCE STATUS													
Porsons 16 years and over Labar farce Percent of persons 16 years and over Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	79 100 60.7 78 583 72 435	118 804 71 760 60.4 71 261 65 619 5 642 7.9	76 050 44 891 59.0 44 455 40 440 4 015 9.0	42 754 26 869 62.8 26 806 25 179 1 627 6.1	11 534 7 340 63.6 7 322 6 816 506 6.9	3 417 2 122 62.1 2 122 1 964 158 7.4	2 586 1 769 68.4 1 761 1 619 142 8.1	2 077 1 315 63.3 1 315 1 227 88 6.7	2 034 1 278 62.8 1 270 1 169 101 8.0	2 830 1 661 58.7 1 652 1 521 131 7.9	3 267 2 139 65.5 2 139 2 003 136 6.4	2 728 1 607 58.9 1 607 1 454 153 9.5	2 468 1 608 65.2 1 608 1 498 110 6.8
Femole, 16 years and over Lobor force Percent of femole, 16 years and over Civilian lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force With own children under 6 years In lobor force Married, husband present In lobor force Civilian persons 16 to 19 years	49.6 34 830 32 472 2 358 6.8 9 730 4 917 37 409 20 008	64 191 31 832 49.6 31 817 29 627 2 190 6.9 8 903 4 565 33 791 18 112 10 906	41 845 20 500 49.0 20 485 18 827 1 658 8.1 6 098 3 125 20 717 11 210 6 505	22 346 11 332 50.7 11 332 10 800 532 4.7 2 805 1 440 13 074 6 902 4 401	6 012 3 013 50.1 3 013 2 845 168 5.6 827 352 3 618 1 896 1 085	1 805 933 51.7 933 879 54 5.8 144 61 1 134 600	1 412 811 57.4 811 765 46 5.7 248 104 707 496	1 084 596 55.0 596 565 31 5.2 100 62 624 317	1 070 577 53.9 577 536 41 7.1 100 61 613 361	1 550 726 46.8 726 694 32 4.4 171 66 847 377	1 775 976 55.0 976 924 52 5.3 318 232 1 047 645	1 465 714 48.7 714 652 62 8.7 204 110 826 418	1 300 736 56.6 736 680 56 7.6 263 171 759 482
Not enrolled in school. Not high school groduote	2 331	3 596 2 239 1 273 323 643	2 702 1 833 1 060 254 519	894 406 213 69 124	221 92 32 27 33	58 31 14 17 -	83 42 18 4 20	23 5 - - 5	54 24 18 6 -	43 5 - - 5	133 88 40 32 16	64 36 14 6 16	143 93 81 - 12
Employed persons 16 years and over  Manageriol and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and manageriol occupations Professional specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations Technicions and related support occupations Soles occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations Private household occupations Protective service occupations Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, croft, and repoir occupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	72 435 12 924 5 407 7 517 17 845 1 570 5 826 10 449 9 857 309 1 510 8 938 1 654 8 957 21 198 14 981 2 941 3 276	65 619 10 534 4 406 6 128 16 092 1 355 5 253 9 484 8 999 256 1 355 7 388 1 476 8 134 20 384 14 617 2 607 3 160	40 440 5 204 2 231 2 973 9 158 686 2 953 5 519 5 440 155 791 4 494 4 621 15 113 11 264 1 659 2 190	25 179 5 330 2 175 3 155 6 934 669 2 300 3 965 3 559 101 564 2 894 2 894 2 894 3 572 3 513 5 271 3 353 948	6 816 2 390 1 001 1 389 1 753 215 573 965 858 53 155 650 178 823 814 364 316	1 964 284 284 200 625 60 259 306 299 6 56 237 116 263 477 349 58	1 619 303 157 146 476 37 134 305 246 12 16 218 40 160 394 288 41 65	1 227 206 111 95 378 28 127 223 124 - 40 84 36 168 315 207 45 63	1 169 165 51 114 367 19 93 255 137 - 62 75 5 142 353 249 57 47	1 521 224 121 103 339 21 104 214 184 13 17 154 26 160 588 439 34	2 003 151 68 83 351 18 115 218 232 12 52 168 14 269 986 766 69 151	1 454 216 131 85 330 12 118 200 138 - 19 119 117 156 597 476 38 83	1 498 75 13 62 206 11 102 93 115 - 115 5 207 890 640 107 143
Monufocturing Wholesole ond retoil trode Professionol ond reloted services	26 783 13 080 13 810	25 377 11 995 11 793	18 264 6 579 6 318	7 113 5 416 5 475	1 406 1 085 2 017	692 431 331	562 258 323	452 274 161	501 217 185	699 265 211	1 165 231 192	769 263 152	924 222 112
CLASS OF WORKER  Privote wage and solory workers Government workers Locol government workers Self-employed workers	56 931 11 901 7 222 3 370	52 107 10 424 6 320 2 880	32 986 6 168 3 898 1 169	19 121 4 256 2 422 1 711	4 824 1 477 902 490	1 553 300 170 101	1 304 262 188 45	1 058 123 77 46	855 251 173 63	1 229 242 152 50	1 759 210 133 34	1 215 159 101 80	1 379 96 71 23
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979					- 04								
Persons 16 yeors and over, in labor force in 1979  Percent of persons 16 yeors ond over  40 or more weeks  Usually worked 35 or more hours per week  Usually worked 35 or more hours per week  With unemployment in 1979  Percent of those in lobor force in 1979  Unemployed 15 or more weeks  Meon weeks of unemployment	84 337 64.7 82 861 62 151 51 021 50 004 42 061 16 508 19.6 6 549 15.5	76 391 64.3 75 027 56 341 46 255 45 276 38 068 15 231 19.9 5 960 15.4	47 496 62.5 46 482 35 000 29 117 27 944 23 817 10 022 21.1 3 895 15.3	28 895 67.6 28 545 21 341 17 138 17 332 14 251 5 209 18.0 2 065 15.5	7 946 68.9 7 834 5 810 4 766 4 728 3 993 1 277 16.1 589 17.0	2 194 64.2 2 163 1 792 1 481 1 532 1 302 353 16.1 136 15.8	1 877 72.6 1 824 1 364 1 108 1 096 928 431 23.0 188 17.3	1 342 64.6 1 319 1 094 909 964 824 176 13.1 82 19.2	1 381 67.9 1 365 1 088 833 839 665 274 19.8 85	1 853 65.5 1 803 1 352 1 105 1 135 946 390 21.0 183 17.2	2 135 65.4 2 113 1 623 1 422 1 321 1 180 409 19.2 181 15.4	1 711 62.7 1 707 1 283 1 092 1 029 890 342 20.0 102	1 676 67.9 1 643 1 325 1 111 1 020 894 355 21.2 94 12.2
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS  Male, 16 to 64 years	50 442	45 744	28 130	17 614	4 698	1 342	1 066	837	761	1 007	1 232	1 050	1 034
With o work disobility  Not in lobor force  Prevented from working	4 770 2 645 2 292	4 411 2 466 2 151	2 999 1 753 1 535	1 412 713 616	359 179 141	105 66 66	102 29 22	107 71 71	77 36 36	80 42 42	79 45 32	99 52 38	135 88 77
Femole, 16 to 64 yeors  With o work disobility  Not in labor force	54 822 4 863 3 710 3 083	49 871 4 596 3 521 2 943	31 723 3 471 2 701 2 301	18 148 1 125 820 642	4 951 267 189 140	1 406 118 96 83	1 278 105 81 65	872 82 58 58	810 87 77 52	1 121 122 88 57	1 359 159 128 115	1 082 123 107 81	1 047 66 48 35
Persons 16 to 64 years With o public transportation disability With o work disability	105 264 2 005 1 865	<b>95 615</b> 1 807 1 688	<b>59 853</b> 1 219 1 152	35 762 588 536	<b>9 649</b> 198 177	2 748 38 38	2 344 25 14	1 709 41 41	1 571 19 19	2 128 61 61	<b>2 591</b> 106 99	<b>2 132</b> 46 39	2 081 47 31
Persons 65 yeors ond over With a public transportation disability	<b>23 192</b> 3 056	<b>21 449</b> 2 908	14 995 2 092	<b>6 454</b> 816	1 743 148	<b>550</b> 84	<b>242</b> 39	<b>348</b> 55	<b>463</b> 43	<b>702</b> 61	<b>676</b> 163	<b>596</b> 51	<b>387</b> 64
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979  No workers	7 233	6 797	5 050	1 747	436	182	131	130	125	168	208	173	140
Meon family income  1 worker Meon fomily income  2 workers Meon family income  3 or more workers Meon fomily income Meon fomily income	\$8 188 13 724 \$16 009 18 668 \$21 714 6 246 \$29 965	\$7 764 12 299 \$15 373 16 774 \$21 130 5 736 \$29 571	\$7 199 7 828 \$13 784 10 150 \$19 693 3 551 \$28 182	\$9 398 4 471 \$18 155 6 624 \$23 331 2 185 \$31 828	\$14 798 1 425 \$21 495 1 894 \$26 890 510 \$34 392	\$7 788 305 \$18 599 508 \$23 483 216 \$32 468	\$5 508 263 \$12 366 477 \$22 033 168 \$29 893	\$11 700 219 \$22 324 276 \$24 890 127 \$30 720	\$6 572 164 \$15 150 358 \$21 746 116 \$29 046	\$8 020 292 \$15 355 400 \$20 600 117 \$28 594	\$7 202 316 \$12 142 554 \$17 363 134 \$31 836	\$7 726 297 \$12 207 416 \$18 175 120 \$25 915	\$6 115 185 \$10 643 405 \$17 655 128 \$22 975

## Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Communication Transfer					1	New Bedfard	city, Bristal C	aunty—Can.					
Census Tracts	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510.01	Tract 6510.02	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518
LABOR FORCE STATUS													
Persons 16 years and over Labar farce Percent of persons 16 years and over Civilian labar farce Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labar force	1 881 1 067 56.7 1 067 948 119 11.2	2 818 1 750 62.1 1 750 1 626 124 7.1	2 101 1 031 49.1 1 031 929 102 9.9	1 966 1 049 53.4 1 044 982 62 5.9	2 884 1 474 51.1 1 474 1 358 116 7.9	3 252 1 985 61.0 1 985 1 817 168 8.5	1 457 944 64.8 937 856 81 8.6	1 826 988 54.1 988 793 195 19.7	2 735 1 560 57.0 1 553 1 343 210 13.5	2 328 1 415 60.8 1 415 1 246 169 11.9	3 204 1 947 60.8 1 929 1 746 183 9.5	1 942 951 49.0 939 811 128 13.6	1 406 487 34.6 487 443 44 9.0
Femole, 16 years and over Labar force Percent of femole, 16 years and over Civilian labar force Emplayed Unemplayed Percent of civilian labar force With own children under 6 years In labar force Married, husband present In labar force Givilian persons 16 to 19 years	1 012 468 46.2 468 439 29 6.2 161 75 434 230	1 576 803 51.0 803 759 44 5.5 331 195 821 429	1 248 491 39.3 491 442 49 10.0 186 60 452 220	1 136 512 45.1 507 493 14 2.8 71 22 523 246	1 660 750 45.2 750 696 54 7.2 267 116 818 342	1 806 895 49.6 895 832 63 7.0 324 166 877 451	782 409 52.3 409 387 22 5.4 182 92 366 223	1 035 463 44.7 463 369 94 20.3 149 31 269	1 571 751 47.8 751 664 87 11.6 262 139 655 352	1 343 692 51.5 692 584 108 15.6 242 122 557 342	1 739 925 53.2 915 848 67 7.3 264 114 840 446	1 135 429 37.8 429 366 63 14.7 138 55 325	811 181 22.3 181 154 27 14.9 15 - 168 32
Nat enralled in schaal Nat high schaal graduate Employed Unemplayed Nat in labar farce	104 85 44 14 27	134 107 107 - -	106 74 27 7 40	45 20 20 - -	91 55 14 7 34	151 93 66 6	178 112 102 74 5 23	75 60 30 17	90 67 - 33 34	194 74 47 22 8 17	363 107 80 21 21 38	141 66 45 5 7 33	45 12 7 7 - -
Employed persons 16 years and over  Managerial and prafessional specialty accupations Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations Prafessional specialty accupations Prafessional specialty accupations Technical, sales, and administrative support accupations Technicans and related support accupations Sales occupations Administrative support accupations, including derical	948 50 36 14 207 34 49 124	1 626 122 83 39 286 14 119 153	929 62 12 50 291 24 93 174	982 158 72 86 312 7 116 189	1 358 293 130 163 407 23 173 211	1 817 165 77 88 428 18 157 253	856 48 35 13 85 - 21 64	793 158 61 97 155 - 77 78	1 343 200 72 128 318 28 68 222	1 246 95 28 67 293 41 68 184	1 746 327 113 214 447 83 132 232	811 138 49 89 216 16 24 176	443 90 27 63 112 5 33 74
Service accupations Private hausehold accupations Pratective service accupations Service accupations, except pratective and hausehold Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision praduction, craft, and repair accupations Operators, fobricators, and labarers Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving accupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and labarers	155 - 13 142 13 100 423 323 36 64	161 - 27 134 19 178 860 684 76 100	117 11 95 30 164 265 190 32 43	147 8 18 121 50 82 233 192 16 25	213 - 40 173 22 116 307 235 50 22	357 5 40 312 216 651 439 137 75	88 - 6 82 30 106 499 384 43 72	120 - 13 107 14 125 221 144 18 59	205 6 12 187 34 125 461 298 94 69	269 12 28 229 17 146 426 291 54	315 6 48 261 11 221 425 324 42 59	165 7 26 132 90 202 137 36 29	92 
Manufacturing	526 113 101	994 245 154	399 210 110	326 219 221	414 309 331	766 335 333	520 96 73	224 156 184	483 209 257	455 147 187	538 387 430	278 91 211	91 83 107
CLASS OF WORKER													
Private wage and solary warkers Government warkers Lacal government warkers \$eff-emplayed warkers	822 80 39 41	1 419 168 105 39	763 137 86 17	739 190 95 46	953 338 243 54	1 514 263 164 34	784 62 49 10	597 123 91 66	1 055 245 148 39	920 308 218 18	1 337 396 260 13	640 159 63 12	272 142 59 20
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979													
Persons 16 years and over, in lobor force in 1979  Percent of persons 16 years and over  Worked in 1979  40 or mare weeks  Usually worked 35 or mare hours per week  50 to 52 weeks  Usually worked 35 or mare hours per week  With unemployment in 1979  Percent of those in lobor force in 1979  Unemplayed 15 or mare weeks  Mean weeks of unemployment	59.1 1 064 771 702 592 549 242 21.8 94 14.9	1 705 60.5 1 660 1 281 1 122 952 836 386 22.6 129 15.7	1 142 54.4 1 127 753 646 591 519 213 18.7 101 15.0	1 136 57.8 1 128 887 690 752 598 191 16.8 73 15.4	1 673 58.0 1 611 1 265 985 1 042 841 319 19.1 119	2 118 65.1 2 057 1 551 1 278 1 261 1 061 492 23.2 201 16.8	998 68.5 979 728 652 566 519 237 23.7 81	1 100 60.2 1 029 723 545 540 414 390 35.5 158 19.1	1 696 62.0 1 653 1 166 1 011 925 784 427 25.2 192 17.6	1 437 61.7 1 391 976 729 774 610 307 21.4 166 20.8	2 074 64.7 2 049 1 503 1 129 1 141 909 427 20.6 164 16.1	1 072 55.2 1 038 727 606 573 491 302 28.2 130	487 34.6 455 329 238 285 213 117 24.0 69 19.2
ASABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS  Mole, 16 to 64 years	724	1 016	694	669	915	1 230	595	631	972	824	1 216	604	374
Vith a wark disability Nat in labor farce Prevented fram warking	79 37 37	109 66 51	77 65 60	148 123 113	82 51 44	136 61 56	52 29 22	82 33 33	121 78 70	81 55 47	140 54 54	93 64 44	73 58 45
Femole, 16 to 64 years	<b>785</b> 76 65 59	1 185 142 102 95	<b>961</b> 110 92 84	<b>774</b> 75 61 61	1 260 103 103 78	1 459 160 155 137	649 92 92 73	728 138 95 68	1 129 102 80 69	1 054 163 101 68	1 385 92 45 36	836 157 138 132	274 68 49 49
Persons 16 to 64 years fith a public transpartation disability With a wark disability	1 509 20 14	<b>2 201</b> 71 71	1 655 31 31	1 443 38 38	2 175 33 27	2 689 61 61	1 244 50 50	1 359 17 17	2 101 15 15	1 878 35 35	2 601 20 20	1 440 43 38	648 30 30
Persons 65 years and over	<b>372</b> 64	<b>617</b> 41	<b>446</b> 55	<b>435</b> 74	<b>600</b> 88	<b>563</b> 104	<b>213</b> 57	<b>262</b> 49	<b>410</b> 50	<b>450</b> 92	<b>594</b> 112	<b>422</b> 43	676 155
VORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979  la workers Meon family incame worker Mean family incame workers Meon family incame or mare workers Meon family incame or mare workers Meon family incame	151 \$6 462 185 \$8 860 176 \$15 731 100 \$23 017	236 \$5 219 360 \$10 681 385 \$17 066 77 \$25 718	227 \$6 819 277 \$10 877 236 \$18 153 82 \$24 456	\$6 314 184 \$17 661 216 \$23 327 101 \$33 549	\$10 129 464 \$17 011 326 \$21 147 94 \$24 264	250 \$7 434 368 \$10 863 403 \$16 819 165 \$25 573	\$5 607 142 \$10 799 210 \$16 934 79 \$26 004	\$5 802 164 \$14 826 168 \$14 531 58 \$30 379	97 \$7 542 324 \$12 970 344 \$19 370 97 \$28 149	169 \$6 046 305 \$10 959 272 \$17 706 99 \$27 446	\$8 874 371 \$14 005 429 \$19 447 172 \$26 664	\$5 055 193 \$12 732 152 \$21 884 58 \$27 969	\$115 \$7 790 74 \$15 184 53 \$26 744 13 \$13 940

#### Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oato ore estimates based on a sample; see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Odfo ore estin						ristal County—					
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525	Troct 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6529
LABOR FORCE STATUS												
Persons 16 years and over Labar farce Percent of persons 16 years and aver Civilian labor farce Emplayed Unemplayed Percent of civilian labar farce  Female, 16 years and over Labar force Percent of female, 16 years and over Civilian labar force Emplayed Unemplayed Percent of civilian labar farce With own children under 6 years	84 11.8 862 344 39.9 344 323 21 6.1 127	2 388 1 481 62.0 1 481 1 308 173 11.7 1 293 743 57.5 743 668 75 10.1	2 483 1 561 62.9 1 556 1 432 124 8.0 1 364 730 53.5 730 675 55 7.5	2 588 1 441 55.7 1 441 1 373 68 4.7 1 436 624 43.5 624 596 28 4.5	2 462 1 438 58.4 1 438 1 294 1144 10.0 1 381 640 46.3 640 552 88 13.8	2 434 1 464 60.1 1 464 1 310 154 10.5 1 327 648 48.8 66 10.2 226	2 368 1 519 64.1 1 519 1 407 112 7.4 1 282 752 58.7 752 696 56 7.4	2 391 1 331 55.7 1 324 1 169 155 11.7 275 574 45.0 574 498 76 13.2 273	3 076 1 747 56.8 1 747 1 572 175 10.0 1 792 816 45.5 816 748 68 8.3 310	2 842 1 700 59.8 1 700 1 594 106 6.2 1 518 791 52.1 791 761 30 3.8 97	350 350 100.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-
In labar force Married, husband present In labar farce	51 259 111	112 616 463	166 699 425	66 783 372	105 795 429	130 831 452	137 759 519	131 597 270	128 769 424	45 947 456	- -	_
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years  Not enralled in schaal	178 90 75 33 10 32	221 102 59 45 4 10	240 64 44 39 5	178 52 44 27 10 7	200 84 30 11 - 19	193 94 77 58 - 19	252 92 81 55 5 21	259 142 121 84 13 24	227 148 108 74 11 23	218 66 28 12 6 10	-	- - - -
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES	420	1 308	1 422	1 272	1 294	1 210	1 407	1 1/0	1 570	1 504		
Employed persons 16 years and over  Managerial and prafessianal specialty occupations  Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations  Prafessional specialty occupations  Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations  Technicans and related support occupations  Soles occupations  Administrative support occupations, including clerical  Service occupations  Private household occupations  Prafective service accupations  Service occupations, except protective and household  Farming, farestry, and fishing accupations  Precision praduction, craft, and repair accupations  Operators, fabricators, and laborers  Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors  Transpartation and material maving accupations  Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	628 75 27 48 115 86 110 - 7 103 16 45 267 192 266 49	182 50 132 252 27 76 149 145 26 21 98 24 100 605 464 63 78	1 432 325 105 220 258 17 58 183 174 8 21 145 46 148 481 340 27	1 373 367 202 165 400 37 179 184 127 - 15 112 25 207 247 224 18	1294 56 59 324 22 135 167 158 11 36 111 35 100 562 416 83 63	1 310 58 7 51 155 7 47 101 183 - 27 156 39 160 715 568 78 69	1 407 57 27 30 135 3 55 77 120 - 11 109 70 180 845 709 35	1 169 79 31 48 130 - 34 96 141 6 11 124 40 134 645 469 81	1 572 125 60 65 263 20 62 181 207 27 180 111 157 709 501 96	1 594 291 135 156 497 46 104 347 196 51 139 93 155 362 280 40 42	,	
Manufocturing Wholesale and retail trade Prafessianal and related services	307 53 153	635 200 187	569 144 368	498 257 295	649 200 170	818 157 143	978 164 71	700 155 130	740 209 188	592 279 247	Ξ	-
CLASS OF WORKER  Private wage and salary warkers Gavernment workers Lacal gavernment workers Self-employed warkers	507 116 70 5	1 069 184 95 55	1 123 223 137 65	1 089 202 140 82	1 066 208 161 13	1 155 138 100 17	1 304 90 65 13	1 005 146 80 18	1 258 282 161 24	1 243 325 204 26	=	-
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979										,		
Persons 16 years and over, in labar force in 1979  Percent of persons 16 years and aver  Warked in 1979  40 ar mare weeks  Usually warked 35 ar mare hours per week  50 to 52 weeks  Usually warked 35 ar mare hours per week  With unemplayment in 1979  Percent of those in labar farce in 1979  Unemplayed 15 ar mare weeks  Mean weeks af unemplayment	774 53.0 746 485 411 396 367 244 31.5 90 13.1	1 528 64.0 1 484 1 157 993 945 810 318 20.8 116 14.4	1 666 67.1 1 634 1 152 967 852 750 386 23.2 152 14.3	1 545 59.7 1 539 1 212 1 015 972 843 233 15.1 100 14.5	1 486 60.4 1 471 1 209 955 990 782 226 15.2 70 14.1	1 496 61.5 1 464 1 102 982 876 811 334 22.3 97 12.8	1 566 66.1 1 548 1 169 1 085 862 814 288 18.4 67 10.6	1 482 62.0 1 413 913 837 705 655 428 28.9 213 18.0	1 871 60.8 1 846 1 348 1 124 1 053 906 383 20.5 136 13.0	1 822 64.1 1 818 1 433 1 127 1 160 915 323 17.7 100 14.0	341 97.4 341 239 227 203 191 79 23.2 26 11.9	
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS												
Male, 16 to 64 years  With a wark disability  Nat in labar force  Prevented fram warking	<b>452</b> 90 52 52	872 86 50 40	976 75 36 25	<b>893</b> 77 51 42	879 100 49 42	898 52 32 32	950 62 43 43	975 186 130 98	1 <b>036</b> 78 44 38	1 <b>056</b> 112 63 63	350 24 - -	=
Female, 16 to 64 years With a wark disability Nat in labar farce Prevented fram warking	<b>656</b> 136 89 89	<b>961</b> 66 60 60	1 063 88 50 37	<b>968</b> 97 57 50	1 <b>032</b> 86 79 62	1 <b>002</b> 114 74 74	1 030 114 105 94	1 049 170 140 125	1 <b>327</b> 173 116 85	1 181 87 70 70	-	=
Persons 16 to 64 years With a public transpartation disability With a wark disability	1 108 59 59	1 <b>833</b> 32 32	2 039 34 34	1 <b>861</b> 11 11	1 911 12 12	1 <b>900</b> 36 32	1 980 57 57	<b>2 024</b> 47 47	2 363 45 45	2 237 34 34	<b>350</b> 5 -	-
Persons 65 years and over With a public transpartation disability	<b>353</b> 54	<b>414</b> 83	<b>432</b> 80	<b>614</b> 47	<b>551</b> 71	<b>534</b> 34	<b>388</b> 38	<b>367</b> 24	<b>713</b> 46	<b>605</b> 71	=	= 1
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979  Na warkers	115	110	122	168	202	154	130	188	260	184		
Mean family incame  1 warker  Mean family incame  2 warkers  Mean family incame  3 ar mar ewarkers  Mean family incame  Mean family incame	\$4 868 172 \$11 349 107 \$16 883 69 \$27 268	\$7 700 175 \$11 316 359 \$20 875 91 \$30 096	\$10 252 255 \$15 880 393 \$21 438 101 \$34 220	\$12 209 249 \$21 620 328 \$24 362 146 \$32 556	\$6 158 275 \$11 961 397 \$18 530 98 \$29 305	\$5 747 194 \$15 620 383 \$18 172 119 \$26 223	\$5 828 164 \$10 575 400 \$18 790 147 \$22 125	\$5 498 276 \$10 479 313 \$16 852 98 \$22 937	\$5 332 372 \$11 964 353 \$17 339 121 \$27 887	\$8 296 244 \$20 490 353 \$23 741 240 \$31 590	-	1111111

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Concue Track	Remoinder of 8ristol County (pt.)										Plym	outh County	(pt.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Troct 6531	Tract 6532	Troct 6533	Tract 6541	Tract 6542	Troct 6551	Troct 6552	Troct 6553	Tract 6554	Troct 5401	Troct 5601	Tract 5611
LABOR FORCE STATUS													
Persons 16 years and over Lobor force Percent of persons 16 years ond over Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion labor force	4 868 3 399 69.8 3 394 3 181 213 6.3	5 726 3 711 64.8 3 697 3 473 224 6.1	7 198 4 384 60.9 4 379 4 126 253 5.8	5 884 3 618 61.5 3 618 3 394 224 6.2	3 726 2 636 70.7 2 628 2 487 141 5.4	2 925 1 818 62.2 1 818 1 723 95 5.2	2 474 1 555 62.9 1 555 1 411 144 9.3	3 657 2 166 59.2 2 155 2 031 124 5.8	2 931 1 579 53.9 1 579 1 481 98 6.2	3 365 2 003 59.5 1 983 1 872 111 5.6	4 360 2 732 62.7 2 732 2 568 164 6.0	4 342 2 806 64.6 2 788 2 615 173 6.2	2 832 1 802 63.6 1 802 1 633 169 9.4
Femole, 16 years and over Lobor force Percent of female, 16 years and over Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force Married, husband present In lobor force Civilian persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school	2 461 1 367 55.5 1 367 1 306 61 4.5 439 186 1 722 985 460 123	2 940 1 493 50.8 1 493 1 436 57 3.8 343 166 1 853 986	3 773 1 925 51.0 1 925 1 820 105 5.5 457 246 1 958 999 1 249	3 140 1 534 48.9 1 534 1 460 74 4.8 386 230 1 814 903 458	1 914 1 213 63.4 1 213 1 185 28 2.3 297 163 1 270 802 326 48	1 529 761 49.8 761 713 48 6.3 144 77 800 422 289 84	1 257 604 48.1 604 569 35 5.8 166 76 816 429 295 64	1 947 904 46.4 904 844 60 6.6 194 113 1 117 557 294 60	1 632 724 44.4 724 691 33 4.6 173 85 733 366	1 753 807 46.0 807 776 31 3.8 206 98 991 453	2 248 1 124 50.0 1 124 1 074 50 4.4 339 151 1 401 692 413 120	2 249 1 126 50.1 1 126 1 078 48 4.3 307 141 1 350 776	1 515 763 50.4 763 693 70 9.2 181 60 867 428 216
Not high school graduote Employed Unemployed Not in lobor force	62 34 6 22	27 7 7 13	83 53 9 21	73 51 13 9	36 21 - 15	54 26 18 10	7 7 - -	21 8 4 9	24 - 12 12	19 6 - 13	54 11 10 33	64 30 21 9 -	8 - 8 -
Employed persons 16 years and over  Monogeriol and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations Technical, soles, and administrative support occupations Technicians and related support occupations Soles occupations Soles occupations	3 181 689 301 388 849 106 241	3 473 828 304 524 865 78 316	4 126 774 336 438 1 297 122 468	3 394 1 134 384 750 941 79 377	2 487 493 183 310 636 74 192	1 723 223 95 128 426 51	1 411 205 129 76 348 28 93	2 031 312 154 158 560 48 148	1 481 303 118 185 498 36 166	1 872 369 171 198 514 47 185	2 568 705 283 422 659 128 173	2 615 989 376 613 670 62 234	1 633 696 342 354 424 25 166
Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations Private household occupations Protective service occupations Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, croft, and repoir occupations Operators, fabricators, and loborers Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors. Transportation and material moving occupations Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	502 408 — 100 308 87 563 585 368 105 112	471 528 27 80 421 95 498 659 374 153 132	707 554 8 62 484 34 486 981 625 161 195	485 343 16 33 294 87 351 538 361 93 84	370 291 13 52 226 68 354 645 451 98	261 273 5 48 220 37 317 447 315 75	227 302 21 60 221 52 210 294 173 72 49	364 382 - 54 328 46 279 452 308 64 80	296 228 11 35 182 30 144 278 149 64	282 250 40 210 36 311 392 229 63 100	358 373 15 101 257 46 369 416 178 185 53	374 300 8 34 258 89 292 275 150 87 38	233 185 30 20 135 43 162 123 36 62 25
Monufocturing	925 572 680	971 789 724	1 173 989 1 029	683 709 1 045	767 530 460	717 357 237	392 329 184	634 452 376	351 299 326	500 390 414	602 415 749	547 478 825	257 192 443
CLASS OF WORKER													
Privote wage ond solory workers Government workers Locol government workers Self-employed workers	2 437 586 366 146	2 563 626 388 266	3 037 831 269 237	2 391 611 369 365	1 989 340 196 151	1 400 207 110 116	1 047 262 174 102	1 669 257 143 99	1 145 220 180 116	1 443 316 227 113	1 763 608 264 191	1 853 570 426 178	1 208 299 212 121
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979													
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979  Percent of persons 16 years and over  Worked in 1979  40 or more weeks  Usuolly worked 35 or more hours per week  50 to 52 weeks  Usuolly worked 35 or more hours per week  With unemployment in 1979  Percent of those in lobor force in 1979  Unemployed 15 or more weeks  Meon weeks of unemployment	3 525 72.4 3 485 2 717 2 311 2 195 1 919 633 18.0 186 13.5	3 890 67.9 3 862 2 990 2 404 2 402 1 950 733 18.8 298 15.3	5 170 71.8 5 108 3 345 2 562 2 662 2 097 1 024 19.8 259 12.2	3 801 64.6 3 754 2 922 2 306 2 396 1 945 557 14.7 257 16.3	2 774 74.4 2 740 2 099 1 741 1 805 1 523 461 16.6 234 18.0	1 869 63.9 1 851 1 389 1 167 1 154 985 406 21.7 178 15.9	1 696 68.6 1 658 1 153 892 979 766 352 20.8 204 22.1	2 220 60.7 2 207 1 751 1 366 1 435 1 191 365 16.4 162 15.5	1 780 60.7 1 746 1 318 1 045 963 773 262 14.7 118 19.6	2 170 64.5 2 134 1 657 1 344 1 341 1 102 416 19.2 169 14.8	2 998 68.8 2 960 2 191 1 814 1 844 1 550 448 14.9 250 20.1	3 074 70.8 3 034 2 212 1 823 1 774 1 500 520 16.9 195	1 874 66.2 1 840 1 407 1 129 1 110 943 309 16.5 144 17.1
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS													
Mole, 16 to 64 years With o work disobility Not in labor force Prevented from working	2 188 144 61 61	2 441 196 71 61	3 024 249 108 96	2 253 141 85 67	1 606 147 65 54	1 201 105 74 68	1 <b>052</b> 69 25 20	1 421 112 79 75	1 061 126 77 61	1 367 123 68 53	1 804 200 104 79	1 810 120 51 45	1 084 39 24 17
Femole, 16 to 64 years With a work disobility Not in lobor force Prevented from working	2 196 181 124 94	2 481 166 114 108	3 212 149 121 104	2 359 106 84 63	1 676 89 63 44	1 188 86 65 65	1 057 64 52 17	1 449 113 78 65	1 115 93 52 40	1 415 78 67 42	1 873 141 116 76	1 88 <b>5</b> 81 48 39	1 193 45 25 25
Persons 16 to 64 years	<b>4 384</b> 70 64	4 <b>922</b> 104 85	6 236 72 72	4 612 37 37	3 282 73 67	2 389 37 27	2 109 36 36	2 870 80 75	2 176 49 49	2 782 30 24	3 677 140 133	3 695 31 17	2 277 27 27
Persons 65 years and over	<b>454</b> 71	<b>777</b> 225	<b>849</b> 59	1 <b>230</b> 95	<b>444</b> 84	<b>497</b> 78	<b>343</b> 36	<b>681</b> 47	<b>596</b> 90	<b>583</b> 31	<b>586</b> 51	<b>602</b> 59	<b>555</b> 38
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979  to workers	\$8 863 552 \$18 600 973 \$24 260 227 \$28 833	187 \$10 056 655 \$17 798 844 \$23 929 352 \$32 015	231 \$8 714 662 \$18 886 1 039 \$22 983 263 \$34 871	308 \$10 472 626 \$22 866 855 \$28 297 303 \$35 342	143 \$10 740 346 \$16 730 609 \$21 811 332 \$31 780	\$7 779 291 \$15 470 422 \$20 548 165 \$30 250	79 \$8 941 278 \$15 627 435 \$21 164 122 \$28 600	\$8 706 398 \$16 689 538 \$20 348 171 \$30 444	\$8 493 269 \$14 084 417 \$21 746 110 \$31 064	\$10 156 394 \$18 663 492 \$23 369 140 \$29 973	185 \$11 188 473 \$18 553 707 \$24 524 205 \$31 630	\$8 500 500 \$22 053 760 \$27 206 214 \$37 721	123 \$26 782 452 \$23 957 427 \$30 244 91 \$32 784

### Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980

[Data are estimotes based an a sample; see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		8ris	tal Caunty (p										
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New 8ed- fard city	Remainder	Plymauth Caunty (pt.)	Tract 6501.01	Troct 6501.02	Tract 6502.01	Tract 6502.02	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506
INCOME IN 1979  Households	61 504	56 174	37 382	18 792	5 330	1 451	1 260	888	968	1 385	1 659	1 389	1 179
Less than \$5,000   \$5,000 to \$7,499   \$7,500 to \$9,999   \$10,000 to \$14,999   \$15,000 to \$14,999   \$20,000 to \$12,999   \$25,000 to \$24,999   \$25,000 to \$44,999   \$35,000 to \$49,999   \$0,000 to \$40,999   \$0,	10 667 6 286 5 722 10 051 9 509 7 246 7 652 3 118 1 253 \$13 965	10 242 5 815 5 384 9 360 8 758 6 457 6 638 2 524 996 \$13 472 \$15 868 31 126 \$18 101 \$19 976	8 110 4 371 3 929 6 528 5 471 3 633 3 607 1 295 438 \$11 634 \$14 112 <b>15 858</b> \$17 326 \$19 070	2 132 1 444 1 455 2 832 3 287 2 824 3 031 1 229 558 \$17 133 \$19 359 15 268 \$18 877 \$20 918	425 471 338 691 751 789 1 014 257 \$19 918 \$22 377 4 409 \$21 583 \$23 943	154 106 103 157 221 271 265 145 29 \$19 695 \$19 905 1 204 \$20 585 \$20 941	120 139 120 159 249 198 196 69 10 \$16 983 \$17 511 <b>802</b> \$21 172 \$21 510	92 60 51 138 141 149 176 52 29 \$18 492 \$20 815 <b>831</b> \$19 276 \$21 327	122 113 79 154 181 107 122 66 24 \$15 364 \$17 169 <b>690</b> \$17 360 \$19 113	176 139 168 328 218 163 126 48 19 \$13 125 \$15 340 <b>776</b> \$15 152 \$17 507	266 211 186 404 290 142 107 44 9 \$11 481 \$13 565 <b>501</b> \$15 479 \$18 134	370 116 165 237 314 128 124 35 \$12 894 \$13 .667 \$42 \$16 140 \$15 542	261 140 115 250 189 97 118 - 9 \$11 312 \$12 734 296 \$15 603 \$17 353
Renter-occupied households Median income Mean income Families Median income Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over Median income Mean income Per copita income INCOME TYPE IN 1979	25 969 \$8 900 \$10 908 45 871 \$16 915 \$18 998 19 931 \$5 074 \$7 312 \$6 039	25 048 \$8 786 \$10 762 41 606 \$16 500 \$18 408 18 518 \$4 965 \$7 094 \$5 863	21 524 \$8 518 \$10 460 26 579 \$14 930 \$16 713 12 751 \$4 980 \$6 786 \$5 431	3 524 \$10 477 \$12 606 15 027 \$19 384 \$21 407 5 767 \$4 918 \$7 775 \$6 628	\$12 200 \$14 880 \$4 265 \$22 224 \$24 748 \$1 413 \$7 581 \$10 172 \$7 795	247 \$13 304 \$14 852 1 211 \$20 900 \$21 497 288 \$7 176 \$9 771 \$6 817	\$9 188 \$10 508 1 039 \$18 337 \$18 774 254 \$10 048 \$10 122 \$5 546	\$14 375 \$13 354 <b>752</b> \$20 357 \$22 847 <b>160</b> \$5 889 \$8 115 <b>\$7 288</b>	\$10 722 \$12 343 <b>763</b> \$17 131 \$18 952 <b>232</b> \$7 211 \$9 386 <b>\$6 624</b>	\$11 236 \$12 578 <b>977</b> \$15 483 \$17 827 <b>463</b> \$7 389 \$8 343 <b>\$6 312</b>	1 158 \$10 579 \$11 589 1 212 \$13 621 \$15 858 453 \$6 382 \$7 251 \$5 304	\$11 135 \$12 467 1 006 \$15 444 \$15 539 424 \$5 468 \$7 958 \$5 608	883 \$10 470 \$11 185 858 \$14 159 \$15 054 375 \$4 650 \$5 851 \$4 842
Households With earnings Mean earnings With Sacial Security incame Mean Sacial Security incame Mean Sacial Security incame Mean public assistance income Mean public assistance income	61 504 45 968 \$17 494 19 342 \$3 866 9 028 \$2 581	56 174 41 489 \$17 022 18 055 \$3 851 8 669 \$2 569	37 382 26 305 \$15 410 12 702 \$3 781 7 047 \$2 592	18 792 15 184 \$19 814 5 353 \$4 017 1 622 \$2 473	5 330 4 479 \$21 870 1 287 \$4 069 359 \$2 851	1 451 1 152 \$20 631 471 \$4 402 91 \$1 609	1 260 1 058 \$17 640 245 \$3 129 274 \$3 767	\$88 687 \$20 925 299 \$4 242 84 \$1 901	968 729 \$17 472 411 \$3 955 94 \$2 207	1 385 1 032 \$15 331 558 \$4 159 130 \$1 909	1 659 1 232 \$14 444 547 \$3 462 255 \$2 949	1 389 986 \$15 273 461 \$3 822 118 \$1 799	1 179 860 \$14 365 316 \$4 106 156 \$1 769
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families  With awn children under 18 years  Without awn children under 18 years  With awn children under 18 years  With awn children under 18 years  Without awn children under 18 years  Femole householder, no husbond present  With awn children under 18 years  Without awn children under 18 years	\$18 998 \$19 163 \$18 835 \$20 732 \$22 069 \$19 477 \$10 402 \$7 761 \$14 337	\$18 408 \$18 542 \$18 279 \$20 091 \$21 451 \$18 833 \$10 266 \$7 550 \$14 339	\$16 713 \$16 267 \$17 144 \$18 601 \$19 655 \$17 681 \$9 539 \$7 021 \$13 804	\$21 407 \$22 556 \$20 292 \$22 417 \$24 050 \$20 765 \$12 891 \$9 972 \$15 763	\$24 748 \$24 854 \$24 631 \$26 602 \$27 334 \$25 819 \$12 201 \$10 654 \$14 313	\$21 497 \$22 142 \$21 006 \$22 429 \$23 595 \$21 575 \$15 336 \$14 694 \$16 064	\$18 774 \$17 472 \$20 691 \$21 730 \$21 640 \$21 838 \$8 543 \$8 274 \$9 951	\$22 847 \$24 505 \$21 935 \$23 711 \$26 202 \$22 326 \$15 533 \$5 555 \$19 096	\$18 952 \$20 256 \$18 197 \$20 309 \$21 961 \$19 284 \$9 673 \$4 193 \$11 640	\$17 827 \$17 355 \$18 096 \$18 441 \$18 895 \$18 179 \$13 665 \$8 172 \$17 400	\$15 858 \$16 899 \$14 930 \$17 047 \$18 759 \$15 580 \$9 025 \$7 340 \$11 059	\$15 539 \$15 719 \$15 406 \$16 342 \$17 502 \$15 508 \$8 624 \$8 331 \$8 996	\$15 054 \$15 213 \$14 872 \$16 315 \$17 267 \$15 253 \$7 424 \$5 232 \$11 401
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979  Fomilies	45 871 34 224 23 425 7 447 3 870 4 695 1 938 7 859	41 606 30 748 21 099 6 922 3 541 4 373 1 862 7 168	26 579 18 724 13 423 5 420 2 634 3 545 1 598 4 925	15 027 12 024 7 676 1 502 907 828 264 2 243	4 265 3 476 2 326 525 329 322 76 691	1 211 902 534 143 73 76 14 194	1 039 832 632 230 111 197 89 53	752 567 267 76 46 20 6	763 544 289 106 32 28 16 199	977 700 355 126 90 51 19 219	1 212 875 588 170 46 93 32 254	1 006 708 428 143 79 80 33 223	858 643 473 121 40 83 43
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	18 410 7 923 165 690 44 938 44 710 33 946 87 793 32 959 23 192	17 005 7 433 150 437 40 373 40 179 30 322 79 598 30 466 21 449	12 401 5 462 96 811 25 748 25 603 18 830 50 070 20 993 14 995	4 604 1 971 53 626 14 625 14 576 11 492 29 528 9 473 6 454	1 405 490 15 253 4 565 4 531 3 624 8 195 2 493 1 743	288 111 4 123 1 023 1 013 805 2 350 750 550	254 77 3 885 1 463 1 460 1 106 2 020 402 242	160 77 2 535 529 529 393 1 413 593 348	232 125 2 483 533 533 436 1 264 686 463	463 246 3 429 695 695 541 1 773 961 702	453 194 4 233 1 076 1 076 733 2 236 921 676	424 195 3 381 746 742 518 1 773 862 596	375 156 3 197 833 827 541 1 769 595 387
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Fomilies Percent belaw paverty level Householder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hauseholder, no husband present Householder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years Hauseholder 65 years and aver  Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is	4 875 10.6 2 039 3 721 2 682 947 2 468 1 321 585	4 640 11.2 1 913 3 545 2 580 903 2 366 1 266 549	3 756 14.1 1 477 3 011 2 233 707 2 063 1 158 365	884 5.9 436 534 347 196 303 108 184	235 5.5 126 176 102 44 102 55 36	70 5.8 20 51 31 9 31 10	158 15.2 65 147 120 34 109 67	33 4.4 20 20 15 15 15 15	47 6.2 5 21 16 - 16 10	45 4.6 12 35 16 - 16 11	127 10.5 55 91 54 11 48 27 12	85 8.4 50 49 44 30 31 14	115 13.4 39 103 44 - 38 31 6
determined	4 276 23.2 1 847 20 265 12.2 8 218 8 057 5 904 8 272 3 775 2 907	3 974 23.4 1 744 19 180 12.7 7 801 7 669 5 622 7 814 3 565 2 739	3 121 25.2 1 381 15 671 16.2 6 746 6 650 4 801 6 290 2 635 2 051	853 18.5 363 3 509 6.5 1 055 1 019 821 1 524 930 688	302 21.5 103 1 085 7.1 417 388 282 458 210 168	45 15.6 29 249 6.0 100 95 68 70 79 68	830 21.4 583 580 432 241 6	29.4 42 148 5.8 52 52 39 30 66 66	43 18.5 28 174 7.0 54 36 36 84 65	80 17.3 50 204 5.9 51 42 83 70 60	71 15.7 60 463 10.9 174 174 129 193 96 78	102 24.1 55 346 10.2 88 84 52 142 116 73	106 28.3 60 531 16.6 214 208 151 214 103 79
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL  Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: 8elaw 75 percent of poverty level 8elaw 125 percent of poverty level 8elaw 150 percent af paverty level 8elaw 200 percent af paverty level	8.0 18.4 23.8 36.1	8.3 19.0 24.7 37.2	10.8 23.4 29.6 42.9	3.8 11.1 15.8 27.0	5.2 12.2 15.1 24.8	4.5 8.6 9.7 20.8	18.7 28.3 31.8 41.2	3.6 8.9 11.7 18.0	4.4 13.0 15.2 23.2	3.8 13.5 19.4 33.9	6.8 20.4 27.3 41.3	7.8 14.3 22.9 37.5	10.4 23.8 28.3 48.3

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Data ore estimates based on a somple; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Common Toronto	New Bedford city, Bristol County—Con.												
Census Tracts	Troct 6507	Troct 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510.01	Troct 6510.02	Troct 6511	Troct 6512	Troct 6513	Troct 6514	Troct 6515	Troct 6516	Troct 6517	Troct 6518
INCOME IN 1979  Households Less than \$5,000	1 019 340 176	1 <b>480</b> 412 198	1 138 351 199	<b>929</b> 212 120	1 385 213 165	1 680 381 217	<b>725</b> 191 89	<b>958</b> 282 157	1 216 217 111	1 195 343 164	1 <b>525</b> 220 186	1 013 345 120	983 448 175
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	115 118 149 58 56 7 - \$7 408	176 313 211 126 54 16 4 \$9 726	149 142 120 63 80 28 6 \$7 819	120 120 79 108 56 26 \$12 114	14B 239 228 1BB 12B 41 35 \$12 202	179 377 215 140 146 25 - \$10 594	72 96 150 52 51 24 - \$10 583	121 171 63 69 64 20	123 279 177 161 76 64 8 \$12 707	140 145 145 129 87 22 - \$9 116	149 339 223 157 190 54 7 \$13 279	125 113 125 119 69 100 15 7 \$B 418	146 111 44 12 31 6 10 \$5 621
Mean Owner-occupied households Median income Mean income Renter-occupied households Median income Mean income Mean income Median income Median income	\$10 205 128 \$18 333 \$17 704 891 \$7 007	\$11 116 330 \$13 200 \$15 213 1 150	\$11 502 318 \$15 789 \$19 712 820	\$15 704 468 \$19 796 \$22 861 461 \$6 213	\$15 802 <b>791</b> \$18 259 \$19 686 <b>594</b> \$8 958	\$12 271 573 \$16 635 \$17 645 1 107 \$8 254	\$12 692 127 \$14 821 \$17 126 598 \$9 918	\$8 326 \$11 406 <b>265</b> \$18 259 \$19 700 <b>693</b> \$6 490	\$14 686 <b>522</b> \$16 324 \$18 425 <b>694</b> \$10 390	\$11 835 486 \$16 032 \$16 733 709 \$6 210	\$14 975 909 \$16 260 \$18 022 616 \$8 963	\$11 750 253 \$20 156 \$20 400 760 \$6 450	\$B 135 72 \$10 6B2 \$12 914 911 \$5 314
Mean incame	\$9 128 612 \$10 909 \$12 557 486 \$4 613 \$5 657 \$4 203	\$8 827 \$9 940 1 058 \$11 982 \$12 881 433 \$4 773 \$6 475 \$4 644	\$6 014 \$8 317 <b>822</b> \$9 663 \$13 200 <b>354</b> \$4 664 \$6 313 <b>\$4 402</b>	\$8 43B 621 \$17 39B \$20 023 313 \$5 162 \$6 BB3 \$6 256	\$10 630 1 156 \$15 000 \$17 148 314 \$5 382 \$6 721 \$5 795	\$9 490 1 186 \$12 216 \$14 211 630 \$5 818 \$5 933 \$4 687	\$11 750 509 \$13 566 \$14 894 264 \$4 786 \$6 105 \$4 605	\$B 234 524 \$11 298 \$14 145 524 \$5 216 \$7 157 \$4 730	\$11 B73 862 \$14 52B \$16 621 445 \$6 537 \$B 250 \$5 450	\$8 477 845 \$12 314 \$14 080 382 \$4 806 \$5 680 \$4 532	\$10 478 1 149 \$15 408 \$17 141 433 \$6 456 \$7 281 \$5 275	\$8 871 525 \$13 431 \$15 281 674 \$4 299 \$6 126 \$4 988	\$7 757 255 \$10 250 \$14 189 776 \$4 508 \$5 627 \$5 488
INCOME TYPE IN 1979  Households  With eornings  Mean eornings  With Social Security income  Mean Sacial Security income  With public assistance income  Mean public ossistance income	1 019 629 \$11 832 337 \$3 550 313 \$2 558	1 480 982 \$12 521 520 \$3 344 254 \$2 499	1 138 698 \$13 184 433 \$3 995 374 \$3 149	929 627 \$18 077 426 \$3 B55 158 \$2 492	1 385 983 \$15 254 472 \$4 447 293 \$2 726	1 680 1 177 \$13 332 472 \$3 585 382 \$2 769	725 550 \$13 539 149 \$3 683 175 \$3 177	958 662 \$12 385 278 \$3 874 237 \$2 722	1 216 959 \$14 241 405 \$3 063 295 \$2 237	1 195 B20 \$12 783 413 \$3 717 360 \$2 385	1 525 1 165 \$14 953 465 \$4 146 249 \$3 110	1 013 624 \$13 908 360 \$3 695 337 \$2 705	983 351 \$11 508 584 \$3 538 280 \$2 137
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families  With own children under 1B years Without own children under 18 years Married-couple formilies  With own children under 18 years Without own children under 1B years Female hauseholder, no husband present With own children under 1B years Without own children under 1B years	\$12 557 \$12 648 \$12 424 \$14 294 \$16 319 \$11 606 \$8 418 \$6 240 \$13 774	\$12 881 \$12 391 \$13 388 \$14 247 \$15 428 \$13 148 \$7 958 \$4 747 \$13 357	\$13 200 \$12 983 \$13 459 \$16 625 \$19 684 \$13 644 \$7 429 \$6 004 \$10 548	\$20 023 \$24 403 \$17 535 \$21 852 \$28 923 \$17 980 \$9 837 \$4 119 \$15 289	\$17 148 \$14 005 \$20 527 \$20 084 \$18 816 \$21 001 \$10 061 \$7 960 \$17 141	\$14 211 \$13 122 \$15 513 \$16 736 \$17 708 \$15 881 \$7 857 \$6 175 \$13 852	\$14 894 \$13 844 \$16 517 \$17 171 \$16 636 \$17 963 \$7 120 \$4 767 \$11 042	\$14 145 \$11 585 \$17 574 \$17 290 \$18 256 \$16 518 \$8 940 \$6 935 \$16 337	\$16 621 \$14 570 \$18 771 \$18 522 \$17 010 \$19 986 \$11 980 \$8 744 \$17 767	\$14 080 \$12 825 \$15 872 \$18 060 \$18 942 \$17 184 \$6 423 \$5 508 \$9 218	\$17 141 \$16 947 \$17 370 \$18 851 \$19 677 \$17 855 \$11 439 \$9 378 \$14 860	\$15 281 \$12 913 \$17 622 \$19 113 \$18 547 \$19 558 \$7 930 \$5 535 \$12 296	\$14 189 \$10 195 \$15 313 \$13 587 \$5 868 \$14 207 \$12 892 \$9 860 \$16 447
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979  Families  Householder worked in 1979  With related children under 1B yeors  Femole householder, no husbond present Householder worked in 1979  With related children under 1B yeors  With related children under 1B yeors  With related children under 6 yeors  Householder 55 years and over	612 394 364 173 71 123 62	1 <b>058</b> 692 548 244 93 163 B1 226	822 486 465 303 132 221 B5 152	621 427 257 84 46 46 12	1 156 7B1 599 332 19B 256 10B 254	1 186 B5B 667 324 158 253 117	509 363 320 120 50 B1 45 63	524 340 300 197 97 155 73 83	8 <b>62</b> 635 449 198 125 135 70	845 582 501 296 149 227 136	1 149 B37 650 234 164 156 38 206	525 326 303 175 63 134 62	255 113 60 63 15 3B 4 123
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	486 180 2 527 739 728 545 1 235 553 372	433 228 3 677 966 966 669 1 844 867 617	354 194 2 922 954 949 700 1 317 651 446	313 170 2 294 471 471 382 1 150 673 435	314 141 3 708 1 062 1 062 799 1 783 863 600	630 231 4 382 1 301 1 288 922 2 284 797 563	264 84 2 000 621 621 438 1 103 276 213	524 132 2 203 673 663 505 1 172 358 262	445 154 3 252 904 879 666 1 761 587 410	382 205 3 165 949 949 717 1 614 602 450	433 194 4 318 1 340 1 340 979 2 182 796 594	674 220 2 400 588 588 588 432 1 250 562 422	776 426 1 399 103 103 82 504 792 676
**NCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Fomilies  Percent below poverty level  douseholder worked in 1979  With related children under 18 yeors  emale householder, no husbond present Householder worked in 1979  With related children under 18 yeors  With related children under 18 yeors  douseholder of yeors  douseholder 65 yeors ond over	139 22.7 55 107 80 15 75 43	234 22.1 85 179 11B 26 113 51	247 30.0 88 210 186 55 166 74	56 9.0 29 36 42 29 36 12 6	141 12.2 50 129 127 50 121 59	235 19.8 103 204 169 61 163 95	102 20.0 40 93 68 13 59 45	156 29.8 67 133 104 31 104 62 B	130 15.1 56 95 45 20 39 28	206 24.4 101 192 181 83 177 114	120 10.4 62 120 79 44 79 26	113 21.5 22 92 81 8 75 40	33 12.9 9 28 19 - 19 4 5
Unrelated individuols for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level  55 years and over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined  Percent below poverty level  inder 1B years  Related children under 1B years  Reloted children 5 to 17 years  8 to 59 years  O years and over  65 years and over	136 28.0 63 570 22.6 230 219 162 243 97 80	107 24.7 73 828 22.5 34.5 34.5 24.5 24.5 29.0 19.3 14.9	74 20.9 25 894 30.6 469 469 365 344 81 48	58 18.5 53 201 8.8 62 62 48 80 59 59	54 17.2 27 464 12.5 231 231 18B 195 38 32	185 29.4 42 <b>959</b> 21.9 453 440 299 418 88 69	93 35.2 39 474 23.7 221 221 135 202 51 46	128 24.4 27 669 30.4 342 342 231 281 46 35	69 15.5 12 455 14.0 171 158 113 226 58 40	82 21.5 25 <b>715</b> 22.6 389 389 267 286 40 30	100 23.1 46 557 12.9 302 302 238 197 58 46	282 41.8 70 646 26.9 188 188 134 341 117 92	202 26.0 66 305 21.8 52 52 52 38 154 99 71
NCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL  **Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	14.4 34.7 41.2 62.1	14.1 31.1 38.7 52.2	20.1 38.4 48.2 63.3	7.1 14.9 17.5 33.3	10.3 20.2 27.9 45.5	16.0 29.2 33.5 48.4	16.7 34.1 41.7 52.9	25.3 37.3 48.3 60.5	5.5 20.8 31.9 46.8	13.2 32.4 36.2 45.6	7.8 19.1 26.0 39.5	14.7 35.3 42.6 52.4	11.2 41.2 47.9 66.8

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	New 8edfard city, 8ristal CauntyCan.											
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6529
Households Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	833 332 110 98 137 49	1 103 263 107 118 160 124	1 156 133 169 110 231 159	1 153 58 97 109 201 252	1 240 288 121 134 237 207	1 125 221 149 108 205 184	1 087 228 146 97 206 164	1 252 421 101 162 262 174	1 714 566 184 217 279 169	1 294 184 86 102 186 222	- - - - -	-
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion <b>Owner-occupied households</b> Medion incame Mean incame	38 51 18 - \$6 920 \$9 940 152 \$13 913 \$15 703	167 96 45 23 \$11 825 \$14 603 <b>538</b> \$16 570 \$18 058	\$111 151 60 32 \$13 391 \$17 033 <b>691</b> \$16 288 \$19 988	109 176 106 45 \$17 674 \$20 359 <b>868</b> \$19 055 \$22 725	99 131 21 2 \$11 719 \$12 995 <b>457</b> \$13 628 \$14 711 <b>783</b>	95 116 28 19 \$11 920 \$14 022 <b>395</b> \$12 813 \$16 928	92 131 18 5 \$11 743 \$13 347 <b>310</b> \$17 419 \$17 892	48 49 28 7 \$9 105 \$10 976 260 \$15 524 \$15 395	143 113 32 111 \$8 733 \$11 410 398 \$17 353 \$17 487	173 188 102 51 \$16 612 \$19 024 <b>905</b> \$19 972 \$21 754	- - - - - -	-
Renter-occupied households  Median income  Fomilies  Median income  Mean income  Unrelated Individuals 15 years and over  Median income  Per capita income	\$5 659 \$8 653 \$463 \$11 094 \$13 391 \$413 \$4 242 \$5 083 \$4 228	\$65 \$7 969 \$11 312 <b>735</b> \$16 271 \$17 769 <b>453</b> \$4 610 \$6 525 \$5 463	\$9 979 \$12 642 <b>881</b> \$16 607 \$19 618 <b>335</b> \$5 903 \$7 096 <b>\$6 250</b>	285 \$11 445 \$13 153 891 \$19 195 \$22 647 299 \$9 881 \$11 456 \$7 360	\$10 785 \$11 994 <b>972</b> \$14 263 \$15 187 <b>280</b> \$4 023 \$4 832 \$5 120	730 \$11 367 \$12 449 852 \$15 223 \$16 440 303 \$4 446 \$5 835 \$5 064	\$777 \$9 922 \$11 534 <b>841</b> \$14 727 \$15 767 <b>266</b> \$4 525 \$4 670 \$4 602	992 \$8 248 \$9 817 <b>875</b> \$11 532 \$13 084 <b>412</b> \$4 397 \$5 494 <b>\$4 106</b>	1 316 \$7 018 \$9 572 1 106 \$11 525 \$13 863 674 \$4 727 \$6 215 \$4 859	389 \$13 227 \$12 672 1 021 \$19 921 \$22 026 289 \$5 150 \$7 367 \$7 161	- - - - 350 \$6 883 \$7 167 \$7 167	-
INCOME TYPE IN 1979  Households  With earnings  Mean earnings  With Social Security income  Mean Social Security income  Menn Social Security income  Menn Social Security income  Menn Bocial Security income  Mean public assistance incame	833 457 \$11 989 306 \$3 523 300 \$2 448	1 103 803 \$16 185 356 \$3 743 234 \$2 425	1 156 910 \$17 431 345 \$4 178 149 \$2 381	1 153 837 \$21 219 437 \$4 286 54 \$2 334	1 240 863 \$14 513 383 \$3 584 263 \$2 854	1 125 787 \$15 953 430 \$3 571 160 \$2 345	1 087 797 \$15 199 320 \$3 706 149 \$2 517	1 252 871 \$11 849 363 \$3 339 344 \$2 516	1 714 1 091 \$13 198 632 \$3 600 407 \$2 459	1 294 926 \$21 490 508 \$3 719 78 \$2 715	-	-
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE  Fomilies  With own children under 18 years  Without own children under 18 years  Morried-couple fomilies  With own children under 18 years  Without own children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  With own children under 18 years  Without own children under 18 years  Without own children under 18 years	\$13 391 \$13 669 \$13 038 \$17 100 \$21 024 \$13 613 \$7 934 \$6 481 \$11 458	\$17 769 \$17 782 \$17 757 \$18 942 \$19 721 \$18 107 \$12 438 \$5 181 \$15 743	\$19 618 \$20 390 \$18 809 \$21 000 \$22 295 \$19 398 \$11 084 \$8 216 \$13 217	\$22 647 \$20 540 \$24 029 \$23 530 \$21 224 \$25 023 \$16 218 \$16 189 \$16 249	\$15 187 \$17 788 \$13 079 \$16 306 \$19 733 \$13 498 \$8 852 \$6 305 \$10 786	\$16 440 \$17 264 \$15 621 \$17 065 \$18 170 \$15 872 \$12 230 \$9 979 \$14 119	\$15 767 \$15 455 \$16 100 \$16 895 \$17 576 \$16 210 \$7 904 \$3 333 \$16 309	\$13 084 \$12 134 \$14 585 \$14 835 \$14 698 \$15 045 \$8 012 \$5 705 \$12 901	\$13 863 \$14 240 \$13 383 \$16 210 \$18 642 \$13 483 \$8 276 \$6 313 \$13 565	\$22 026 \$26 676 \$18 993 \$22 973 \$29 127 \$19 020 \$15 194 \$9 847 \$18 784		-
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979  Fomilies	463	735	881	891	972	852	841	875	1 106	1 021		- 1
Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hauseholder, no husband present Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and aver	265 273 185 89 145 81	529 351 147 73 52 17 125	664 455 143 86 61 36 155	677 359 93 50 48 – 252	674 456 146 51 72 20 237	599 430 103 54 47 6 174	651 444 88 37 57 43 125	560 540 237 77 161 92 141	759 639 303 161 232 146 183	741 427 117 78 54 12 230	-	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years and aver  Persons for whom poverty status is determined  Under 18 years  Related children under 18 years  Related children 5 to 17 years  18 to 59 years  60 years and aver  65 years and aver	413 188 1 914 545 526 404 887 482 353	453 173 2 836 692 688 528 1 571 573 414	335 130 3 149 835 813 566 1 710 604 432	299 160 3 098 746 746 568 1 480 872 614	280 143 3 114 738 738 546 1 600 776 551	303 153 3 105 767 767 548 1 635 703 534	266 120 3 123 906 906 642 1 664 553 388	412 150 3 432 1 153 1 140 789 1 753 526 367	674 347 4 113 1 134 1 134 789 2 067 912 713	289 158 3 414 663 663 663 541 1 906 845 605	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL									243	59		
Fomilies Percent below paverty level Househalder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hausehalder, na husband present Hausehalder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Hausehalder 65 years and aver '	101 21.8 17 81 94 17 81 50	97 13.2 50 78 38 16 28 10	72 8.2 36 54 34 19 34 28 7	16 1.8 7 5 5 - 5 - 4	137 14.1 47 81 57 13 41 14	104 12.2 40 72 19 - 12 6 21	106 12.6 64 86 46 25 46 38 13	229 26.2 95 187 114 30 103 63 12	22.0 83 208 166 51 162 112	5.8 5 24 21 2 21 8 22	-	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw poverty level 65 years and aver	141 34.1 39	160 35.3 40	80 23.9 20	<b>22</b> 7.4 22	<b>125</b> 44.6 80	<b>79</b> 26.1 49	77 28.9 42	142 34.5 62	158 23.4 97	56 19.4 38	=	- - -
Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level Under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 years 60 years and over 65 years and over	461 24.1 180 170 125 205 76 39	533 18.8 167 163 123 274 92 76	363 11.5 144 130 100 154 65 32	2.0 12 12 12 19 31	541 17.4 193 193 151 170 178 141	482 15.5 185 185 124 192 105 85	458 14.7 196 196 136 183 79 68	978 28.5 446 433 330 421 111 82	894 21.7 392 392 248 361 141 126	6.4 60 60 40 45 112 79	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL  Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: 8elaw 75 percent of poverty level 8elaw 125 percent of poverty level 8elaw 150 percent of poverty level 8elaw 200 percent of poverty level	18.0 39.7 44.4 56.4	10.8 23.0 30.6 38.2	6.2 15.2 19.4 36.4	0.2 5.3 9.7 26.6	9.4 24.0 26.1 39.3	9.2 21.1 31.4 44.9	11.0 21.2 30.0 43.7	19.6 38.9 50.0 62.1	16.2 31.6 39.5 54.2	4.9 9.7 13.6 20.2	- - - -	-

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Course Turnets	Remainder of Bristal County (pt.)									Plym	outh County (	'pt.)	
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	6171	6531	6532	6533	6541	6542	6551	6552	6553	6554	5401	5601	5611
INCOME IN 1979 Households	2 182	2 442	2 631	2 787	1 661	1 346	1 060	1 721	1 375	1 587	1 901	1 985	1 444
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare	209 137 82 284 359 438 455 168 50 \$20 236 \$20 668	184 172 202 317 386 490 418 199 74 \$19 355 \$20 530	269 192 200 378 584 361 389 173 85 \$17 544 \$19 635	2 767 318 221 183 432 496 297 417 213 210 \$17 234 \$21 990	134 106 130 247 307 279 337 68 53 \$18 019 \$20 042	1 346 195 116 132 189 255 195 195 195 63 6 \$15 657 \$16 468	77 77 81 114 215 158 184 133 83 15 \$16 181 \$20 235	284 154 179 231 301 248 214 93 17 \$15 195 \$16 492	273 113 103 224 237 158 205 50 12 \$14 436 \$15 816	189 152 130 315 204 174 268 119 36 \$15 158 \$18 014	1 901 171 173 141 261 276 317 345 154 63 \$18 666 \$19 996	1 985 160 152 109 256 246 307 412 265 78 \$21 022 \$22 847	1 444 94 146 88 174 229 165 257 175 116 \$19 688 \$24 864
Owner-occupied households Median income Mean income Renter-occupied households Median incame Mean income Families Median incame Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1 970 \$21 262 \$21 422 212 \$13 476 \$13 662 1 921 \$21 085 \$21 819 336 \$7 583	2 175 \$20 335 \$21 115 267 \$14 219 \$15 760 2 038 \$21 071 \$22 082 500 \$7 837	2 185 \$18 382 \$20 760 446 \$11 976 \$14 123 2 195 \$18 925 \$21 670 1 721 \$2 488	2 171 \$19 067 \$24 436 616 \$10 625 \$13 367 2 092 \$19 539 \$25 074 872 \$8 239	1 469 \$19 139 \$20 663 192 \$11 810 \$15 294 1 430 \$20 217 \$21 789 272 \$5 923	1 006 \$17 461 \$18 380 340 \$8 804 \$10 813 1 032 \$17 803 \$18 762 363 \$7 019	933 \$17 673 \$21 431 127 \$11 205 \$11 450 914 \$17 469 \$19 416 167 \$7 217	1 190 \$17 646 \$18 830 531 \$7 730 \$11 253 1 277 \$17 954 \$19 010 519 \$5 457	846 \$17 917 \$19 058 <b>529</b> \$7 437 \$10 632 <b>932</b> \$17 281 \$18 700 <b>531</b> \$5 186	1 323 \$16 632 \$19 249 264 \$9 583 \$11 826 1 196 \$18 380 \$20 714 486 \$6 818	1 632 \$20 400 \$21 403 269 \$10 540 \$11 462 1 570 \$21 067 \$22 081 \$54 \$5 537	1 619 \$23 002 \$24 196 366 \$14 394 \$16 878 1 602 \$23 430 \$25 508 450 \$9 038	1 158 \$21 458 \$27 167 286 \$12 037 \$15 539 1 093 \$22 485 \$27 466 409 \$8 824
Mean income Per capita income	\$9 761	\$10 338	\$3 820	\$10 209	\$7 868	\$7 777	\$22 091	\$7 970	\$8 147	\$7 813	\$7 354	\$9 999	\$14 180
	<b>\$6 419</b>	\$6 835	\$6 019	\$8 200	<b>\$6 530</b>	<b>\$6 057</b>	<b>\$6 607</b>	<b>\$6 212</b>	<b>\$5 94</b> 8	\$6 800	<b>\$6 603</b>	<b>\$7 975</b>	\$9 371
Househalds With eornings Mean earnings With Social Security income Mean Sacial Security income With public assistance income Mean public assistance income	2 182	2 442	2 631	2 787	1 661	1 346	1 060	1 721	1 375	1 587	1 901	1 985	1 444
	1 913	2 066	2 205	2 081	1 417	1 053	918	1 282	995	1 254	1 595	1 710	1 174
	\$21 209	\$20 484	\$19 614	\$22 836	\$19 980	\$16 853	\$19 854	\$17 993	\$16 879	\$18 375	\$20 184	\$22 440	\$23 332
	400	646	701	837	372	480	324	597	511	485	405	488	394
	\$3 968	\$3 934	\$3 922	\$4 263	\$4 071	\$3 988	\$4 099	\$3 796	\$4 229	\$3 863	\$4 095	\$4 124	\$3 975
	155	234	220	187	116	133	94	197	180	106	150	108	101
	\$2 538	\$2 158	\$2 380	\$2 929	\$2 430	\$2 229	\$3 092	\$2 751	\$2 221	\$2 178	\$2 796	\$3 026	\$2 746
Families With awn children under 18 years Without awn children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years Without awn children under 18 years	\$21 819	\$22 082	\$21 670	\$25 074	\$21 789	\$18 762	\$19 416	\$19 010	\$18 700	\$20 714	\$22 081	\$25 508	\$27 466
	\$22 385	\$23 130	\$23 961	\$26 015	\$22 788	\$20 721	\$21 660	\$20 451	\$19 268	\$19 661	\$22 588	\$25 631	\$27 192
	\$20 967	\$21 168	\$19 414	\$24 261	\$20 552	\$17 192	\$17 239	\$17 855	\$18 251	\$21 641	\$21 473	\$25 377	\$27 750
	\$22 494	\$23 283	\$22 272	\$26 129	\$22 459	\$19 693	\$20 713	\$20 373	\$19 984	\$21 806	\$23 226	\$27 317	\$30 711
	\$23 333	\$24 696	\$24 991	\$27 700	\$23 972	\$21 766	\$23 261	\$22 467	\$21 779	\$21 879	\$24 158	\$28 392	\$31 033
	\$21 170	\$21 966	\$19 389	\$24 722	\$20 580	\$17 697	\$18 127	\$18 778	\$18 577	\$21 879	\$22 115	\$26 243	\$30 390
	\$14 465	\$12 399	\$14 287	\$14 896	\$15 137	\$13 746	\$8 466	\$9 549	\$11 230	\$11 512	\$12 736	\$11 128	\$12 881
	\$11 342	\$7 805	\$12 544	\$9 476	\$11 805	\$11 770	\$5 704	\$9 604	\$9 023	\$8 728	\$9 877	\$11 003	\$10 928
	\$17 883	\$15 729	\$15 484	\$19 222	\$21 550	\$14 766	\$10 537	\$9 420	\$14 196	\$15 660	\$16 606	\$11 366	\$14 811
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979  Families  Hauseholder worked in 1979  With related children under 18 years  Female hauseholder, na husband present  Hauseholder worked in 1979  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 6 years  Hauseholder 65 years and over	1 921	2 038	2 195	2 092	1 430	1 032	914	1 277	932	1 196	1 570	1 602	1 093
	1 627	1 705	1 767	1 588	1 177	779	749	1 021	672	939	1 283	1 344	849
	1 215	993	1 127	984	804	476	486	592	423	576	904	854	568
	155	188	231	187	117	141	91	127	143	122	153	191	181
	100	124	145	100	95	74	46	73	83	67	118	116	95
	104	90	104	98	80	54	49	94	82	73	98	131	93
	45	52	21	33	20	6	27	13	20	27	25	27	24
	201	283	310	417	171	175	121	201	146	218	251	244	196
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years and aver  Under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 ta 17 years 18 to 59 years 60 years and aver 65 years and aver	336	500	558	872	272	363	167	519	531	486	546	450	409
	108	197	227	392	91	159	86	287	256	168	156	169	165
	6 945	7 328	7 782	7 486	5 050	3 596	3 222	4 465	3 519	4 233	5 791	5 642	3 820
	2 317	1 945	2 157	1 915	1 555	873	910	1 052	857	1 044	1 822	1 616	1 127
	2 311	1 945	2 151	1 908	1 551	865	903	1 048	857	1 037	1 802	1 610	1 119
	1 774	1 547	1 725	1 509	1 256	721	733	779	652	796	1 439	1 284	901
	3 975	4 157	4 237	3 815	2 885	2 040	1 807	2 441	1 840	2 331	3 084	3 162	1 949
	653	1 226	1 388	1 756	610	683	505	972	822	858	885	864	744
	454	777	849	1 230	444	497	343	681	596	583	586	602	555
ANCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Families  Percent belaw poverty level  Householder worked in 1979  With related children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Hauseholder worked in 1979  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years  Householder 65 years and aver	136 7.1 75 112 53 23 53 18	100 4.9 68 75 39 30 39 27	97 4.4 47 32 18 14 18 4 25	139 6.6 59 62 38 21 33 8 71	73 5.1 48 54 19 19 19 19	70 6.8 21 22 38 15 16 -	45 4.9 23 31 31 17 25 17 8	72 5.6 32 34 45 32 34 7 18	79 8.5 37 58 36 14 36	73 6.1 26 54 30 11 30 12 7	102 6,5 56 67 25 19 25 15 28	74 4.6 36 50 44 11 44 21 8	59 5.4 34 59 33 14 33 19
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw paverty level 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw paverty level Under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 years 50 years and aver 65 years and aver	67 19.9 44 517 7.4 189 189 99 237 91 67	85 17.0 13 430 5.9 163 163 146 208 59 42	176 31.5 89 450 5.8 60 54 51 188 202 145	184 21.1 68 577 7.7 131 131 97 223 223 175	30 11.0 7 303 6.0 135 131 131 135 33 26	38 10.5 14 202 5.6 47 39 97 58 43	20 12.0 - 182 5.6 90 83 68 79 13 13	55 10.6 31 223 5.0 57 53 47 61 105 67	69 13.0 36 266 7.6 80 71 137 49 36	129 26.5 61 359 8.5 103 96 72 159 97 74	29.3 59 495 8.5 176 161 122 192 127 101	80 17.8 25 305 5.4 90 84 68 162 53 48	62 15.2 19 285 7.5 151 143 92 104 30
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Belaw 75 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	4.2	3.9	3.1	5.2	2.0	3.2	3.8	2.2	4.4	5.4	6.5	3.3	5.9
	11.5	9.1	9.9	11.4	8.9	10.7	11.9	13.2	15.9	12.2	14.8	9.5	12.2
	16.3	13.6	13.5	14.9	14.6	14.7	16.6	19.8	21.6	17.2	19.4	11.8	13.5
	25.1	21.5	25.7	26.7	25.5	28.6	32.7	30.7	33.0	30.0	29.9	20.6	23.2

Table P-12. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts	Education estimates based and a sur	pple; see Introduction. For meaning	Bristol Caunty (pt.)	definitions of ferrirs, see appendix	ics A und of
[400 or More White Persons and 400 or More of a Specified Racial	The SMSA	Tatal	New 8edford city	Remainder	Plymauth County (pt.)
Group]					,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
NATIVITY Total persons	157 980	143 132	88 877	54 255	14 848
Native Fareign barn	131 431 26 549	117 033 26 099	67 200 21 677	49 833 4 422	14 398 450
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH		07 047	14 500	11 047	2 520
Speak a language ather than English at home	6 719	<b>27 847</b> 6 594	16 500 5 701	11 <b>347</b> 893	<b>3 530</b> 125
Persons 18 years and over Speak a language other than English at hame Percent who speak English not well or not at all Percent who speak English not well or not at all	116 696 37 004	9.9 <b>106 220</b> 36 309 26.0	10.8 <b>66 393</b> 27 788 30.8	4.4 <b>39 827</b> 8 521 10.5	8.8 10 476 695 5.0
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	38 649	34 391	19 249	15 142	
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school Nursery school Kindergarten	1 252	1 074 1 865	666 1 190	408 675	4 258   178   147
Elementary (1 to 8 years) High school (1 to 4 years)	19 016 10 020	16 843 8 785 5 824	10 080 4 670 2 643	6 763 4 115 3 181	2 173 1 235 525
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED				0	
Persons 25 years old and overElementary: 0 ta 4 years	10 448 1	8 <b>9 448</b> 10 389	<b>55 867</b> 8 931	<b>33 581</b> 1 458	<b>9 251</b> 59
5 ta 7 years 8 years	13 842 11 373	13 527 10 831	9 711 7 158	3 816 3 673	315 542
High schaal: 1 ta 3 years	15 038 28 053	13 865 25 024	8 849 13 899	5 016 11 125	1 173 3 029
Callege: 1 to 3 years	9 801 10 144	7 932 7 880	3 850 3 469	4 082 4 411	1 869 2 264
FERTILITY					
Women 35 to 44 years Children ever barn	8 466 21 522	<b>7 442</b> 18 928	4 258 11 008	<b>3 184</b> 7 920	1 <b>024</b> 2 594
PET 1,000 wamen	2 542	2 543	2 585	2 487	2 533
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years and over	147 654 92 555	<b>133 779</b> 84 205	<b>82 699</b> 50 089	<b>51 080</b> 34 116	13 875
Same hause Different house in United States	51 538	46 013 27 980	29 159 22 103	16 854 5 877	8 350 5 525 441
Central city of this SMSA Remainder of this SMSA	10 493	8 607	2 393	6 214	1 886
Outside this SMSA Different SMSA	9 379	9 426 7 266	4 663 3 420	4 763 3 846	3 198 2 113
JOURNEY TO WORK	3 561	3 561	3 451	110	_
Workers 16 years and over  Private vehicle: Drive alone	<b>67 034</b> 43 571	<b>60 60</b> 8 38 685	<b>36 421</b> 20 824	<b>24 187</b> 17 861	6 426 4 886
CarpaalPublic transportation	14 641 1 660	13 672 1 581	9 568 1 273	4 104 308	969 79
Other means ar warked at hame	7 162	6 670	4 756	1 914	492
Mean travel time to work minutes_ Worked in SMSA of residence	17.8 52 022	17.3 48 473	16.6 30 222	18.4 18 251	22.0 3 549
Central city Outside central city	39 002	37 561 10 912	26 915 3 307	10 646 7 605	1 441 2 108
Warked autside SMSA af residence Place af wark nat reparted	9 995 4 300	7 816 3 935	3 455 2 751	4 361 1 184	2 179 365
LABOR FORCE STATUS					
Persons 16 years and over	74 464	<b>111 194</b> 67 427	<b>69 355</b> 41 126	<b>41 839</b> 26 301	11 129 7 037
Percent af persons 16 years and over Employed	60.9 68 531	60.6 61 949	59.3 37 296	62.9 24 653	63.2 6 582
UnemplayedPercent af civilian labor farce	5 436 7.3	4 999 7.5	3 414 8.4	1 585 6.0 j	437 6.2
Femole, 16 years and over	65 798 32 698	<b>59 999</b> 29 828	<b>38 124</b> 18 734	<b>21</b> 8 <b>75</b> 11 094	<b>5 799</b> 2 870
Percent of female, 16 years and aver Employed	49.7 30 610	49.7 27 870	49.1 17 299	50.7 10 571	49.5 2 740
Unemplayed Percent af civilian labor farce	2 073 6.3	1 943 6.5	1 420 7.6	523 4.7	130 4.5
With awn children under 6 years In labor farce	8 889 4 565	8 111 4 236	5 339 2 822	2 772 1 414	778 329
Married, husband present In labar farce	35 800 19 116	32 280 17 274	19 458 10 540	12 822 6 734	3 520 1 842
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years Nat enralled in school	10 868 3 457	9 <b>834</b> 3 236	<b>5 540</b> 2 356	4 <b>294</b> 880	1 <b>034</b> 221
Nat high school graduate Employed	2 070 1 223	1 978 1 191	1 586 986	392 205	92 32 27
Unemplayed Nat in labar farce	300 547	273 514	204 396	69 118	27 33
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979	347	314	370	110	33
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years and over	<b>79 262</b> 64.8	<b>71 606</b> 64.4	<b>43 331</b> 62.5	28 275 67.6	<b>7 656</b> 68.8
Warked in 1979	78 062 59 025	70 511 53 430	42 557 32 505	27 954 20 925	7 551 5 595
Usually worked 35 ar mare haurs per week 50 ta 52 weeks	48 404 47 518	43 820 42 954	27 022 25 952	16 798 17 002	4 584 4 564
Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week With unemplayment in 1979	39 923   15 030	36 076 13 844	22 084 8 761	13 992 5 083	3 847 1 186
Percent af thase in labor farce in 1979 Unemplayed 15 ar mare weeks	19.0 5 875	19.3	20.2 3 312	18.0 2 012	15.5 551
Mean weeks af unemplayment	15.2	5 324 15.1	14.9	15.4	17.1
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Persons 16 to 64 yeors	98 160	88 895	53 928	34 967	9 265
With a wark disabilityPrevented fram warking	8 788 4 900	8 176 4 622	5 725 3 414	2 451 1 208	612 278 189
With a public transpartation disability Persons 65 years and over	1 792	1 603 <b>20 574</b>	1 020 <b>14 240</b>	583 <b>6 334</b>	1 729
With a public transpartation disability	2 963	2 815	2 011	804	148

## Table P-13. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of White Persons: 1980

[Oota ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts	(Oota ore estimotes based on o sa	( and 8)			
[400 or More White Persons and 400 or More of a Specified Racial			Bristol County (pt.)		
Group] OCCUPATION	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remainder	Plymauth County (pt.)
Employed persons 16 years and over Manageriol and professional specially occupations Executive, administrative, and monogeriol occupations Professional specialty occupations Technical, soles, and administrative support accupations	12 276 5 165 7 111	61 949 9 939 4 175 5 764 15 324	<b>37 296</b> 4 709 2 028 2 681 8 506	24 653 5 230 2 147 3 083 6 818	6 582 2 337 990 1 347
Technicions and related support occupations Soles occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations Privote household occupations	1 530 5 754 9 755 8 991	1 323 5 181 8 820 8 174 212	654 2 910 4 942 4 738 117	669 2 271 3 878 3 436 95	1 715 207 573 935 817
Protective service occupations Service occupations except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repoir occupations Operators, fobricators, and lobarers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations	1 419 7 307 1 614 8 610 20 001 14 164 2 736	1 284 6 678 1 436 7 830 19 246 13 830 2 426	731 3 890 869 4 359 14 115 10 577 1 504	553 2 788 567 3 471 5 131 3 253 922	53 135 629 178 780 755 334 310
Hondlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and loborers	3 101	2 990	2 034	956	111
INCOME IN 1979 Households Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Meon	57 701 9 633 5 845 5 313 9 307 9 138 6 926 7 314 3 018 1 207 \$14 297 \$16 664	\$2 \$72 9 221 5 395 4 981 8 661 8 434 6 173 6 326 2 431 950 \$13 800	34 129 7 144 3 961 3 558 5 874 5 178 3 412 3 361 1 220 421 \$11 919 \$14 347	18 443 2 077 1 434 1 423 2 787 3 256 2 761 2 965 1 211 529 \$17 095 \$19 307	5 129 412 450 332 646 704 753 988 587 257 \$20 124 \$22 574
Medion income	43 002 \$17 191 \$19 310 18 679	38 896 \$16 785 \$18 707 17 308	24 149 \$15 372 \$17 082 11 687 \$4 995	14 747 \$19 321 \$21 369 5 621 \$4 965	4 106 \$22 479 \$25 021 1 371 \$7 172
Meon income Per capita income  Households With earnings	\$5 120 \$7 384 <b>\$6 166</b> <b>57 701</b> 43 169 \$17 743	\$4 987 \$7 177 <b>\$5 989</b> <b>52 572</b> 38 871 \$17 264	\$6 855 \$5 585 34 129 23 961 \$15 724	\$7 846 <b>\$6 650</b> <b>18 443</b> 14 910	\$9 997 \$7 875 5 129 4 298
With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance income Mean public assistance income Mean Public assistance income MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE	\$18 499 \$3 890 7 722 \$2 495	\$17 232 \$3 873 7 387 \$2 478	\$15 724 11 992 \$3 806 5 815 \$2 473	\$19 740   5 240   \$4 026   1 572   \$2 498	\$22 069 1 267 \$4 113 335 \$2 860
Families With own children under 18 years	\$19 310 \$19 700 \$20 829 \$22 245 \$10 824 \$8 031	\$18 707 \$19 069 \$20 173 \$21 607 \$10 686 \$7 792	\$17 082 \$16 889 \$18 683 \$19 820 \$9 935 \$7 164	\$21 369 \$22 563 \$22 398 \$24 078 \$12 888 \$10 006	\$25 021 \$25 309 \$26 729 \$27 630 \$12 534 \$11 029
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 yeors Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years With related children under 18 years Householder 65 years ond over	32 338 21 618 6 290	38 896 28 993 19 404 5 821 2 986 3 515 1 412 6 885	24 149 17 188 11 887 4 341 2 091 2 697 1 148 4 681	14 747 11 805 7 517 1 480 895 818 264 2 204	4 106 3 345 2 214 469 295 283 62 683
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	17 230 7 614 154 366	15 867 7 130 139 718	11 352 5 210 87 267	4 515 1 920 52 451	1 363 484 14 648
Reloted children under 18 yeors	40 792 30 938 31 544 22 303	36 511 27 499 29 076 20 574	22 292 16 338 19 764 14 240	14 219 11 161 9 312 6 334	4 281 3 439 2 468 1 729
Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 yeors Femole householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 yeors With related children under 18 yeors Householder 65 yeors	4 103 9.5 1 763 3 019 2 115 776 1 928 991 566	3 886 10.0 1 641 2 861 2 031 736 1 844 950 530	3 030 12.5 1 222 2 349 1 694 545 1 551 842 351	856 5.8 419 512 337 191 293 108 179	217 5.3 122 158 84 40 84 41 36
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level  65 years and over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level  Related children 5 to 17 years  Related children 5 to 17 years	3 904 22.7 1 779 17 066 11.1 6 419 4 759	3 607 22.7 1 676 16 066 11.5 6 087 4 501	2 776 24.5 1 330 12 726 14.6 5 142 3 748	831 18.4 346 3 340 6.4 945 753	297 21.8 103 1 000 6.8 332 258
60 years and over	3 571 2 776 7.1 17.0 34.8	3 361 2 608 7.3 17.6 35.9	2 464 1 948 9,4 21.6 41.2	897 660 3.7 11.0 27.0	210 168 4.9 11.8 24.2

Table P-14. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Century   Front   Fr		[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on o som	ipie; see infroduction. For meoning	8ristol County (pt.)	definitions of ferms, see oppendix	Kes A Ond 8 j
ADDITION	Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total		Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
MacQue (1997)   March   1997   2 461   100   77   100   10	NATIVITY					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Compress	Total persons	2 617	2 539	2 431	<b>108</b> 108	<b>78</b> 78
Paymen S pt   Yespen	LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK	230	230	230	-	-
Property	Persons 5 to 17 years				40	20
### PRINTED Types of and ever cerebiled in shool — 990 995 975 975 975 985 977	Percent who speak English not well or not ot oll Persons 18 years and over Speok o language other than English ot home	1 <b>842</b> 427	1 801 427	1 <b>733</b> 427	- 68 - -	41 
Student					86	. 34
Person 1 year and one over	KindergortenElementory (1 to 8 yeors)High school (1 to 4 yeors)	91 459 205	91 446 198	86 411 193	35 5	_
Sementify   10 of years   100   10	Persons 25 years old and aver	1 346	1 310		22	36
100   100	Elementory: 0 to 4 years	126	192	192		Ξ
College   10 3 years	High school: 1 to 3 years	173	173	173	-	- - 30
Winner 55 to 44 years	College: 1 to 3 years	116	116	116	-	-
Children new both — 954		199	191	181	10	R
Some Series System and over   2 361   2 226   2 116   108   137   307	Children ever born	504	504	504	-	i
Some house		2 361	2 224	2 116	108	137
## ADMORDATION OF CONTROL ## ADMORDATION OF	Some houseOifferent house in United States	1 120 1 202	1 060 1 125	1 023 1 054	37	
## ADMORDATION OF CONTROL ## ADMORDATION OF	Centrol city of this SMSA	37	23	-		52 14
	Oifferent SMSA	290	279	243	36	
Privote whiche: Crine closes	JOURNEY TO WORK				24	
Public trosportation	Privote vehicle: Orive olone	510	496	474		14
Mean troot lime to work	Public tronsportotion	96	96	96	12	-
Centrol city	Meon trovel time to work minutes	18.8	18.4	17.8		
Worked outside SMSA of residence	Centrol city	640	624	624	=	32 16 14
Parson 1 Force: STATUS   196   1.955   1.867   6.8   4.1	Worked outside SMSA of residence	197	168	152		29
Lobor force		1 004	1 055	1 007	40	41
Employed	Lobor force	1 237	1 196	1 162	34	41
Femolo, 16 years and over	EmployedUnemployed	1 003 214	970 206	936 206	34	8
Percent of female, 16 yeors ond over	Female, 16 years and aver	1 097	1 081	1 050		16
Denemoloyed	Percent of female, 16 years and over	56.2	55.5	55.7	48.4	100.0
In lobor force	Unemployed	95	87	87 14.9	- -	8 50.0
In lobor force	In lobor force	221 103	95	213 95	Ξ	8
Not high school groduote	In lobor force	173	165	165	- - 20	
Employed	Not enrolled in school	67	67	67	- -	=
Persons 16 years and aver, in labor farce in 1979   1 357   1 324   1 256   68   33     Percent of persons 16 years ond over   68.0   67.7   66.6   100.0   80.5     Worked in 1979   1 213   1 157   56   33     40 or more weeks   821   796   769   27   25     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   711   686   659   27   25     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   686   676   649   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612   592   565   27   20     Usually worked 35 or more hours per week   612	Employed Unemployed	7	7 15	7 15	=	Ξ.
Persons 16 years and aver, in labor farce in 1979		22	22	22	-	- 3-3
Percent of those in lobor force in 1979	Persons 16 years and aver, in labor farce in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years ond over	68.0	67.7	66.6	100.0	80.5
Percent of those in lobor force in 1979	Worked in 1979 40 or more weeks	1 246 821	796	1 157 769	56 27	33 25
Percent of those in lobor force in 1979	50 to 52 weeks	696	676	649	27	25 20 20
Unemployed 15 or more weeks	With unemployment in 1979 Percent of those in lobor force in 1979	370 27.3	357 27.0	26.1	29 42.6	13 39.4
Persons 16 to 64 years     1 832     1 791     1 723     68     41       With o work disobility     139     134     5     - <td>Unemployed 15 or more weeks</td> <td>174</td> <td></td> <td>164</td> <td></td> <td>10.2</td>	Unemployed 15 or more weeks	174		164		10.2
With o work disobility     139     139     134     5     -       Prevented from working     58     58     -     -       With o public tronsportotion disobility     19     19     19     -     -       Persons 65 years and over     157     157     157     -     -	Persons 16 to 64 years	1 832				41
Persons 65 years and over 157 157 –	With o work disobilityPrevented from working	139 58	58	58	-	-
	Persons 65 years and over	157	157	157		=

### Table P-15. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Black Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts					
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymauth Caunty (pt.)
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and over Managerial and prafessianal specialty accupations Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations Prafessianal specialty accupations Technical, sales, and administrative suppart accupations Technicians and related suppart accupations Sales accupations Administrative suppart accupations, including clerical Service accupations Pratective service accupations Service accupations Service accupations Pratective service accupations Pratective service accupations Pratective service accupations Precision production, craft, and repair accupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors Transpartation and material moving accupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1 003 194 73 121 203 12 20 171 220 144 37 169 14 86 286 183 53	970 194 73 121 203 112 20 171 1207 114 224 169 14 74 278 175 53	936 184 73 111 191 12 20 159 207 14 24 169 14 74 266 169 47	34 10 - 10 12 - - 12 - - - - - - 12 6 6	33     13  12 8 8
INCOME IN 1979   Households   Less than \$5,000	942 211 130 109 206 61 62 122 31 10 \$10 486 \$13 737 777 811 419	909 203 125 109 206 61 55 116 24 10 \$10 405 \$13 486 699 \$11 436	887 203 125 109 206 61 55 104 24 \$10 50 \$12 578 687 \$11 233	22 - - - - - 12 - 10 \$27 292 \$50 096 12 \$26 250	33 8 5 - - 7 6 7 - \$23 750 \$20 629 15
Mean income  Unrelated individuals 15 years and over  Median incame  Mean incame  Per capita income  With earnings  Mean earnings  Mean Social Security income  Mean Social Security income  Mean public assistance income  Mean public assistance income	\$14 239 405 \$5 089 \$6 749 \$4 565 942 7729 \$13 877 159 \$3 766 360 \$3 443	\$14 125 387 \$4 833 \$6 060 \$4 446 909 7004 \$13 453 159 \$3 766 360 \$3 443	\$13 927  331  \$5 232 \$6 055  \$4 417  887  6862 \$12 440  159 \$3 766 360 \$3 443	\$25 468 56 \$1 417 \$6 097 \$5 170 22 22 \$44 872 	\$19 518 18 \$19 125 \$21 555 \$8 790 33 25 \$25 \$14 - - -
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families With own children under 18 years Married-couple families With own children under 18 years Femole householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	\$14 239 \$12 354 \$20 081 \$19 317 \$9 032 \$7 996	\$14 125 \$12 577 \$19 614 \$19 317 \$9 243 \$8 234	\$13 927 \$12 403 \$19 390 \$19 101 \$9 243 \$8 234	\$25 468 \$25 240 \$25 468 \$25 240 	\$19 518 - \$41 825 - - -
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Fomilies  Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hauseholder, na husband present Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Hauseholder 65 years and over	714 458 491 351 203 283 132 58	699 451 483 343 203 275 124 58	687 439 477 343 203 275 1124 58	12 12 6 - - - -	15 7 8 8 - 8 8
Unrelated individuols for whom poverty status is determined	344 31 2 768 988 735 257 157	326 31 2 690 951 715 257 157	316 31 2 628 911 675 257 157	10 - 62 40 40 -	18 - 78 37 20 - -
NCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Fomilies Percent belaw paverty level Hausehalder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hausehalder, na husband present Hausehalder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Hausehalder 65 years and over	175 24.5 62 175 138 39 138 67	167 23.9 62 167 130 39 130 59	167 24.3 62 167 130 39 130 59	-	53.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Unreleted individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw paverty level 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw paverty level Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years	84 24.4 - 715 25.8 410 286	84 25.8 - 690 25.7 393 286	84 26.6 - 685 26.1 388 281	- - <b>5</b> 8.1 5	- - - <b>25</b> 32.1 17
60 years and over	21.5 21.5 34.0 53.9	21.2 34.0 53.9	21.5 34.6 55.0	8.1 8.1 8.1	- - 32.1 32.1 55.1

- Table P-16. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980
- Table P-17. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980

(The above table(s) were amitted because there were no qualifying areas)

Table P-18. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts	[Ooto ore estimates bosed on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A  8ristal County (pt.)							
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New 8edford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)			
NATIVITY								
Total personsNotive	8 <b>03</b> 322	<b>687</b> 272	<b>431</b> 161	256 111	116 50			
Foreign bom	481	415	270	145	66			
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Persons 5 to 17 years	203	185	122	63	18			
Speak a longuoge other thon English at home Percent who speak English not well or not ot oll	125 12.0	107 14.0	87 17.2	20	18			
Persons 18 years and over Speok o longuage other than English ot home Percent who speak English not well or not at all	<b>529</b> 376 14.4	446 322 16.8	273 204 16.2	173 118 17.8	83 54 -			
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Persons 3 years old ond over enrolled in school Nursery school	<b>264</b> 10	<b>246</b> 10	148	98	18			
KindergartenElementory (1 to 8 years)	35 134	35 123	10 21 82	14   41	11			
High school (1 to 4 yeors)	47 38	40 38	26 9	14   29	7 -			
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	450	000						
Persons 25 years old and over	452 28	382 28	233 21	149 7	70 -			
5 to 7 yeors 8 yeors	68 48	68 41	49 29	19 12	7			
High school: 1 to 3 years	59 104	59 93	37 62	22 31	11			
College: 1 to 3 years	37 108	26 67	6 29	20 38	11 41			
FERTILITY								
Wamen 35 to 44 yearsChildren ever born	56 141 2 518	44 123 2 795	29 72 2 483	15 51 3 400	12 18 1 500			
Per 1,000 women	2 316	2 173	2 403	3 400	1 300			
Persans 5 years and over	822 456	<b>729</b> 363	<b>411</b> 135	318 228	<b>93</b> 93			
Oifferent house in United Stotes	169	169	94	75	-			
Centrol city of this SMSA	45	45	45	-				
Outside this SMSAOifferent SMSA	124 124	124 124	49 49	75 75	-			
Abrood	197	197	182	15	-			
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	255	202	113	89	53			
Private vehicle: Drive aloneCarpool	151 50	104 50	23 42	81 8	47			
Public tronsportotion  Other meons or worked ot home	22 32	16 32	1 á 32	-	6 –			
Meon travel time to work minutes	19.8	14.6	15.4	13.9	36.5			
Worked in SMSA of residence	241 171	219 171	113 95	106 76	22			
Outside centrol cityWorked outside SMSA of residence	70   84	48 27	18 12	30 15	22 57			
Ploce of work not reported	10	10	-	10	-			
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	557	467	286	181	90			
Labor force Percent of persons 16 years and over	292 52.4	232 49.7	125 43.7	107 : 59.1	60 66.7			
EmployedUnemployed	268 24	215 17	113 12	102   5	53 7			
Percent of civilion lobor force	8.2 <b>316</b>	7.3 <b>26</b> 8	9.6 183	4.7 85	11.7 48			
Lobor farce	123 38.9	98 36.6	68 37.2	30 35.3	48 25 52.1			
EmployedUnemployed	109	91 7	61	30	18			
Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 yeors	11.4 73	7.1 61	10.3 54	7	28.0 12			
In lobor force	17 190	17 157	17 108	49	33			
In labor force	87	77	47	30 8	10 7			
Not enrolled in school	<b>42</b> 7	35 7	<b>27</b> 7	o -	-			
Not high school graduateEmployed	-	Ξ.	-	Ī	=			
UnemployedNot in labor force	-	Ξ.	-	=	_			
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979		0.0	1/0	107	40			
Persons 16 years ond over, in lobor farce in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years ond over	<b>329</b> 59.1	<b>269</b> 57.6	1 <b>62</b> 56.6	107 59.1	60 66.7			
Warked in 1979	309 240	256 187	149 100	107 87	66.7 53 53 43 32 32 32			
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	182 142	139 110	73 53	66 57	43 32			
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	94 89	62 76	26 71	36	32 13			
Percent of those in tobor force in 1979 Unemployed 15 or more weeks	27.1 16	28.3 16 12.4	43.8 11 11.6	4.7 5 5 24.0	21.7 - 8.0			
Meon weeks of unemployment DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS	11.8	12.4	11.0	24.0	0.0			
Persons 16 to 64 years	446 35	<b>363</b> 35	<b>222</b> 14	141 21	83			
With o work disability	35 21 7	21 7	14 14 7	7	-			
With o public tronsportation disability  Persons 65 years and over  With o public transportation disability	104	104	<b>64</b> 6	<b>40</b>	-			
With o public transportation disability	12	12	6	6				

Table P-19. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on a somple; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	[Ooto ore estimates based on a sor	kes A and bj			
[400 or More Asian and Pacific			Bristol County (pt.)		
Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and over	268	215	113	102	<b>53</b> 32
Monageriol and professional specialty accupations Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations	24	73 24	30 15	43	-
Professional specialty occupations Technical, soles, and administrative support occupations	11	49 5	15	34 5	32 6
Technicions and related support occupations Sales occupations	-	=	_	_	-
Administrative support occupations, including clericol Service occupations	108	5 103	49	5 54	6 5
Privote household occupationsProtective service occupations	_	- 		Ę	
Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	-	103	49	54	5 -
Precision production, croft, and repair occupations Operators, fobricators, and loborers	32	7 27	7 27	-	5 5 ;
Mochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations	27	27 -	27 -	Ξ	-
Hondlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and loborers INCOME IN 1979	5	-	-	_	5
Households	<b>220</b> 90	<b>196</b> 90	116 6B	<b>80</b> 22	24
\$E 000 A- \$7 400	10	13 13	13	7	_
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	21	21 7	16	5 7	-
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	19 32	7 20	7	20	12 12
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	19	19 6	6 -	13 6	_
Medion Meon	\$8 846 \$15 365	\$6 538 \$14 02B	\$4 167 \$7 236	\$19 643 \$23 878	\$27 500 \$26 277
Fomilies	166 \$16 250	142 \$11 406	<b>84</b> \$5 000	<b>58</b> \$26 471	24 \$27,500
Meon income	\$19 005	\$17 776	\$8 796	\$30 781	\$27 500 \$26 277
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over Median income	\$3 633	<b>61</b> \$3 633	<b>39</b> \$3 750	\$3 556	-
Meon income Per capita income	\$3 924 <b>\$4 396</b>	\$3 924 <b>\$4 155</b>	\$4 349 <b>\$2 691</b>	\$3 168 <b>\$6 620</b>	- \$5 822
Households With eornings	220	<b>196</b> 115	116 62	<b>80</b> 53	<b>24</b> 24
Meon eornings With Social Security income	\$20 766	\$19 685 71	\$10 012 44	\$31 000 27	\$25 949
Meon Social Security income	\$3 078	\$3 078 31	\$3 110 17	\$3 025 14	=
Meon public ossistance income	\$960	\$960	\$1 002	\$910	-
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Fomilies	\$19 005	\$17 776	\$8 796	\$30 781	\$26 277
With own children under 18 yeors Married-couple fomilies	\$19 058 <b>\$21 536</b>	\$17 753 <b>\$20 521</b>	\$7 079 <b>\$10 937</b>	\$34 574 <b>\$31 189</b>	\$24 896 <b>\$26 277</b>
With own children under 18 yeors Female householder, no husband present	\$21 369 <b>\$3 743</b>	\$20 451 <b>\$3 743</b>	\$B 799 \$3 743	\$34 574 -	\$24 896 -
With own children under 18 years ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979	\$1 343	\$1 343	\$1 343	_	~
Fomilies Householder worked in 1979	166 139	<b>142</b> 115	<b>84</b> 62	<b>58</b> 53 39	. 24 . 24
With reloted children under 18 yeors Femole householder, no husbond present	117	98 25	59 25	39	19
Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 yeors	17 19	17 19	17 19	Ξ	_
With reloted children under 6 yeors Householder 65 yeors ond over	12 23	12 23	12 12	11	_
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	61	61	39	22	_
65 years and over	54	54	32	22	-
Persons for whom poverty status is determined Related children under 18 years	<b>796</b> 274	<b>687</b> 241	<b>431</b> 158	<b>256</b> 83	109 33 18
Reloted children 5 to 17 yeors60 yeors and over	126	185 126	122 79	63 47	-
65 yeors ond over INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	104	104	64	40	_
Fomilies Percent below poverty level	46 27.7	<b>46</b> 32.4	<b>46</b> 54.8	_	2
Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 yeors	30	30 46	30 46	Ξ.	_
Femole householder, no husbond present Householder worked in 1979	19	19 11	19 11		-
With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	19	19 12	19 12	Ξ.	
Householder 65 yeors ond overUnrelated individuals for whom poverty status is		-	=	-	-
determined Percent below poverty level	21 34.4	<b>21</b> 34.4	15 38.5	<b>6</b> 27.3	-
65 years and over	21	21	15	6	-
Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level		<b>204</b> 29.7	186 43.2	7.0 12	11 10.1 5
Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 yeors	61	93 61	81 55 24	12 6	-
60 yeors ond over65 yeors ond over	42 34	42 34	36 2B	6	-
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:  Below 75 percent of poverty level	18.6	19.9	27.6	7.0	10.1
Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	32.0 46.2	35.5 52.0	48.7 62.9	13.3 33.6	10.1 10.1

## Table P-20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[Octa are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin			Bristol County (pt.)			New 8edford city, 8ristol County
Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Tract 6526
NOTIVITY  Notive	<b>5 338</b> 3 729 1 609	5 282 3 682 1 600	<b>4 598</b> 3 190 1 408	<b>684</b> 492 192	<b>56</b> 47 9	<b>559</b> 407 152
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Persons 5 to 17 years Speek o longuage other than English of home Percent who speek English not well or not at all Persons 18 years and over Speek a longuage other than English of hame Percent who speek English not well or not at all	1 472 870 8.7 3 221 2 623 37.2	1 451 870 8.7 3 186 2 609 37.4	1 267 811 9.4 2 717 2 310 39.2	184 59 - 469 299	21 - - 35 14	157 56 - 307 244
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	1 722 95 170 902 370 185	1 696 95 170 881 370 180	1 473 89 162 763 325 134	24.1 223 6 8 118 45 46	26 - 21 - 5	49.6 173 - 25 50 98
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons 25 years old and over Elementary: 0 to 4 years	2 570 856 438 224 254 451 174	2 540 856 432 224 254 451 157 166	2 149 758 394 196 226 366 117	391 98 38 28 28 85 40 74	30 - 6 - - - 17 7	238 109 32 14 50 21 12
FERTILITY Women 35 to 44 years Children ever born Per 1,000 women	399 1 242 3 113	<b>392</b> 1 235 3 151	<b>297</b> 946 3 185	95 289 3 042	7 7 1 000	59 183 3 102
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years and over Some hause — Oifferent house in United States Centrol city of this SMSA — Remoinder of this SMSA — Outside this SMSA — Oifferent SMSA — Abrood —	4 691 1 993 2 217 1 845 18 354 274 481	4 652 1 964 2 207 1 835 18 354 274	4 011 1 562 1 982 1 693 18 271 215 467	641 402 225 142 - 83 59 14	39 29 10 10 - -	391 211 180 151 - - 29 29
Privote vehicle: Orive alone Corpool  Public tronsportation  Other means or worked at home  Mean travel time to work  Worked in SMSA of residence Central city Outside central city Worked outside SMSA of residence Floce of work not reported	1 746 1 039 445 63 199 17.1 1 240 1 112 128 123 158	1 727 1 020 445 63 199 17.2 1 214 1 102 112 123 158	1 371 761 371 51 188 15.3 1 016 949 67 99	356 259 74 12 11 27.4 198 153 45 24	19 19 1- - 10.8 26 10 16	85 37 38 - 10 17.5 28 28 - -
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over Lobor force Percent of persons 16 years ond over Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion labor force Permole, 16 years ond over Lobor force Percent of femole, 16 years and over Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 years In lobor force Married, husband present In lobor force	3 488 2 096 60.1 1 804 281 13.5 1 823 884 48.5 774 110 12.4 531 269 900 540	3 453 2 068 59,9 1 776 281 13.7 1 816 884 48.7 7774 1110 12.4 531 269 893 540	2 943 1 680 57.1 1 425 249 14.9 1 580 723 45.8 618 105 14.5 488 240 752 419	510 388 76.1 351 322 8.4 236 161 68.2 156 5 3.1 43 29 141	35 28 80.0 28 - 7 7 - - - - - - -	336 116 34.5 85 31 26.7 182 39 21.4 28 11 28.2 48
Civilion persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school Not high school groduate Employed Unemployed Not in lobor force	431 174 155 54 19 82	<b>431</b> 174 155 54 19 82	<b>362</b> 147 134 47 11 76	69 27 21 7 8 6	-	61 16 9 - - - 9
ABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979 Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years and over Worked in 1979 40 or more weeks Usually warked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks Usually worked 35 or mare hours per week With unemployment in 1979 Percent of those in labor force in 1979 Unemployed 15 or more weeks Mean weeks of unemplayment	2 230 63.9 2 154 1 545 1 305 1 179 1 016 546 24.5 209 15.7	2 202 63.8 2 126 1 517 1 277 1 156 993 541 24.6 209 15.9	1 786 60.7 1 722 1 214 1 020 906 783 473 26.5 177	416 81.6 404 303 257 250 210 68 16.3 32 17.0	28 80.0 28 28 28 23 23 5 17.9	166 49.4 166 71 53 45 40 65 39.2 26 16.4
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Persons 16 to 64 yeors With a work disability Prevented from working With a public transportation disability Persons 65 years and over With a public transportation disability	3 177 387 246 85 295 50	3 142 379 246 77 295 50	2 691 373 246 77 236 27	451 6 - - 59 23	35 8 - 8 -	316 94 71 - 20

Table P-21. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts		o somple; see infroduction. Po	Bristol County (pt.)			New Bedford city, Bristol County
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	. Troct 6526
OCCUPATION						
Employed persons 16 years and over Monogerial and professional specialty occupations	1 <b>804</b> 216	1 <b>776</b> 199	1 <b>425</b> 130	<b>351</b> 69	<b>28</b> 17	85
Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations	55	47	39	8	8	-
Professional specialty accupations Technical, soles, and administrative support accupations	161 350	152 345	91 249	61 96 15	5	22
Technicians and reloted support occupations Soles occupations		17 64	2 38	15 26	5	2
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	264	264	209 152	26 55 75	<del>-</del> 6	22 12
Service occupations Private household occupations		227	-	/5 -	-	-
Protective service occupations Service occupations, except protective and household	17 216	17 210	17 135	- 75	- 6	12
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupationsPrecision production, craft, and repair occupations	70	70 168	60 139	10	_	
Operators, fobricators, and laborers	767	767	695 540	29 72 54	-	10 41 30
Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving accupations	49	594 49	49	-	-	11
Hondlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and loborers	124	124	106	18	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 Households	1 660	1 640	1 440	200	20	159
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$7,499	401 189	401 189	390 189	11	_	41 20 14 57 27
\$7,500 to \$9,999	136 360	125 360	113 327	12 33	11	14
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	186	177	145	32   38	9	27
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	170 134	170 134	132 110	38   24	_	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	50 34	50 34	34	16 34	_	_
Medion	\$11 320 \$13 561	\$11 332 \$13 565	\$10 376 \$11 857	\$21 875 \$25 868	\$9 773 \$13 190	\$10 352 \$9 362
Meon Families	1 347	1 333	1 153	180	φ13 170 14	139
Medion income	\$12 213	\$12 184 \$14 783	\$11 376 \$13 125	\$20 469 \$25 402	\$18 056 \$15 198	\$10 273 \$9 072
Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	\$14 787 410	φ14 763 404	354	50	φ15 176 6	25
Medion income	\$4 571 \$6 236	\$4 500 \$6 203	\$4 095 \$5 120	\$10 545 \$13 867	\$8 500 \$8 505	\$5 700 \$5 533
Meon income Per capita income		\$4 183	\$3 655	\$7 733	\$9 591	\$2 387
Households	1 660	1 640	1 440	200	20	159
With eornings Meon eornings	1 222 \$15 142	1 202 \$15 179	1 027 \$13 200	175 \$26 794	20 \$12 939	124 \$6 788
With Social Security income	293	293 \$3 744	262 \$3 740	31 \$3 775		50 \$5 819
Meon Sociol Security income With public ossistonce income	407	407	396	11	-	41 \$2 896
Mean public ossistonce income MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE	\$2 994	\$2 994	\$2 984	\$3 344	_	φ2 070
Fomilies	\$14 787	\$14 783	\$13 125	\$25 402	\$15 198	\$9 072
With own children under 18 yeors Morried-couple fomilies		\$13 760 <b>\$17 707</b>	\$12 586 <b>\$15 735</b>	\$22 835 <b>\$27 290</b>	\$8 335 <b>\$15 198</b>	\$8 687 <b>\$9 874</b>
With own children under 18 yeors Femole householder, no husband present	\$17 449	\$17 522 <b>\$6 330</b>	\$16 244 <b>\$6 322</b>	\$24 719 <b>\$6 566</b>	\$8 335	\$9 313 <b>\$5 744</b>
With own children under 18 years		\$5 327	\$5 277	\$6 566	-	\$6 567
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Fomilies	1 347	1 333	1 153	180	14	139
Householder worked in 1979	956	942	786	156	14	80
With related children under 18 yeorsFemole householder, no husbond present	337	937 337	831 326	106 11	5 -	101 27
Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years	123 281	123 281	118 270	5 11		5 23
With reloted children under 6 years	194	194 80	194 62	18		23 18 11
Householder 65 years and over Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is		80	02	10		
determined65 yeors and over	404 92	<b>398</b> 92	<b>348</b> 85	<b>50</b>	6	25 9
Persons for whom poverty stotus is determined	5 299	5 257	4 573	684	42	
Reloted children under 18 yeors Reloted children 5 to 17 years	2 074 1 429	2 067 1 422	1 852 1 238	215 184	7 7	559 252 157
60 years and over	489	489	396	93 59	<u>-</u>	31 20
65 yeors and over	295	295	236	27	_	20
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Fomilies	367	367	350	17	-	52
Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1979	27.2 135	27.5 135	30.4 124	9.4 11		37.4 37.4 30 36 15
With reloted children under 18 yeors Femole householder, no husbond present	317 230	317 230	306 225	11 5	-	36
Householder worked in 1979	58	58	53 211	5 5	_	5 11
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 6 years	216 153	216 153	153	- -	Ξ.	6
Householder 65 years and over	7	7	7	-	_	_
Unrelated individuols for whom poverty status is determined	134	134	134	-	-	-
Percent below poverty level 65 yeors and over	33.2 25	33.7 25	38.5 25	_		_
Persons for whom poverty stotus is determined	1 640	1 640	1 596	44	-	176 31.5
Percent below poverty level Related children under 18 yeors		31.2 887	34.9 872	6.4 15		64
Reloted children 5 to 17 years60 yeors and over	604 92	604 92	589 86	15 6		48
65 years and over	44	44	38	6	-	-
Percent of persons for whom poverty stotus is determined: 8elow 75 percent of poverty level	23.4	23.6	26.3	5.6	_	31.5
8elow 125 percent of poverty level	40.0 55.9	40.3 56.3	45.2 59.8	7.6 33.0	- 11.9	59.2 80.7
8elow 200 percent of poverty level	55.9	50.3	37.0	აა.0	11.7	50.7

table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

	Census Tracts		8ris	tol County (p	t.)				New	8edford city	, Bristol Cou	nty		
4	Lensus Tracis	The SMSA	Total	New Bed- ford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Troct 6501.02	Tract 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Tract 6503	Troct 6504	Troct 6505	Troct 6506
5	Total housing units/ocant seasonal and migratory/ear-round housing units	66 646 2 381 64 265	<b>59 795</b> 1 034 58 761	<b>39 523</b> 41 39 482	<b>20 272</b> 993 19 279	<b>6 851</b> 1 347 5 504	1 <b>507</b> 7 1 500	1 354 1 354	<b>950</b> - 950	<b>950</b> 3 947	1 411 - 1 411	1 710 - 1 710	1 <b>427</b> - 1 427	1 218 1 218
2	'EAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS 'enure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder			0, 102		3 304	1 300	1 034	730	//	1 411	1 710	1 42/	1 210
2	Noner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units White	35 206 57.3 33 719	30 829 54.9 29 517	15 784 42.2 14 777	15 045 80.1 14 740	4 377 82.8 4 202	1 244 84.7 1 224	745 59.1 727	814 88.1 808	634 67.9 633	715 51.9 711	499 30.1 494	539 39.3 534	223 19.4 221
2	Black	352 64 80	299 59 68	251 40 27	48 19 41	53 5 12	··· <u>·</u>	1 :::	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		··· <u>·</u>	- 3	:::	-
1	Spanish origin <sup>2</sup>	26 250 23 595	514 25 339 22 728	362 21 604 19 050	3 735 3 678	35 911 867	10 224 216	9 516 428	13 110 108	300 278	662 653	1 158 1 132	8 831 827	928 916
9	Block Americon Indion, Eskimo, and Aleut Asion ond Pocific Islander <sup>1</sup>	704 88 62	690 88 57	679 81 50	11 7 7	14 - 5	7	19		7	-	5 - 6		-
1	Sponish origin <sup>2</sup>	995	985	958	27	10	2	37	-	12	10	29	11	27
7	Vacant housing units or sole only Vacant less thon 6 months Median price osked	2 809 334 191 \$39 100	2 593 279 152 \$36 600	2 094 177 88 \$31 500	499 102 64 \$45 900	216 55 39 \$57 500	32 6 5 \$40 000	93 7 6 \$37 500	26 13 7 \$33 800	13 - -	34 4 3 \$31 700	53 3 3	57 6 6 827 100	67 1 1
2	or rent Vocont less thon 2 months Medion rent osked	1 418 650 \$125	1 391 640 \$124	1 266 574 \$123	125 66 \$157	27 10 \$207	10 5 \$160	81 66 \$314	\$105	4 1 \$150	16 6 \$167	33 21 \$129	25 12 \$123	45 14 \$106
9	lented or sold, owniting occuponcy teld for occosional use ther vocant Boarded up	348 144 565 61	286 114 523 57	201 76 374 46	85 38 149	62 30 42 4	6 1 9	5 - -	1 1 5	3 - 6 -	5 2 7 2	11 1 5	4 3 19	1 1 19
5	acking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use													
	Year-round housing units	1 388 429 810 77	1 324 392 791 75	1 089 255 720 71	235 137 71	64 37 19 2	9 5 3	13 3 9	5 2 1 2	9 6 3	13 6 7	67 16 47	28 13 14	45 12 33
Ш	Cooms  Year-round housing units	64 265	58 761	39 482	19 279	5 504	1 500	1 354	950	947	1 411	1 710	1 427	1 218
	room	635 2 026 5 060 13 227	623 1 969 4 817 12 381	552 1 403 3 715 9 100	71 566 1 102 3 281	12 57 243 846	3 10 73 362	7 61 112 374	1 11 37 235	1 7 37	9 25 107 357	3 62 134 362	2 19 84 267	2 24 139 301
	i rooms roomsr	19 770 12 532 6 132	18 542 11 309 5 271	13 024 6 916 2 895	5 518 4 393 2 376	1 228 1 223 861	562 289 124	496 199 78	344 210 68	262 361 193 57	449 309 96	732 270 117	665 293 73	463 206 67
The second	3 or more rooms Aedian, year-round housing units Aedian, occupied housing units Aedion, owner-occupied housing units	4 883 5.1 5.1 5.6	3 849 5.0 5.0 5.5	1 877 4.9 4.9 5.5	1 972 5.3 5.3 5.6	1 034 5.8 5.8 6.0	77 5.0 5.0 5.2	27 4.7 4.8 5.1	5.1 5.1 5.2	29 5.0 5.0 5.1	59 5.0 5.0 5.4	30 4.9 4.9 5.2	24 5.0 5.0 5.3	16 4.8 4.8 5.3
Ш	Aedion, renter-occupied housing units Persons in Unit	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.7	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.7	4.9	4.7
	Occupied housing units  person  persons  persons	61 456 14 352 19 361 11 092	56 168 13 387 17 724 10 136	37 388 10 034 11 731 6 578	18 780 3 353 5 993 3 558	5 288 965 1 637 956	1 468 207 542 297	1 261 211 338 247	924 143 335 199	934 170 362 203	1 377 383 477 215	1 <b>657</b> 437 550 292	1 370 368 474 241	1 151 291 325 239
	persons persons persons	9 171 4 333 1 940	8 225 3 818 1 744	4 941 2 251 1 075	3 284 1 567 669	946 515 196	262 98 40	243 116 68	129 71 28	121 50 19	167 79 32	215 94 36	163 82 30	152 76 30
	persons	813 394 2.35 2.65	765 369 2.33 2.64	508 270 2.24 2.50	257 99 2.51 2.78	25 2.54 2.68	13 9 2.47 2.62	21 17 2.83 2.85	14 5 2.45 2.51	2.32 2.36	13 11 2.14 2.37	14 19 2.21 2.36	2.17 2.35	24 14 2.38 2.92
	Persons Per Room	2.00	1.99	2.02	1.84	2.68 2.11	2.03	2.80	2.10	2.23	1.88	2.14	2.05	2.29
The state of the s	Occupied housing units	61 456 59 663 1 501 292	56 168 54 458 1 431 279	37 388 36 117 1 051 220	18 780 18 341 380 59	5 288 5 205 70 13	1 468 1 429 35 4	1 261 1 194 60 7	924 902 21	934 919 12 3	1 377 1 342 25 10	1 <b>657</b> 1 599 45 13	1 370 1 343 21 6	1 151 1 081 55 15
	'ALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	26 875	23 050	10 337	12 713	3 825	1 126	631	740	535	544	190	279	32
	ess than \$10,000	321 484 1 223 2 498	268 411 1 105 2 306	151 236 610 1 330	117 175 495 976	53 73 118 192	11 22 38 112	12 1 5 27	4 11 23 66	3 6 19 44	5 3 12 54	3 2 11 21	7 7 21 45	1 2 6
Service Constitution	25,000 to \$29,999	3 409 3 974 3 688	3 179 3 679 3 360	1 821 1 987 1 707	1 358 1 692 1 653	230 295 328	151 212 223	74 157 174	93 126 156	87 136 105	96 119 105	52 34 36	56 52 48	13 3
	40,000 to \$49,999 50,000 to \$59,999 50,000 to \$79,999 80,000 to \$79,999	4 965 2 657 2 311 670	4 295 2 125 1 648 362	1 660 526 257 29	2 635 1 599 1 391 333	670 532 663 308	253 76 25 3	133 32 14	178 53 27 2	98 26 11	103 29 15 3	27 3 1	30 10 3	2
The state of the s	100,000 to \$149,999	498 106 71	237 43 32	18 2 3	219 41 29	261 63 39	=	2 -	1		Ξ			- 1
500	Aedian  ONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units	\$37 100 25 675	\$35 900 <b>24 816</b>	\$32 600 21 259	\$39 700 3 557	\$49 300 859	\$35 400 218	\$36 100 438	\$36 500 109	\$34 000 288	\$34 300 658	\$30 900 1 153	\$30 300 830	\$31 200 926
	Aedian	\$121	\$120	\$115	\$159	\$209	\$152	\$171	\$186	\$127	\$128	\$118	\$120	\$109

Excludes "Other Asion and Pocific Islander" groups identified in sample tabulations. Persons of Spanish origin may be of any roce.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbals, see Intraduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(For meaning of symbols, see infraoction. For deminions of femis, see appendixes A and 6)												
Census Tracts					N	lew Bedfard o	city, Bristol Co	ounty—Can.					
Census iracis	Troct 6507	Troct 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510.01	Tract 6510.02	Tract 6511	Troct 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518
Total housing units	1 173	1 570	1 146	990	1 371	1 777	859	1 092	1 313	1 242	1 643	1 075	1 120
Vocant seasonal and migratoryYear-round housing units	1 173	1 570	1 146	990	1 371	1 776	859	1 092	1 313	1 240	1 643	1 075	3 1 117
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	1 1/3	1 370	1 140	770	1 3/1	1 //6	037	1 092	1 313	1 240	1 043	1 0/3	1 117
Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder													
Owner-occupied housing units	155	375	294	475	791	627	115	246	524	578	980	215	53
Percent of occupied housing units White	14.7 154	25.0 371	25.9 287	49.0 436	58.4 748	37.4 610	15.5 111	27.0 22 <u>2</u>	43.0 439	48.6 417	62.9 842	21.5 152	5.3 49
Block American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut				9 3	22 2	6		1	24 9	54 9	53 6	24 -	2
Asian and Pocific Islander <sup>1</sup> Spanish origin <sup>2</sup>	5	14			9	12	5	- 7	14	2 22	3 27		1 2
Renter-occupied housing units		1 126	839	494	563	1 050	628	666	694	612	579	786	1
WhiteBlack Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	872 	1 101 6	705 58	430 15 2	450 55 3	969 24	574 5	580 29 6	577 37 8	438 71 5	484 39 5	500 105 8	950 795 57 7
Asian and Pocific Islonder <sup>1</sup> Spanish origin <sup>2</sup>	36	27	61	11	10	8 38	44	22		5 25	2 18	 47	18
Vacancy Status		2,	0.			- 00		- 22		23		7/	10
Vacant housing units	120	69	13	21	17	99	116	180	95	50	84	74	114
For sale only Vocant less than 6 months	3 3	=	Ξ	2 2	6 6	5	4	24 5	11 2	8 6	14	6 2	=
Median price oskedFor rent	81	54	12	\$42 500 15	\$37 500 7	\$23 800 71	\$18 800 61	\$32 500 83	\$21 700 46	\$21 900 12	\$21 300 44	\$25 000 35	103
Vacant less than 2 manths Medion rent asked		12 \$121	\$110	\$308	\$183	38 \$121	33 \$110	55 \$142	19 \$147	\$105	19 \$129	7 \$146	45 \$129
Rented ar sold, awaiting occuponcyHeld for occasianal use	5 2	8	1	Ξ.		9	27 5	8	10 5	19 1	9	15	2
Other vacant Boorded up	29 4	4 -	Ξ	4 -	2	9	19 3	61 10	23 2	10 3	15 1	17 1	5
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use													
Year-round housing units Owner-occupied hausing units	78 6	<b>54</b> 19	18 7	10	6 3	<b>38</b> 13	<b>42</b> 3	<b>41</b>	<b>34</b> 14	1 <b>3</b> 5	13	<b>38</b> 2	108
Renter-occupied hausing units Vacant for rent or for sale only	7 <u>1</u>	32 3	11	9	3	14	30	22	18	8	8	3 <u>2</u>	93 14
Rooms								_	·		·	_	
Year-round housing units	1 1 <b>73</b> 45	1 570	1 146	990	1 371	1 776	859 24	1 092 52	1 313	1 240 27	1 643	1 075	1 117
l roam	19 247	47 107	34 25 116	6 28 189	12	2B 140	18 111	98 227	15 38 109	52 49	8 57	125 253	152 299
3 raams	335 289	422 686	330 401	261 247	56 404 394	474 655	199 307	212 212 227	227 327	231 374	57 204 475	198 213	471 114 28 29 11 13 2.7 2.7 5.9 2.7
6 rooms	156	225 55	173 50	144 78	271 157	277 108	146 47	129 73	322 131	262 152	486 256	109 54	29
8 ar mare rooms	66 16 4.3	22 4.8	17 4.7	37 4.5	75 5.0	91 4.9	7 4.8	74 4.3	144 5.3	93 5.2	156 5.7	84 4.1	13
Median, occupied housing units	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.6	5.0 5.7	4.9	4.8	4.4	5.4 6.2	5.2 6.0	5.7 6.1	4.1 6.2	2.7
Median, awner-accupied hausing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	5.6 4.2	5.2 4.7	5.3 4.4	5.4 3.7	4.3	5.5 4.6	5.4 4.7	5.8 3.7	4.8	4.6	5.0	3.6	2.7
Persons in Unit													
Occupied housing units	1 <b>053</b> 364	1 501 439	1 133 295	<b>969</b> 266	1 354 251	1 677 423	<b>743</b> 208	<b>912</b> 369	1 218 327	1 190 329	1 <b>559</b> - 373	1 <b>001</b> 410	1 003 722
2 persons3 persons	296 170	491 261	342 223	316 169	516 265	520 319	209 127	227 119	359 210	334 223	465 251	260 127	215 33 22
4 persans5 persons	120 48	177 78	160 63	129 47	187 87	236 99	99 50	78 52	176 71	157 69	258 110	98 48	22 8
6 persons	32 12	23 23	34 13	26 13	29 13	48 25	32 8	39 16	45 19	43 23	66 27	29 21	ī
8 or more persons Medion, occupied housing units	11 2.05	9 2.13	2.29	2.19	2.33	7 2.30	10 2.28	12 1.88	11 2.29	12 2.30	2.37	1.85	1.19
Medion, awner-accupied hausing units Median, renter-accupied housing units	2.82 1.94	2.41 2.04	2.47 2.22	2.79 1.70	2.35 2.28	2.52 2.17	2.83 2.21	2.53 1.59	2.90 1.96	2.61 2.00	2.57 2.13	2.54 1.62	2.08 1.17
Persons Per Room													
Occupied housing units  1.00 ar less	1 053 999	1 <b>501</b> 1 457	1 133 1 094	<b>969</b> 945	1 354 1 329	1 677 1 618	<b>743</b> 696	<b>912</b> 868	1 218 1 187	1 190 1 148	1 <b>559</b> 1 520	1 <b>001</b> 965	1 003 985
1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or more	38 16	33 11	34 5	22	22	51 B	43 4	40 4	28 3	40 2	34 5	28 8	5 13
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	30	101 7	193	433	715 9	<b>335</b>	<b>26</b>	106 6	<b>245</b> 7	435 8	<b>723</b>	120 2	19 1
\$10,000 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999		, 5 7	2 10	7	10 31	17 41	8	7 19	B 49	23 67	35 84	9 16	- 1
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$29,999	5	28 20	29 34	16 27	62 97	62 81	3 2	27 23	56 66	100 110	144 199	23 26	3
\$30,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 ta \$39,999	5	14 10	45 30	75 95	138 125	68 41	2	10	31 13	66 24	132	16 13	5 3 3
\$40,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	7	8 2	29 10	121 53	140 70	12	2	5 2	13	26	64 38 10	7	3
\$60,000 to \$79,999		-	4	34 2	29 1	-	=	_	-	2	4	3	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	1	Ξ	Ξ	2	3	ī	=	-	1	_	1	1	_
\$200,000 ar mare	\$34 000	\$26 000	\$32 400	1 \$39 800	\$35 400	\$27 300	\$15 800	\$23 500	\$25 100	\$25 800	1 \$27 200	\$27 500	\$33 500
CONTRACT RENT	<b>+3-7 300</b>	<b>4_0 000</b>	ψ02 <del>1</del> 00	<b>40, 000</b>	403 400	<del>4</del> 2, 300	Ţ.5 000	<del>+</del> 20 300	<del>-</del>	<del>+-2</del> 000	,_, <b>_</b> 00	,_, J00	, , , , , ,
Specified renter-occupied housing units	898	1 124	786 \$102	489	538 \$120	1 048	624	665	690	582 \$108	576 \$134	755 \$147	949
Median	\$107	\$113	\$102	\$168	\$129	\$122	\$104	\$132	\$130	\$108	\$134	\$147	\$124

<sup>1</sup>Excludes "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" graups identified in sample tabulations, <sup>2</sup>Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

 $\label{prop:continuous} \mbox{ [For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]}$ 

	New Bedford city, Bristol Caunty—Con.											
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Troct 6521	Troct 6522	Troct 6523	Troct 6524	Tract 6525	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Troct 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6529
Total housing units	882	1 192	1 193	1 206	1 234	1 192	1 189	1 392	1 805	1 339	_	1
Vocont seasonol ond migratory	882	1 1 191	1 193	1 206	3 1 231	16 1 176	1 189	1 392	1 801	1 1 338	Ξ	ī
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS												
Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder	1/0			200			007	070		000		
Owner-occupied housing units	162 20.4	455 41.4	647 56.4	888 75.8	483 40.4	415 36.4	307 27.6	272 21.5	390 22.9	923 70.8	Ξ	:::
White Block - American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	56 10 2	346 11	601 9	858 8	471 1	412	298	247 2 2	384	913	=	
Asian ond Pocific Islander <sup>1</sup>	=					•	-	• • •			-	-
Spanish origin <sup>2</sup>	17	26	10	13	12	15	13	19	15	12	-	-
(Renter-occupied housing units	632 255	643 501	501 478	284 279	712 665 5	724 704	805 751	995 786	1 313 1 220	381 378	Ξ	:::
Black   American Indion, Eskimo, and Aleut   Asian ond Pocific Islonder <sup>1</sup>	49 5	23		=		•••		36 4	15	=	=	-
Spanish origin <sup>2</sup>	45	43	12	3	32	25	73	139	83	4	_	-
Vacancy Status												
Vacant housing units	<b>88</b> 9	93 4	<b>45</b> 7	<b>34</b> 11	36 4	37 _	77	125 5	<b>9</b> 8 5	34 9	_	-
Vocant less than 6 months	\$10 000	\$37 500	3 \$41 300	\$40 000	\$16 300	Ξ	Ξ	1 -	\$28 800	\$38 100	-	-
For rent Vacant less than 2 months	69 30	44 10	27 8	8 -	23 7	21 4	46 1	98 38	74 55	12 6	Ξ.	-
Medion rent osked	\$109 4	\$113 19	\$126 3	\$157 6	\$104 2	\$116 3	\$106 9	\$108 3	\$101 4	\$154 3	_	-
Held for occasional use	- 6	6 20	2 6	2 7	2 5	4 9	1 21	3 16	5 10	4 6	_	=
8oarded up	2	6	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use												
Year-round housing units	<b>55</b> 13	<b>56</b> 13	<b>40</b> 16	7	<b>25</b> 9	<b>53</b> 25	<b>39</b> 5	7 <b>2</b> 8	<b>49</b> 10	11 8	-	:::
Renter-occupied housing units	32 9	32 9	19 1	2	14	26	29 4	60 1	36 2	2	_	:::
Rooms												
Year-round housing units	88 <b>2</b> 35	1 191 41	1 193 1	1 206 2	1 231	1 176 3	1 189	1 392 34	1 801 1	1 338	Ξ	1
2 rooms	80 131	54 123	10 58	2 21	6 41	20 53	9 86	12 128	184 191	10 28	_	
i 4 rooms	227 203	216 278	190 312	120 317	355 535	224 578	347 518	528 416	502 637	260 534	_	
5 rooms	123 47	257 95	257 160	315 257	184 64	212 56	156 56	168 76	194 63	352 103	_	:::
3 or more rooms	36 4.4	127 5.1	205 5.6	172 5.9	45 4.9	30 5.0	17 4.8	30 4.5	29 4.5	51 5.2	Ξ	
Median, occupied housing units	4.4 5.9	5.1 6.0	5.6 6.4	6.0 6.3	4.9 5.3	5.0 5.2	4.8 5.1	4.5 5.2	4.6 5.2	5.2 5.3	Ξ	
Wedion, renter-occupied housing units	4.0	4.5	4.9	5.2	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.2	5.0	-	
Persons in Unit Occupied housing units	794	1 098	1 148	1 172	1 195	1 139	1 112	1 267	1 703	1 304	_	1
person	323 198	316 328	255 357	245 433	267 410	240 371	229 333	350 353	559 509	264 486	Ξ	
3 persons	103 77	188 138	221 169	211 157	245 150	231 166	221 179	217 166	270 206	240 184	Ξ	:::
5 persons	44 22	62 40	71 37	66 43	70 34	79 26	92 33	93 44	93 38	85 29	_	
Persons     Persons     Persons     Persons     Persons       Persons     Persons     Persons	19 8	19 7	27 11	9	15 4	16 10	16	32 12	19	11 5	-	:::
Median, occupied housing units	1.87 2.79	2.21 2.78	2.39 2.71	2.29 2.36	2.31 2.43	2.39 2.38	2.48 2.76	2.30 2.92	2.07 2.49	2.30 2.41	Ξ	:::
Aedian, renter-occupied housing units	1.64	1.92	2.12	2.05	2.22	2.39	2.40	2.18	1.92	2.05	-	
Occupied housing units	794	1 098	1 148	1 172	1 195	1 139	1 112	1 267	1 703	1 304	-	1
1.00 or less	749 36	1 066 24	1 120 25	1 155 14	1 156 36	1 090 37	1 055 42 15	1 181 72	1 639 55 9	1 285 18	Ξ	:::
'.51 or more	9	8	3	3	3	12	15	14	7	1	_	
Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>48</b> 5	202	388	740	261	161	48	68	130	732	-	
ess than \$10,000	6	11	5 6	10	5	3 5	2	3 4	4	10 6 21	-	
15,000 to \$19,999	8 14	20 42	20 64	68	18 52	10 28	9 5	14 15	10 16 39	93	=	:::
325,000 to \$29,999	7 3	55 33 20	80 69	109 142	52 52 45 38 29	31 35 27	12 6	17 7 5	39 31 14	116 160 117	=	
35,000 to \$39,999	2 3	13	59 47	141 151		15 5	6 7 -	3	11 5	146 27	=	:::
50,000 to \$59,999	_	4 2	12 19 4	63 28	12 5	2	Ξ	-	-	28 7	=	:::
150,000 to \$99,999	Ξ	-	3	6 2	=	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ē	í	-	
150,000 to \$199,999	- \$21 400	\$26 700	\$31 400	\$35 700	\$29 800	\$30 500	\$27 900	\$24 200	\$29 400	\$33 800	=	:::
ONTRACT RENT	Ψ21 400	\$20 /00	φ51 400	ψ35 700	Ψ27-000	<del>400</del> 300	42. 700	72. 200	<b>42.</b> 400	,		
Specified renter-occupied housing units	591 \$100	641	<b>49</b> 8 \$123	<b>283</b> \$146	<b>70</b> 1 \$107	<b>721</b> \$108	<b>804</b> \$106	<b>984</b> \$102	1 313 \$103	<b>379</b> \$123	-	-
Aedion	\$100	\$119	\$123	\$140	\$107	φινο	φ100	\$102	\$103	ψ120		

'Excludes 'Other Asion and Pacific Islander' groups identified in sample tobulations. <sup>2</sup>Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A ond B]												
Caracia Tomata				Rem	oinder of Brist	ol County (pt	.)				Plym	outh County (	pt.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Troct 6531	Troct 6532	Troct 6533	Troct 6541	Troct 6542	Troct 6551	Troct 6552	Troct 6553	Troct 6554	Troct 5401	Troct 5601	Troct 5611
Total housing units Vocont seosonol ond migrotory Yeor-round housing units	2 352 123 2 229	2 554 19 2 535	2 706 2 706	3 115 283 2 832	1 <b>691</b> 11 1 680	1 372 1 372	1 126 49 1 077	1 758 3 1 755	1 <b>459</b> 1 <b>459</b>	2 139 505 1 634	2 496 516 1 980	2 606 559 2 047	1 <b>749</b> 272 1 477
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS													
Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder Owner-occupied housing units	1 897	2 175	2 154	2 181	1 453	1 023	919	1 150	825	1 268	1 707	1 551	1 119
Percent of occupied housing units White	88.3 1 851	87.7 2 141	81.7 2 081	79.1 2 152	88.2 1 438	76.2 1 016	86.9 883	67.3 1 138	58.8 796	79.3 1 244	90.3 1 696	78.3 1 507	79.0 999
8lock American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut		<del>.</del>	12	;				2				12	41
Asion ond Pocific Islonder <sup>1</sup> Spunish origin <sup>2</sup>		7 20	14 30	6 29	9	- 9	7	11	13	10	5 11	. 7	13
Renter-occupied housing units White		305 298	483 473	577 568	195 194	319 317	138 129	559 552	578 574	330 327	184 182	429 417	298 268
8lack American Indion, Eskimo, and Aleut	-	1	3	3	•••	•••	'-1			1		3	9
Asian and Pocific Islander <sup>1</sup> Spanish angin <sup>2</sup>		2	1 5	i 3		2			2		-	3 3	7
Vacancy Status		•	3	3	_	2	4	,	2		_	3	
Vacant housing units For sole anly	<b>81</b> 27	<b>55</b>	<b>69</b> 20	<b>74</b> 17	<b>32</b>	<b>30</b>	20	<b>46</b> 8	<b>56</b>	36	<b>89</b> 27	<b>67</b> 14	<b>60</b>
Vocont less than 6 months Median price asked	\$47 500	\$29 200	15 \$56 300	10 \$55 000	\$60 000	\$37 500	\$47 500	\$36 700	\$23 800	\$22 500	18 \$48 300	\$65 000	\$72 500
For rent Vocont less than 2 months	18 5	9 4	15	8 4	1	15	2	19	30 23 \$170	5 3	9 4	13	5
Medion rent osked Rented or sold, owoiting occuponcy Held for occasional use	\$206 11	\$148 4 4	\$128 7 3	\$250 18 16	\$195 15	\$141 5	\$170 3 2	\$142 8 3	\$170 8 5	\$125 6 3	\$165 26	\$232 12 12	\$185 24 11
Other vocontBoarded up	24	3 <u>1</u>	24	15	6	<u>.</u>	7	8 -	12 1	16	20 1	16	6 2
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use													
Year-round housing units Owner-occupied housing units	17	<b>30</b> 20	<b>52</b> 33	23 12	11 9	11 7	9	18	17 9	<b>30</b> 15	28 20	18 7	18 10
Renter-occupied housing units Vocont for rent or for sole only	12	6	11	8 -	2	4 -	3	7 2	7	-	5 -	9	5
Rooms Year-round housing units	2 229	2 535	2 706	2 832	1 680	1 372	1 077	1 755	1 459	1 634	1 980	2 047	1 477
1 room2 rooms	4	5 16	1 14	14 154	1 18	8 77	2	126	25 108	6 23	4 21	4 22	4
3 rooms4 rooms	98 317	78 365	72 533	178 328	112 340	127 296	52 180	107 257	136 267	142 398	77 353	99 317	67 176
5 rooms6 rooms	638 549	753 674	917 638	634 588	492 383	395 259	326 290	590 370	333 284	440 358	483 476	451 454	294 293 235
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	329 276 5.6	372 272 5.6	297 234 5.3	423 513 5.7	202 132 5.3	123 87 5.0	132 83 5.4	180 120 5.1	170 136 5.1	148 119 5.1	291 275 5.6	335 365 5.8	235 394 6.1
Medion, yeor-round housing units  Medion, occupied housing units  Medion, owner-occupied housing units		5.6 5.7	5.3 5.5	5.7 6.1	5.3 5.4	5.0 5.3	5.4 5.5	5.2 5.5	5.1 5.9	5.1 5.3	5.6 5.7	5.8 6.1	6.1 6.4
Medion, renter-occupied housing units		4.8	4.5	3.5	4.0	3.6	4.5	4.1	3.8	4.3	4.8	4.5	4.9
Persons in Unit Occupied housing units	2 148	2 480	2 637	2 758	1 648	1 342	1 057	1 709	1 403	1 598	1 891	1 980	1 417
1 person2 persons	236 586	340 796	369 838	609 924	209 510	300 445	138 350	400 564	415 415	337 565	287 571	384 618	294 448
3 persons  4 persons  5 persons	424 494 229	537 448 218	547 513 236	436 444 220	321 339 162	218 218 91	193 188 111	305 272 103	255 170 95	322 198 102	336 371 214	366 339 184	254 236 117
6 persons	116 50	96 28	86 38	84 32	76 21	48 13	46 23	39 18	33 12	45 22	82 18	66 16	48 14 6
8 or more persons Medion, occupied housing units	13 3.09	17 2.69	10 2.70	9 2.33	10 2.83	9 2.33	8 2.71	8 2.31	8 2.19	7 2.32	12 2.76	7 2.48	2.43
Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.21 2.33	2.78 2.20	2.88 2.12	2.62 1.51	2.98 1.99	2.58 1.60	2.83 2.17	2.56 1.75	2.69 1.48	2.39 2.00	2.84 2.26	2.71 1.94	2.45 2.29
Persons Per Room Occupied housing units	2 148	2 480	2 637	2 758	1 648	1 342	1 057	1 709	1 403	1 598	1 891	1 980	1 417
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50		2 425 47	2 581 49	2 721 31	1 603	1 303	1 018	1 680 24	1 377	1 557	1 843 40	1 959	1 403
1.51 or more	7	8	7	6	3	34 5	6	5	4	8	8	3	2
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 623	1 903	1 792	1 908	1 104	807	825	959	670	1 122	1 493	1 355	977
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$14,999	12 15	11 33	13 34	7 18	1 2	8	16 13	15 12	14 11	24 29	21 24	13 31	19 18
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999	36 69 99	94 159 153	76 122 177	43 97 109	17 36 83	38 94 183	27 74 123	48 105 165	40 62 113	76 158 153	64 108 123	35 54 54	18 19 30 53 61 53
\$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999	118	209 201	241 265	179 206	165 178	178 123	122 120	190 148	107 100	183	143 174	91 101	61 53
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	375 341	439 282	349 212	327 307	309 166	133 26	189 83	182 61	144 41	188 80	308 203 185	207 214	155 115 173
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	317 65	211 60 43	199 59 41	361 111	127 13 4	16 4	45 9 4	31	33 2 2	51 9 7	185 83 50	305 131 100	173 94 111
\$150,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more	22 2 1	43 4 4	41 3 1	95 29 19	4 2 1	=	- -	-	- 1	1	7	16	40 36
Median	\$48 200	\$41 700	\$39 400	\$49 000	\$42 100	\$32 100	\$36 600	\$33 500	\$34 400	\$33 300	\$43 200	\$53 600	\$55 500
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	226	271	462	524	181	317	127	556	575	318	171	414	274
Medion	\$193	\$170	\$138	\$209	\$173	\$129	\$170	\$135	\$158	\$167	\$189	\$216	\$202

'Excludes ''Other Asion and Pocific Islander'' groups identified in sample tobulations. Persons of Spanish origin may be of any roce.

Table H-2. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and			Bristol County (pt.)					
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymouth County (pt.)			
Occupied housing units	57 314	52 245	33 827	18 418	5 069			
ACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE  Owner-occupied housing units  enter-occupied housing units	405 707	369 689	239 619	130 70	36 . 18			
PERSONS IN UNIT    person	13 430 18 288 10 301 8 518 4 006 1 735 699 337 2.33 2.62 1.96	12 502 16 705 9 400 7 609 3 512 1 548 654 315 2.32 2.62	9 201 10 805 5 914 4 398 1 981 902 407 219 2.21 2.48 1.99	3 301 5 900 3 486 3 211 1 531 646 247 96 2.50 2.77 1.84	928 1 583 901 909 494 187 45 22 2.53 2.68 2.07			
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	55 769 1 294 251	50 777 1 229 239	32 788 858 181	17 989 371 58	4 992 65 12			
ROOMS   Median, occupied housing units   Median, owner-occupied housing units   Median, renter-occupied housing units   Medi	5.1 5.6 4.4	5.1 5.5 4.4	4.9 5.4 4.5	5.3 5.6 4.1	5.8 6.0 4.7			
/ALUE  specified owner-occupied housing units  ess thon \$15,000	25 834 746 1 125 2 359 3 230 3 812 3 552 4 818 2 595 2 272 657 492 106 70	22 157 636 1 018 2 179 3 017 3 538 3 245 4 169 2 079 1 619 350 233 43 43 31 \$36 100	9 704 356 541 1 219 1 694 1 875 1 628 1 584 510 248 27 17 2 3 \$32 800	12 453 280 477 960 1 323 1 663 1 617 2 585 1 569 1 371 323 216 41 28 \$39 700	3 677 110 107 180 213 274 307 649 516 653 307 259 63 39 \$50 000			
Specified renter-occupied housing units	23 161 \$121	<b>22 342</b> \$120	18 8 <b>34</b> \$115	3 508 \$159	819 \$211			

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Bristol County (pt.)		
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymouth Caunty (pt.)
Occupied housing units	1 056	989	930	59	67
LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	1 34	1 34	1 34	-	_
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	275 292 178 155 73 42 26 15 2.37	261 271 166 146 66 40 26 13 2.36 2.93	248 258 155 135 62 36 24 12 2.34 2.93	13 13 11 11 4 4 2 2 1 2.82 2.94	14 21 12 9 7 2 2 2 2.43 2.47
Medion, renter-occupied housing units  PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 arg mare	2.08 2.18 996 49	2.73 2.18 930 48 11	2.73 2.18 873 46	2.74 2.25 57 2	2.47 2.00
ROOMS Median, accupied housing units Median, awner-occupied hausing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	4.8 6.0 4.2	4.8 6.1 4.2	4.7 6.1 4.2	5.5 5.7 4.3	5.5 5.5 5.0
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$15,000. \$15,000 to \$19,999  \$20,000 to \$24,999  \$30,000 to \$24,999  \$33,000 to \$34,999  \$340,000 to \$49,999  \$50,000 to \$59,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$80,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 to \$199,999  \$150,000 to \$199,999  \$150,000 to \$199,999  \$200,000 or more	262 17 27 37 47 38 35 32 10 13 3 3	217 9 23 33 43 33 26 27 10 9 3 1	173 7 21 31 37 27 22 19 6 2 -	44 2 2 2 2 6 6 4 8 4 7 7 3 -	45 8 4 4 4 5 9 5 - - -
Median  CONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units  Median	\$30 400 654 \$127	\$30 100 641 \$126	\$28 800 <b>632</b> \$126	\$40 000 <b>9</b> \$185	\$32 500 13 \$206

Table H-4. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980

(The above table(s) were amitted because there were no qualifying areas)

# fable H-5. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

[Excludes "Other Asion and Pocific Islander" groups identified in sample tobulations. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

ensus Tracts 400 or More Asian and Pacific			Bristol County (pt.)		
Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New 8edford city	Remainder	Plymouth County (pt.)
Occupied housing units	142	125	77	48	17
ACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE wner-occupied housing units enter-occupied housing units	- 2	- 2	ī	- 1	-
persons — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	32 28 40 24 10 4 4 - 2.77 3.10 2.42	29 25 36 19 8 4 4 - 2.74 3.11 2.27	22 18 23 8 3 1 1 2 2- 2.42 2.55 2.30	7 7 7 13 11 5 5 3 2 3.27 3.38 2.00	3 3 4 5 2 - - 3.13 3.00 3.25
ERSONS PER ROOM  .00 or less	135	118 4 3	72 2 3	46	17 -
edion, occupied housing unitsedion, occupied housing unitsedion, owner-occupied housing units	5.2 6.1 4.3	5.1 6.0 4.3	4.8 5.9 4.3	5.9 6.0 4.3	5.8 6.8 4.7
ALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units ss than \$15,000. 15,000 to \$19,999 25,000 to \$24,999 25,000 to \$24,999 30,000 to \$34,999 40,000 to \$34,999 40,000 to \$39,999 50,000 to \$59,999 50,000 to \$59,999 50,000 to \$79,999 10,000 to \$199,999 150,000 to \$199,999 150,000 to \$199,999	59 3 3 2 6 5 7 8 17 4 3 1 - - \$44 400	49 2 2 2 6 5 6 8 13 1 3 1 - \$41 900	19 2 1 1 1 3 1 4 5 5 1 - - - \$40 800	30 - 1 1 5 2 5 4 4 8 3 1 - - \$45 000	10 1 1 1 - - - 1 - 4 3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
ONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units edion	<b>58</b> \$126	53 \$123	<b>49</b> \$118	\$4 \$213	5 \$213

Table H-6. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Bristol County (pt.)			New Bedford city, 8ristol County
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Totol	New 8edford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6526
Occupied housing units	1 544	1 499	1 320	179	45	158
LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE Owner-occupied housing unitsRenter-occupied housing units	20 45	19 45	16 45	3 -	1_	2 6
PERSONS IN UNIT           1 person         2 persons	239 357	236 339	213 287	23 52	3 18	21 25
8 persons 4 persons 5 persons 5 persons	332 270 173 95	318 266 169 93	280 233 147 88	38 33 22	14 4 4 2	. 37 . 36 24
7 persons 8 or more persons Wedion, occupied housing units	51 27 3.03	51 27 3.05	45 27 3.07	2.88	2.61	9 1 3.39
Medion, owner-occupied housing unitsMedion, renter-occupied housing unitsPERSONS PER ROOM	3.24 2.91	3.30 2.91	3.41 2.94	3.06 2.08	2.47 2.90	4.00 3.29
1.00 or less	1 379 125 40	1 335 124 40	1 167 117 36	168 7 4	44 1 -	133 20 5
ROOMS  Nedion, occupied housing units  Medion, owner-occupied housing units  Medion, renter-occupied housing units	4.8 5.4 4.4	4.8 5.4 4.5	4.7 5.3 4.5	5.3 5.5 4.4	5.4 5.6 4.0	4.5 4.8 4.5
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>333</b>	<b>303</b> 10	181 7	1 <b>22</b> 3	<b>30</b> 2	2
\$15,000 to \$19,999	18 39 46 62	16 36 42 60	9 28 31 44	7 ! 8 ! 11 ! 16 !	2 3 4 2	1
\$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	37 70 28	35 64 26	26 30 5	9 34 21	2 6 2	-
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	3 2 -	2 2 -	-	2 2 -	1 - -	- - -
\$200,000 or more	\$34 200	\$34 000	\$31 800	1 \$41 600	\$40 000	\$22 500
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	969 \$109	<b>961</b> \$109	<b>936</b> \$108	<b>25</b> \$155	8 \$160	137 \$107

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimotes based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Consus Tuesta		8ris	tol County (p	t.)					8edford city,			<u> </u>	
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New 8ed- fard city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Troct 6501.01	Troct 6501.02	Troct 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Tract 6503	Troct 6504	Tract 6505	Troct 6506
Year-round housing units	64 298	58 799	39 497	19 302	5 499	1 498	1 354	936	964	1 411	1 710	1 427	1 234
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete kitchen focilities	63 352 6 673 4 883 14 565 2 225 57 794 46 324	57 877 5 726 3 575 13 199 2 090 54 529 45 371	38 703 2 803 1 419 8 311 1 361 39 429 38 314	19 174 2 923 2 156 4 888 729 15 100 7 057	5 475 947 1 308 1 366 135 3 265 953	1 482 276 79 506 61 1 481 1 060	1 348 143 36 557 53 1 343 1 321	931 105 90 352 47 922 792	938 57 - 248 13 964 960	1 399 82 93 345 53 1 411 1 404	1 670 52 26 265 29 1 710 1 694	1 403 22 22 256 5 1 427 1 427	1 224 8 13 160 6 1 234 1 234
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched 2	33 389 10 076 12 337 4 955 1 657 1 457 427	28 292 9 865 12 251 4 915 1 637 1 457 382	12 967 7 959 11 466 4 560 1 291 1 203 51	15 325 1 906 785 355 346 254 331	5 097 211 86 40 20 - 45	1 274 157 27 13 27	891 74 14 19 289 23 44	809 80 22 16 9	553 243 80 88 - -	601 413 274 73 50	260 376 744 265 65	312 438 525 152 - -	54 99 663 388 30 -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1979 to Morch 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 or eorlier	689 3 605 5 173 6 860 7 270 6 104 34 597	561 3 102 4 492 5 889 6 315 5 569 32 871	188 1 447 2 268 2 550 3 418 3 962 25 664	373 1 655 2 224 3 339 2 897 1 607 7 207	128 503 681 971 955 535 1 726	13 43 239 352 271 99 481	5 77 504 553 89 40 86	24 37 70 207 284 61 253	10 18 110 313 153 360	10 15 46 128 211 181 820	16 38 11 36 138 1 471	6 9 26 51 97 139 1 099	- - 16 38 120 1 060
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-air furnace Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units None	27 413 15 639 352 2 280 18 545 69	24 750 14 138 283 1 896 17 670 62	14 761 8 621 153 1 150 14 755 57	9 989 5 517 130 746 2 915	2 663 1 501 69 384 875 7	624 646 10 31 183	196 709 18 304 127	543 281 5 29 78	587 201 - 15 161	654 276 8 24 449	491 130 12 34 1 033 10	481 237 5 66 632 6	232 65 12 925
Occupied housing units	61 456	56 168	<b>37 3</b> 88	18 780	<b>5 2</b> 88	1 468	1 261	905	953	1 377	1 657	1 370	1 162
Units with roomers or boorders  No telephone  Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus half both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus half both(s) 2 or more bodrooms 1 complete bothroom plus half both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms	618 3 652 <b>35 206</b> 6 015 5 909 4 345 <b>26 250</b> 19 003 658 421	537 3 484 30 829 4 835 5 073 3 168 25 339 18 269 564 327	327 3 030 <b>15 784</b> 2 349 2 350 1 170 <b>21 604</b> 15 956 422 206	210 454 15 045 2 486 2 723 1 998 3 735 2 313 142 121	81 168 4 377 1 180 836 1 177 911 734 94	5 23 1 244 146 252 69 224 156 23 10	9 75 <b>745</b> 77 113 28 <b>516</b> 436 30 8	9 24 8 <b>33</b> 75 105 80 <b>72</b> 51	6 41 615 47 57  338 294	7 23 <b>715</b> 111 74 93 <b>662</b> 546 8	169 499 54 34 20 1 158 953 18	9 84 <b>539</b> 47 22 13 <b>831</b> 706	13 155 <b>266</b> 46 8 13 896 706
HOUSE HEATING FUEL  Utility gas	32 009 1 243 2 669 24 377 1 118 40	31 179 862 2 204 21 112 771 40	24 324 386 1 345 11 124 169 40	6 855 476 859 9 988 602	830 381 465 3 265 347	840 -1 41 558 29	773 74 249 154 11	424 9 34 434 4	607  15 331 	829 11 40 491 6	1 264 10 46 331 -	983 10 59 312 -	1 001 5 12 144 -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE           None           1           2           3 or more	11 418 26 918 17 638 5 482	11 171 25 206 15 227 4 564	9 822 17 905 7 861 1 800	1 349 7 301 7 366 2 764	247 1 712 2 411 918	129 520 629 190	171 599 369 122	67 321 401 116	121 463 300 69	202 719 378 78	394 913 282 68	266 792 281 31	319 600 187 56
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier	35 206 2 492 6 737 6 018 8 365 11 594 26 250 7 021 9 220 4 289 5 720	30 829 2 074 5 620 5 054 7 460 10 621 25 339 6 644 8 953 4 143 5 599	15 784 965 2 471 2 395 3 827 6 126 21 604 5 678 7 481 3 489 4 956	15 045 1 109 3 149 2 659 3 633 4 495 3 735 966 1 472 654 643	4 377 418 1 117 964 905 973 911 377 267 146 121	1 244 63 228 326 334 293 224 62 85 38 39	745 31 193 106 302 113 516 210 174 122 10	833 54 111 143 267 258 72 23 26 5 18	615 35 65 55 168 292 338 49 77 95	715 49 88 94 151 333 662 149 244 92 177	499 26 65 46 99 263 1 158 267 426 151 314	539 31 17 64 186 241 831 170 230 93 338	266 6 65 4 57 134 896 261 277 132 226
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Docupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle ovoiloble No telephone	16 056 9 158 357 5 880 836	14 939 8 161 305 5 739 801	10 619 5 008 215 4 700 682	4 320 3 153 90 1 039 119	1 117 997 52 141 35	<b>350</b> 319 7 67 7	136 119 - 13	225 210 - 43 10	271 220 - 43	431 262 - 139 4	<b>471</b> 220 6 195 49	<b>392</b> 140 - 173 42	266 64 - 138 58
NCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Nomer-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use.  1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room lenter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	2 255 6.4 2 217 16 38 - 5 854 22.3 5 699 300 155 19	2 018 6.5 1 985 16 33 - 5 668 22.4 5 513 294 155	1 022 6.5 1 015 16 7 	996 6.6 970 - 26 - 497 13.3 497 - -	237 5.4 232 - 5 - 186 20.4 186 6 - -	64 5.1 64 - - 43 19.2 43 - -	9 1.2 9 - - 175 33.9 175 36 - -	57 6.8 57 - - 13 18.1 13 - -	33 5.4 33 - - - 60 17.8 60 - -	<b>40</b> 5.6 40 <b>52</b> 7.9 52	22 4.4 22 - - 172 14.9 168 11 4	64 11.9 64 - - 121 14.6 121 - -	23 8.6 23   176 19.6 176 16 

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on o somple; see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Ne	w Bedford city	, Bristol Cou	nty—Con.					
Census Tracts	Troct 6507	Troct 6508	Troct 6509	Troct 6510.01	Troct 6510.02	Troct 6511	Troct 6512	Troct 6513	Troct 6514	Troct 6515	Troct 6516	Troct 6517	Troct 6518
Year-round housing units	1 157	1 570	1 146	949	1 412	1 777	870	1 081	1 313	1 242	1 684	1 034	1 134
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete kitchen focilities	1 107 18 11 107 - 1 157 1 129	1 551 12 22 179 - 1 570 1 551	1 124 27 31 233 21 1 127 1 139	934 161 52 650 416 949 755	1 412 171 65 439 205 1 412 1 378	1 758 116 56 308 36 1 777 1 764	827 7 20 52 - 870 870	1 040 48 45 97 6 1 081 1 075	1 288 116 44 274 5 1 313 1 300	1 212 95 21 212 38 1 242 1 226	1 676 198 61 299 3 1 684 1 658	1 010 88 59 564 207 1 034 1 034	1 063 59 29 215 30 1 134 1 081
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched 2	22 61 519 475 80 –	134 216 815 312 53 40	451 148 397 76 74 -	486 15 381 37 19	947 238 187 40 - -	394 499 679 185 20 –	38 90 447 257 38 -	172 326 344 217 22	344 517 361 78 13 -	596 371 210 41 19 5	814 631 210 21 8 -	255 193 98 169 137 182	46 64 113 112 190 602 7
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1979 to Morch 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 or eorlier	- 13 8 6 28 197 905	- 80 67 37 98 1 288	6 19 40 80 211 372 418	59 261 302 145 87 63 32	7 34 257 305 315 131 363	- 5 6 19 119 213 1 415	- 8 10 3 59 39 751	31 - 12 47 125 866	11 5 11 24 26 56 1 180	- 5 76 46 194 95 826	- - 49 88 164 1 383	29 254 116 4 33 11 587	285 210 12 5 12 610
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Steom or hot woter system  Centrol worm-oir fumoce Electric heot pump  Other built-in electric units  Other meons  None	234 101 - 39 783 -	299 229 5 35 1 002	613 224 7 28 274	238 513 9 84 105	559 598 10 20 225	639 299 - 14 825	87 88 - 23 672	567 168 - 42 304 -	692 257 7 10 347	632 330 - 21 259	881 417 - 29 357	474 314 14 70 144 18	663 320 6 28 117
Occupied housing units	1 042	1 501	1 133	926	1 397	1 677	751	904	1 218	1 190	1 598	962	1 024
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Units with roomers or boorders No telephone Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms	15 324 112 5 5 - 930 612 13	112 375 49 - 22 1 126 882 12	14 148 <b>294</b> 11 17 31 <b>839</b> 647	27 468 64 139 40 458 194 22	5 76 <b>798</b> 69 150 50 <b>599</b> 540 21	46 160 <b>627</b> 118 100 42 <b>1 050</b> 884 16	14 129 115 18 7 13 636 505 -	17 150 <b>246</b> 86 30 27 <b>658</b> 324 13 18	15 100 <b>524</b> 129 105 39 <b>694</b> 537 11	14 145 <b>578</b> 93 79 16 <b>612</b> 473 16	15 37 <b>969</b> 252 179 55 <b>629</b> 550 17	70 226 66 26 34 736 310 62 25	5 159 <b>70</b> 4 - 29 <b>954</b> 193 59
HOUSE HEATING FUEL  Utility gos 80tHed, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other No fuel used	865 10 32 135	1 281 13 49 152 6	724 26 35 335 13	635 14 114 157 6	952 - 39 402 4	1 239 45 14 363 16	637 9 23 82	426 37 429 12	604 7 17 590	646 14 26 497 7	624 8 29 922 15	457 6 109 376 5	512 - 40 461 11
VEHICLES AVAILABLE  None	444 474 102 22	476 811 190 24	417 491 184 41	139 463 268 56	245 706 395 51	391 895 320 71	317 335 78 21	379 387 100 38	259 617 291 51	351 548 237 54	289 798 417 94	401 453 78 30	566 387 47 24
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units  1979 to Morch 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or eorlier	112 - 27 10 23 52	375 7 48 37 81 202	294 29 34 53 68 110	468 64 74 124 127 79	798 54 98 137 219 290	627 42 101 84 114 286	115 9 18 4 17 67	246 4 34 56 98 54	524 27 66 92 113 226	578 17 106 72 143 240	969 51 201 167 191 359	226 24 53 29 36 84	70 - 21 18 3 28
Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or eorlier  CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH	930 303 258 166 203	1 126 256 390 217 263	839 213 188 227 211	458 116 296 46	599 108 244 164 83	302 361 123 264	636 172 179 132 153	252 234 33 139	694 207 201 119 167	612 182 196 107 127	629 168 201 69 191	736 281 281 95 79	954 219 491 165 79
HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle ovoiloble No telephone	248 24 - 168 59	551 191 13 307 30	287 66 6 203 35	320 135 - 100 9	<b>431</b> 315 7 120 26	372 170 - 163 30	140 51 13 59 21	194 54 13 103 42	304 138 13 117 21	335 172 - 149 9	432 265 6 152	285 71 - 146	579 31 30 362 45
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Owner-occupied housing units  Percent below poverty level  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1 01 or more persons per room  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Renter-occupied housing units  Percent below poverty level  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	15 13.4 15 - - - 229 24.6 207	35 9.3 35 - - 308 27.4 308	13 4.4 13 - - 286 34.1 280	18 3.8 18 - - 92 20.1	43 5.4 43 - - 119 19.9 119	41 6.5 41 - - 294 28.0 279	26 22.6 26 8 - 163 25.6 163	21 8.5 21 - - - 224 34.0 217	60 11.5 60 - - 108 15.6 108	8.5 42 8 7 - 200 32.7 200	65 6.7 65 - - 142 22.6 142	- - - - - 251 34.1 251	7 10.0 7 - - 213 22.3 188 28 25
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	22 5	5 - -	23 6 -	=	-	17 15 -	=	7 7 -	5 - -	6 - -	=	11 - -	28 25 -

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					New 8ed	lford city, 8nst	tol County—Co	on.				
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Troct 6520	Troct 6521	Troct 6522	Troct 6523	Troct 6524	Troct 6525	Troct 6526	Troct 6527	Troct 6528	Troct 6528.99	Troct 6529
Year-round housing units	863	1 192	1 193	1 206	1 229	1 185	1 189	1 392	1 805	1 340	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												
Complete kitchen facilities	843 21 20 44	1 172 81 81 144	1 177 162 114 253	1 206 321 122 414	1 225 66 42 238	1 160 26 7 200	1 143 22 19 144	1 290 25 21 91	1 750 34 17 221	1 340 184 101 244	-	-
Centrol systemSource of woter, public system or private compony Sewage disposol, public sewer	856 825	1 192 1 179	9 1 193 1 193	37 1 206 1 187	22 1 229 1 229	1 185 1 154	6 1 189 1 181	1 392 1 380	14 1 805 1 801	32 1 340 1 333	_	=
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	623	1 1/7	1 173	1 107	1 227	1 134	1 101	1 300	1 601	1 333	_	-
1, detoched or ottached2	188 261	310 352	496 259	806 306	333 313	171 310	74 89	183 193	140 239	813 388	-	-
2	182 80	381 134	405 33	94	434 135	606 98	834 184	670 316	633 524	117 22	Ξ	= [
10 to 4950 or more	30 122	15		_	14	=	8	30	51 218		Ξ	-
Mobile home or troiler, etc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to March 1980	_	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	7	_	_
1975 to 1978	90	5 -	Ξ.	7	11 19	32 7	5 4	36 45	205 6	26 33	Ξ	-
1960 to 1969	24	. 6	18 62	55 155	25 140	. 8 . 52	25	32 49	31 81	153 260	_	-
1940 to 1949	170 579	117 1 058	98 1 015	149 840	172 862	100 986	188 963	154 1 076	153 1 324	154 707	Ξ	=
HEATING EQUIPMENT	252	.00	505	000	405	200	001	101	200	705		
Steam or hot woter system	259 240	439 254 5	585 268	832 284	485 197 9	330 119	221 181 4	191 104 12	308 346	725 225 7	Ξ	=1
Other means  Ther means  Ther means	25 339	23 465	340	17 73	538	12 724	39 744	33 1 052	27 1 111	16 367	=	Ξ
lone	-	6	-	7=	_			-	13	-	-	-
Occupied housing units	773	1 098	1 148	1 172	1 195	1 139	1 112	1 267	1 703	1 305	-	-
Inits with roomers or boorders	20	29	13	18	_	12	_	_	17	_	_	-
to telephone	163 <b>145</b>	92 <b>455</b>	24 <b>647</b>	11 888	32 483	74 <b>415</b>	121 <b>307</b>	141 <b>272</b>	127 <b>390</b>	14 9 <b>24</b>	-	-
4 or more bedrooms  1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s)	9 15	102 64	152 150	204 310	56 54 37	40 21	11 22	37 13	37 26	134 173	_	-
2 or more complete bothrooms	13 <b>628</b> 437	54 <b>643</b> 437	104 <b>501</b>	122 <b>284</b> 238	712 642	<b>724</b> 612	12 8 <b>05</b> 671	7 <b>995</b> 797	12 1 313 845	95 <b>381</b> 347	=	=
2 or more bedrooms	6 4	10 14	431 12 4	236	042 7 5	5 7	7	12 14	8 5	11 6	=	=1
IOUSE HEATING FUEL	-		7		J	,	·		ŭ	·		
tility gasottled, tonk, or LP gos	457 32	621 16	627 7	470	855	837 13	931	1 057 18	1 412 23	734 6	Ξ	-1
ectricity	49 224	28 427	<u>-</u> 514	17 685	21 319	12 270	38 143	57 129	40 215	23 542	Ξ	-
ther	11 -	<del>-</del>	Ξ	_	Ξ	7	Ξ	6	13	_	Ξ	=
EHICLES AVAILABLE												
one	470 217	322 538	285 553	110 558	329 546	263 613	356 591	498 622	709 771	137 604	-	-
or more	78 8	195 43	250 60	415 89	256 64	228 35	135 30	140 7	186 37	444 120	=	-
EAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT				000	483	415	307	272	390	924		
0 wner-occupied housing units 179 to Morch 1980	145 9 13	<b>455</b> 50 85	<b>647</b> 68 74	<b>888</b> 43 148	30 114	24 15	27 45	5 36	58 69	28 159	=	= []
770 to 1974	13 62 12	54 113	125 123	120 156	41 75	54 98	44 87	63 75	52 69	59 222	Ξ	-
759 or earlier	49 <b>62</b> 8	153 <b>643</b>	257 <b>501</b>	421 <b>284</b>	223 712	224 <b>724</b>	104 8 <b>05</b>	93 <b>995</b>	142 1 313	456 381	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	169 180	202 202	128 179	29 115	118 212	165 230	177 272	255 302	389 609	76 121	=	-
770 to 1974	136 143	81 158	113 81	33 107	121 261	95 234	142 214	190 248	134 181	53 131	_	_
IARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Owner-occupied housing units	257 52	263 132	319 227	510 391	333 165	363 180	278 84 7	315 94	<b>513</b> 103 31	<b>448</b> 343	=	= [
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle avoiloble	16 209	16 147 7	8 143	100	7 174 9	12 152 31	!81 29	182 22	335 42	117 7	=	=
No telephone	38	,	-	_	,	31	27	22	72	,		
ner-occupied housing units  Percent below poverty level	7 4.8	<b>37</b> 8.1	<b>24</b> 3.7	<b>21</b> 2.4	<b>78</b> 16,1	<b>25</b> 6.0	<b>26</b> 8.5	<b>39</b> 14.3	<b>22</b> 5.6	38 4.1	=	_
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 -	37	24	21 -	78	25	26	39	22	38		_
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ξ	-		_	-	_
nter-occupied housing units  Percent below poverty level	198 31.5	195 30.3	109 21.8	1 <b>5</b> 5.3	163 22.9	133 18.4	157 19.5	319 32.1	<b>366</b> 27.9	<b>75</b> 19.7	Ξ	-
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	183 14	181 .8	102	11	163 11	133 • 17	150	319 53	337 7 29	75 	=	=
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	15 9	14	7	4 -	=		7	-	5			-

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on o somple; see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Remai	nder of Bristo	County (pt.)					Plymo	oth County (p	1.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Troct 6531	Tract 6532	Troct 6533	Troct 6541	Troct 6542	Troct 6551	Troct 6552	Tract 6553	Troct 6554	Troct 5401	Tract 5601	Tract 5611
Year-round housing units	2 244	2 540	2 706	2 840	1 671	1 372	1 079	1 754	1 459	1 637	1 961	2 079	1 459
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete kitchen focilities	2 228 454 277 649 48 189	2 524 437 258 703 156 1 928 402	2 688 435 268 703 93 2 559 1 239	2 808 565 686 644 271 2 487 1 220	1 671 287 162 504 39 1 100 96	1 366 75 112 333 23 1 346 152	1 074 157 79 243 15 913 242	1 747 149 107 436 46 1 754 1 702	1 431 184 98 403 25 1 445 1 385	1 637 180 109 270 13 1 379 602	1 944 319 302 656 57 88 25	2 072 436 477 394 31 1 734 286	1 459 192 529 316 47 1 443 642
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attoched  2  3 ond 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc	2 001 139 60 10 7 - 27	2 302 119 43 43 - - 33	2 117 407 129 14 11 -	2 387 139 117 130 67	1 351 62 35 17 29	923 247 43 25 52 20 62	938 93 18 16 14 -	1 084 318 147 21 59 125	796 231 138 74 107 109 4	1 426 151 55 5 - -	1 882 19 10 - 5 - 45	1 858 139 60 22 - -	1 357 53 16 18 15 -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1979 to March 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 or earlier	92 457 409 398 324 130 434	48 156 286 549 487 209 805	82 191 393 586 360 223 871	69 444 371 367 359 219 1 011	43 208 314 419 215 83 389	8 20 114 232 208 167 623	14 12 90 259 180 96 428	5 140 25 170 231 111 1 072	6 27 148 174 125 107 872	6 - 74 185 408 262 702	90 132 273 345 418 200 503	9 182 272 371 398 175 672	29 189 136 255 139 160 551
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-oir furnoce Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other means None	1 363 476 6 95 304	1 390 760 19 103 268	1 241 836 20 85 524	1 450 929 15 168 278	829 596 24 48 174	647 506 6 35 178	656 253 5 19 146	855 458 6 69 366	799 297 17 82 259 5	759 406 12 42 418	885 610 8 102 349 7	1 163 491 11 114 300	615 400 50 168 226
Occupied housing units	2 148	2 480	2 637	2 758	1 648	1 342	1 057	1 709	1 403	1 598	1 891	1 989	1 408
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Units with roomers or boorders No telephone Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms	19 53 <b>1 897</b> 272 428 277 <b>251</b> 189 9	31 68 2 175 332 431 258 305 278 6	26 38 2 154 274 426 241 483 420 6 21	13 39 2 181 436 467 606 577 284 71 60	5 37 1 453 219 277 145 195 118 10 6	22 40 1 023 172 71 107 319 177 4 5	12 32 919 168 145 77 138 89 12	21 25 1 150 164 132 100 559 278 6 7	22 94 <b>825</b> 202 174 78 <b>578</b> 258 10 20	39 28 1 268 247 172 109 330 222 8	28 78 1 707 388 299 302 184 143 20	32 32 1 574 409 393 441 415 331 35 28	21 58 1 096 383 144 434 312 260 39 66
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos	33 91 115 1 712 197	626 52 116 1 594 92	1 299 71 105 1 135 27	1 049 44 158 1 426 81	477 67 72 988 44	687 6 41 578 30	491 22 24 488 32	829 12 75 787 6	663 - 99 628 13	701 111 54 652 80	59 212 127 1 318 175	537 101 125 1 128 98	234 68 213 819 74
VEHICLES AVAILABLE  None	52 634 1 084 378	78 858 1 121 423	186 969 1 120 362	172 1 016 1 195 375	57 615 625 351	139 641 406 156	22 441 418 176	240 816 452 201	272 635 382 114	131 676 563 228	62 548 911 370	76 629 930 354	109 535 570 194
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units  1979 to March 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1979 to March 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974	66 107	2 175 155 447 425 584 564 305 62 106 51	2 154 159 427 374 554 640 483 143 132 100	2 181 205 491 392 431 662 577 129 329 56	1 453 108 320 332 354 339 195 60 48 33	1 023 31 130 139 326 397 319 46 128 98	919 58 185 142 250 284 138 53 63 13	1 150 69 165 151 289 476 559 122 265 90	825 57 158 89 202 319 578 179 176 125	1 268 92 170 228 318 460 330 106 118 63	1 707 191 408 430 340 338 184 68 56 23 37	1 574 119 414 344 369 328 415 139 111 108	1 096 108 295 190 196 307 312 170 100
1969 or eorlier  CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle ovoiloble	25 53 <b>272</b> 230 12 27	436 401 	528 424 47 125	886 604 5 147	272 253 4 50	337 207 - 120	205 185 - 22	82 488 273 10 197	98 480 222 5 198	416 354 7 86	<b>398</b> 371 18 41	383 328 11 52	336 298 23 48
No tellephone  INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Owner-occupied housing units  Percent below poverty level  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Renter-occupied housing units  Percent below poverty level  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	152 8.0 146 - 6 - 43 17.1 43 -	107 4.9 101 - 6 - 50 16.4 50	147 6.8 133 14 - 64 13.3 64	173 7.9 173 - - 87 15.1 87	79 5.4 79 - - 14 7.2 14 - -	71 6.9 71 	45 4.9 45 - - 13 9.4 13 -	67 5.8 67 - - 59 10.6 59 - -	32 3.9 32  - 96 16.6 96	123 9.7 123 - - - 41 12.4 41 - - -	117 6.9 117 - - 32 17.4 32	80 5.1 75 - 5 - 61 14.7 61 6	40 3.6 40 - - 93 29.8 93 - -

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes based on a somple; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Common Toronto		Bris	tol Caunty (p	t.)		-		New	8edfard city,	Bristol Count	у		
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	New Bed- ford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Tract 6501.01	Tract 6501.02	Tract 6502.01	Troct 6502.02	Troct 6503	Tract 6504	Troct 6505	Tract 6506
Specified owner-occupied housing units	26 868	23 043	10 330	12 713	3 825	1 126	631	776	499	537	190	279	54
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	16 820 - 575	14 253 - 523	5 875 - 160	8 378 - 363	2 567 	688 - 7	529 -	435 - 6	228 	211	82 -	141	12
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599	4 168 5 212 5 569	3 642 4 664 4 537	1 504 2 240 1 783	2 138 2 424 2 754	526 548 1 032	148 290 233	130 247 144	118 190 116	68 77 68	15 42 76 68	45 37	15 52 69 5	12
\$600 or more Medion	1 296 \$371	887 \$364	188 \$357	699 \$371	409 \$420	10 \$356	8 \$364	\$349	5 \$339	10 \$369	\$288	\$308	\$325
Not mortgaged Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	10 048 270 4 949	8 790 230 4 312	4 455 79 1 907	4 335 151 2 405	1 258 40 637	438 7 147	102 	341 _ 118	271 5 128	326 - 122	108 - 74	138 - 89	42 - 17
\$200 or more	4 829 \$197	4 248 \$198	2 469 \$208	1 779 \$188	581 \$195	284 \$220	82 \$228	223 \$220	138 \$201	204 \$213	34 \$188	49 \$175	\$25 \$220
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000	5 559 48 733	4 807 41 619	2 246 14 258	2 561 27 361	752 7 114	247 - 44	71 - -	146 - 13	122 	133 _ 22	84  31	65 - 26	12
25 to 29 percent	522 4 037 219 42.8	466 3 499 182	227 1 651 96	239 1 848 86	56 538 37	26 166 11	71	11 94 28	17 84 -	23 80 8	23 30 -	16 23	12 45.0
310,000 to \$19,999	8 671 1 397	7 681 1 216	43.4 3 528 434	42.3 4 153 782	990 181	41.1 293 35	50+ 188	48.3 233 20	38.2 185 30	37.3 219 14	27.4 55 22	122	34
15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more	3 677 1 455 2 142	3 330 1 286 1 849	1 532 742 820	1 798 544 1 029	347 169 293	128 76 54	67 78 43	94 81 38	83 38 34	115 36 54	33	33 57 13 19	8 19 7
Not computed	23.0	22.9	23.7	22.1	24.0	23.5	26.7	25.2	22.0	23.3	16.2	20.5	20.0
\$20,000 or more	12 638 6 531 4 701	10 555 5 576 3 975	4 556 2 656 1 590	5 999 2 920 2 385	2 083 955 726	586 297 256	372 206 135	397 246 128	192 136 45	185 108 70	51 43 8	92 75 12	8 - 8
25 to 29 percent	927 479  14.7	710 294  14.6	258 52  13.9	452 242  15.3	217 185	18 15	26 5	11	11 - .:::	7 -		5 -	
					16.0	14.9	14.4	13.4	11.6	13.6	12.5	11.8	17.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	25 790	24 918	21 376	3 542	872	218	439	72	326	662	1 158	831	896
ess than \$80 80 to \$99 100 to \$149	1 622 1 571 3 670	1 622 1 571 3 640	1 397 1 420 3 329	225 151	-	11	76 58	Ξ	44 12	15	28 29	19	9 34
150 to \$199	6 391 6 438 3 046	6 331 6 256 2 901	3 329 5 900 5 322 2 350	311 431 934 551	30 60 182 145	22 51 54 27	47 37 18 47	13 24 26	44 97 64 42	57 183 229 131	100 423 368 143	123 243 253 106	166 283 307 71
300 to \$349 350 to \$399 400 or more	1 302 584 457	1 199 509 290	805 302 157	394 207 133	103 75 167	26 - 10	73 50 26	9	11	18 7 8	42	58	17
o cash rent	709 \$195	599 \$192	394 \$187	205 \$230	110 \$282	17 \$226	7 \$179	\$245	12 \$182	14 \$211	19 \$199	23 \$203	\$194
Medion gross rent	3 264 \$230	2 651 \$209	1 636 \$151	1 015 \$279	613 \$332	65 \$231	131 \$100—	15 \$225	37 \$173	49 \$225	49 \$166	30 \$229	2
OUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less thon \$10,000	14 384 460 750	14 020 460 750	12 253 414 681	1 767 46 69	364	99 5 -	247 31 65	23 - -	144 12 11	272 - -	527 17 10	378 5 17	421
20 to 24 percent	2 258 1 650 1 434	2 254 1 640 1 384	1 928 1 469 1 218	326 171 166	10 50	11 4 21	74 6 -	10	48 13 10	35 33 74	57 64 68	25 49 21	59 65 44
35 percent or more   Not computed   Median	7 059 773 36.2	6 820 712 35.8	5 947 596 35.6	873 116 36.6	239 61 50+	48 10 42.2	71 — 21.9	13 - 50+	38 12 24.5	116 14 34.1	286 25 37.9	252 9 46.9	231 13 41.1
10,000 to \$19,999	8 336 2 030 2 693	8 026 2 028 2 614	6 782 1 879 2 293	1 244 149 321	310 2 79	64 16 17	166 21 41	37 _ 14	136 25 67	287 72 85	479 116 141	330 96 76	352 121 135
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 852 853 366	1 792 813 318	1 448 628 235	344 185 83	60 40 48	20 5 6	25 30 12	4 9 10	26 18	77 45	137 72 7	97 16 26	60 24 12
35 percent or more Not computed Median	309 233 18.8	262 199 18.6	172 127 18.2	90 72 21.7	47 34 24.7	19.7	30 7 23.5	25.3	- 18.2	8 - 19.2	6 19.3	19 18.9	17.0
0,000 or more	3 070 2 323	2 872 2 262	2 341 1 948	531 314	198	55 33	26	12 12	46 39	103 96	152 132	123 106	123 105
15 to 19 percent	414 84 54	345 84 24	229 51 19	116 33 5	69 - 30	10	13 13 -	- -	7 - -	7 - -	14 6 -	17 - -	9 9 -
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	195 11.6	157 11.4	94 11.2	63 12,7	38	- 12 12.9	- - 20.0	12.5	- - 11.5	- - 11.7	10.8	- - 9.8	12.2
	11.0	11.4	11.2	12.7	10.4	14.7	20.0	12.3	11.3	11.7	70.0	7.0	12.2

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Ne	w 8edford city	, Bristol Cou	nty—Con.					
Census Tracts	Troct 6507	Troct 6508	Troct 6509	Troct 6510.01	Troct 6510.02	Tract 6511	Troct 6512	Troct 6513	Tract 6514	Troct 6515	Troct 6516	Troct 6517	Tract 6518
Specified owner-occupied housing units	8	101	193	428	720	335	23	109	245	435	719	124	32
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage	-	41 -	87 -	269 -	376 - 13	217 -	15 -	84 -	120	281	442	93 - 8	20
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	=	30 6	16 25	43 50	54 162	106 71	15	42 42	52 21	104 127	23 84 145	45 32	8
\$400 to \$599 \$600 or more	Ξ	5 -	46	157 19	128 19	40	-	-	47 -	50 —	187 3	_ 8	_
Median	- 8	\$284 60	\$404 106	\$447 159	\$380 344	\$304 118	\$253 8	\$300 25	\$331 125	\$323 154	\$376 277	\$288 31	\$358 12
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	- 8	8 21	67	11	6 165	5 76	-	_ 17	39	7 72	11 182	9 12	3 9
\$200 or more Medion	\$188	31 \$202	39 \$1 <b>9</b> 2	148 \$249	173 \$200	37 \$184	\$ \$225	\$1 <b>9</b> 3	86 \$229	75 \$198	84 \$183	10 \$164	\$169
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 15 percent	8 -	37 - 8	65	74 - 6	168 7 16	72 - 5	8 -	44 -	56 -	104	157 - 19	22	9 -
15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more	- - 8	8 21	18 47	5 63	12	22 45	- 8	17 17	_ _ 56	9 95	138	22	- - 9
Not computed Medion	50+	31.6	39.7	50+	5 48.5	41.3	50+	10 35.0	50+	50+	39.4	42.1	50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 15 percent	-	37 8	45 8	148 12	245 47	131 14	Ξ	27	82 16	181 25	309 11	39 14	15 3
15 to 24 percent	Ξ	22 7	18 19	43 18	87 63	56 37	_	9 18	25 9	96 27	124 44	19 6	12
30 percent or more Not computed Median		22.4	19.0	75 30.2	48 23.6	24		26.3	32  25.0	33 22,4	130 27.2	21.4	26.9
\$20,000 or more	-	27	83	206	307	132	15	38	107	150	253	63	8
Less thon 15 percent	=	13 9 5	41 42	92 83 25	168 103 29	90 42	15 - -	30 8 -	77 30 –	62 80 8	144 79 30	38 17 8	8
30 percent or more Not computed		-	:	6	7		-	- .:::	-	-	-		-
Median	-	15.3	15.1	16.1	14.3	13.6	10.3	11.6	10.9	16.2	14.0	, 13.4	17.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	930	1 126	814	458	581	1 050	636	658	689	605	629	736	954
GROSS RENT													
	17	57	271	75	100	52	6	47	16	128	14	52	103
Less thon \$80	17 80 276	57 59 150	271 83 136	75 65 86	100 37 86	52 19 146	6 7 117	47 55 100	16 26 62	128 59 73	14 5 37	52 135 84	103 222 219
Less thon \$80	80 276 259 183	59 150 395 323	83 136 173 100	65 86 31 67	37 86 116 113	19 146 266 338	7 117 301 144	55 100 212 144	26 62 154 178	59 73 136 98	5 37 168 203	135 84 120 185	222 219 175 151
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	80 276 259	59 150 395	83 136 173	65 86 31	37 86 116	19 146 266 338 129 45 35	7 117 301	55 100 212 144 68 6	26 62 154 178 146 50 26	59 73 136 98 44 49	5 37 168	135 84 120 185 122 11	222 219 175 151 59
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 -	59 150 395 323 102 28 - - 12	83 136 173 100 51 - - -	65 86 31 67 12 57 50 -	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 - 7	55 100 212 144 68 6 - 4 22	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12	59 73 136 98 44 49 9	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 -	135 84 120 185 122 11 - 10	222 219 175 151 59 13 
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173	59 150 395 323 102 28 —	83 136 173 100	65 86 31 67 12 57 50	37 86 116 113 22 52 14	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7	7 117 301 144 35 15 4	55 100 212 144 68 6 - 4	26 62 154 178 146 50 26	59 73 136 98 44 49 9	5 37 168 203 120 29 4	135 84 120 185 122 11 -	222 219 175 151 59
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median  One-fomily house, detached or ottoched	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173	59 150 395 323 102 28 - 12 \$190	83 136 173 100 51 - - - \$112	65 86 31 67 12 57 50 - 15 \$144	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 - 7 \$180	55 100 212 144 68 6 - 4 22 \$187	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 - 49 \$216	135 84 120 185 122 11 - 10 17 \$187	222 219 175 151 59 13  12  \$132
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median One-family house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME Less than \$10,000	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173	59 150 395 323 102 28 - 12 \$190	83 136 173 100 51 - - - \$112 224 \$100—	65 86 31 67 12 57 50 - 15 \$144	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 - 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 68 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 - 49 \$216	135 84 120 185 122 11 - 10 17 \$187	222 219 175 151 59 13 12 - \$132 14 \$175
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median  One-fomily house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173 7 \$225	59 150 395 323 102 28 - 12 \$190 11 \$225	83 136 173 100 51 - - - \$112 224 \$100—	65 86 31 67 12 57, 50 - 15 \$144 15 -	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 7 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 64 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142	62 62 154 178 146 50 26 6 12 19 \$224 51 \$293	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160 117 \$100 434 11 66 118	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 - 49 \$216 54 \$277	135 84 120 185 122 111 	222 219 175 151 59 13 - 12 \$132 14 \$175
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median One-family house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME Less than \$10,000 Less th	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173 7 \$225	59 150 395 323 102 28  12 \$190 11 \$225	83 136 173 100 5 1 1 2 112 224 \$100—	65 86 31 67 12 57 50 - 15 \$144 15 - 326 19 25 77 50 77 50 326 19 25 77 50 326 326 326 327 327 327 327 327 327 327 327 327 327	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 68 6 - 4 222 \$187 43 \$142	26 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160 117 \$100—	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 4 9 \$216 54 \$277	135 84 120 185 122 111 - 10 17 \$187 105 \$159	222 219 175 151 59 13 - 12 \$132 14 \$175
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median One-fomily house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME Less than \$10,000 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 9 \$173 7 \$225	59 150 395 323 102 28 - - 12 \$190 11 \$225	83 136 173 100 51 - - - \$112 224 \$100—	65 86 31 67 12 57 50 0 - 15 \$144 15 - 326 19 25 77 74	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 4 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 3 6 \$160 117 \$100—	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 - 49 \$216 54 \$277	135 84 120 185 122 111 - 10 17 187 105 \$159	222 219 175 151 59 13 12 - \$132 14 \$175
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median  One-family house, detached or attached Median gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10 to 24 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  \$10,000 to \$19,999	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 -9 \$173 7 \$225	59 150 395 323 102 28 	83 136 173 100 51 51 	65 86 31 67 12 57, 50 - 15 \$144 15 - 326 19 25 77, 54 43 22 100 19 28.0	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 3 5 \$160 117 \$100—	57 168 203 120 29 4 4 - 49 \$216 54 \$277 350 5 - 25 200 35 43.3 215 31	135 84 120 185 122 11 10 17 \$187 105 \$159 504 22 18 32 138 69 202 23 32.2 175	222 219 175 151 159 13 14 \$175 14 \$175 760 37 44 237 140 65 231 16 27.1
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$250 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median  One-fomily house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 315 to 19 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173 7 \$225	59 150 395 323 102 28 	83 136 173 100 51 - - - \$112 224 \$100— 573 65 133 175 61 20 219 22.5	65 86 31 67 77 50 - 15 \$144 15 - 326 19 25 77 77 54 32 100 19 28.0 92 14 16 16 16 19	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134 320 6 24 80 46 33 126 5 30.2	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191 604 13 5 66 64 64 64 64 64 65 369 23 44.5	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 -7 \$180 8 \$125 338 13 8 26 49 14 211 17 42.9 99 83 27	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142 474 23 25 48 49 45 260 24 40.6 134 32 36 29	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293 324 - 4 38 26 29 214 13 49.2 264 43 79 58	79 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160 117 \$100—	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 - 49 \$216 54 \$277 350 5 - 25 33 52 200 35 43.3 215 31 42 91	135 84 120 185 122 11 10 17 \$187 105 \$159 504 22 18 32 188 32 188 69 202 23 32.2 175 25 89	222 219 175 151 159 13 14 \$175 14 \$175 760 37 44 237 140 65 231 16 27.1
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Medion  One-fomily house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than \$10,999 Less than \$10,999 Less than \$10 percent 15 to 19 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173 7 \$225	59 150 395 323 102 28 - - 12 11 \$225 629 11 \$225 629 12 28 72 39 59 382 37 42.8 4134 145 800 15 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	83 136 173 100 51 - - \$112 224 \$100— 573 65 133 175 61 120 119 - 22.5	65 86 31 67 12 57, 50 - 15 \$144 15 - 25, 77, 54 326 19 25, 77, 54 32 100 19 28.0	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134 320 6 24 80 46 33 126 53 30.2	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191 604 13 5 66 64 64 369 23 44.5	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 4 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142 474 23 48 49 49 45 260 24 40.6 134 32 36 29 26 4	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293 324 -4 38 826 29 214 13 49.2 26 27 29 214 33 49.2	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 3 6 \$160 117 \$100—	5 37 168 203 120 29 4 4 9 \$216 54 \$277 350 5 5 - 25 33 33 52 200 35 43.3	135 84 120 185 122 11 10 17 \$187 105 \$159 504 22 18 32 138 69 202 23 32.2 175	222 219 175 151 59 13 12 \$132 \$14 \$175
less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median  One-family house, detached or ottoched Median gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$5 to 29 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than \$15 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than \$15 percent 15 to 19 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173 7 \$225 619 11 38 97 68 66 313 26 36.2 243 84 110 19	59 150 395 323 102 28 	83 136 173 100 51 - - - \$112 224 \$100— 573 65 133 175 61 20 219 22.5	65 86 81 31 67 72 57 50 9 144 15 9 25 77 54 144 16 625 7 7 7	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134 320 6 24 80 46 33 126 5 30.2	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191 604 13 5 66 64 369 23 44.5 361 87 144 56 52	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 4 7 \$180 8 \$125 338 13 8 26 49 14 211 17 42.9 223 99 83 27 7	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142 474 23 48 49 45 26 40.6 134 22 24 40.6	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293 324 4 38 26 29 214 13 49.2 264 43 77 79 58 31	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 3 6 \$160 117 \$100—	350 54 \$277 \$216 \$277 \$216 \$54 \$277 \$54 \$277 \$55 \$52 \$200 \$35 \$43.3 \$215 \$31 \$42 \$91 \$13 \$17	135 84 120 185 122 11 - 10 17 \$187 105 \$159 504 22 18 32 138 69 202 23 32.2 175 25 89 25 27	222 219 175 151 59 13 - 12 - \$132 - \$175 14 \$175
less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$339 \$400 or more No cosh rent Medion  One-fomily house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 to 19 percent 32 to 29 percent 33 percent or more Not computed Medion \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion \$20,000 or more Not computed Medion \$20,000 or more Less than 15 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 -9 \$173 7 \$225 619 111 38 97 68 66 313 26 36.2 243 84 110 19 19 25 -5 -5 -7	59 150 395 323 102 28 ——————————————————————————————————	83 136 173 100 51 - - \$112 224 \$100— 573 65 133 175 61 20 119 - 22.5	65 86 86 31 67 77 50 92 8.0 92 14 16 25 7 7 93 92 23.2	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134 320 6 24 80 46 33 126 5 30.2	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191  604 13 5 66 64 64 64 369 23 44.5 361 87 144 562 - 15 7 18.1	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 7 \$180 8 \$125	55 100 212 144 68 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142 474 23 25 48 49 45 26 24 40.6 134 32 36 29 26 4 4 7	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293 324 -4 38 26 29 214 13 49.2 264 43 79 58 31 34 61 13 20.3	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160 117 \$100— 434 111 66 118 25 29 167 18 27.6 113 17 43 43 41 43 41 117 43 43 41 43 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	350 54 \$277 350 54 \$277 350 55 - 25 33 35 215 31 42 91 13 17 112 9	135 84 120 185 122 11 10 17 \$187 105 \$159 504 22 18 32 138 69 202 23 32.2 175 25 27 9 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	229 219 175 151 59 13 
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Medion  One-fomily house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 31 percent 32 to 29 percent 33 percent or more Not computed Medion  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 percent 31 percent 32 percent or more Not computed Medion  \$20,000 or more Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 15 to 19 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 - 9 \$173 7 \$225 619 11 38 97 68 36.2 243 84 110 19 25 5	59 150 395 323 102 28 - - 12 \$190 11 \$225	83 136 173 100 51 - - \$112 224 \$100— 573 65 133 175 61 20 119 - 22.5 189 66 59 50 14 - - 17.4	65 86 81 31 67 72 57 50 - 15 51 44 15 - 25 77 54 22 100 19 28.0 92 14 16 625 77 - 30 - 23.2 40	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134 320 6 24 80 46 33 126 52 30.2 192 66 52 30.1 16.9	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191 604 13 5 66 64 64 64 64 64 65 23 44.5 361 87 144 56 56 57 7 18.1	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 -7 \$180 8 \$125 338 13 8 6 49 14 11 17 42.9 99 83 27 7 7 15.5	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142 474 23 25 48 49 45 260 24 40.6 134 32 36 29 26 47 19 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293 324 4 38 26 29 214 43 49.2 264 43 77 78 58 31 34 6 13 20.3	79 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160 117 \$100—	350 54 \$277 350 54 \$277 350 55 25 33 52 200 35 43.3 215 311 42 91 13 17 12 92 1.6 64	105 \$	760 37 44 231 26 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 161 27.1 17.5
Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median  One-family house, detached or ottoched Medion gross rent  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10,000 Less than \$10 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than \$10 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  \$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than \$10 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 25 to 39 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median \$20,000 or more Less than \$15 percent 15 to 19 percent	80 276 259 183 81 13 12 -9 \$173 7 \$225 619 111 38 97 68 66 313 26 36.2 243 84 110 19 19 25 -5 -5 -7	59 150 395 323 102 28 ——————————————————————————————————	83 136 173 100 51 - - \$112 224 \$100— 573 65 133 175 16 20 119 - 22.5 189 66 59 59 50 14 - - 17.4	65 86 86 31 67 77 50 92 8.0 92 14 16 25 7 7 93 92 23.2	37 86 116 113 22 52 14 9 32 \$167 159 \$134 320 6 6 24 80 46 33 126 5 30.2 192 66 52 30 167 7 	19 146 266 338 129 45 35 7 13 \$205 46 \$191  604 13 5 66 64 64 64 369 23 44.5 361 87 144 562 - 15 7 18.1	7 117 301 144 35 15 4 -7 \$180 8 \$125 338 13 8 6 49 14 11 17 42.9 99 83 27 7 7 15.5	55 100 212 144 68 6 6 - 4 22 \$187 43 \$142 474 23 25 48 49 45 260 24 40.6 134 32 36 29 26 47 19 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	26 62 154 178 146 50 26 12 19 \$224 51 \$293 324 - 4 38 26 29 214 13 49.2 264 43,79 58 31 34 613 20.3	59 73 136 98 44 49 9 3 6 \$160 117 \$100— 434 111 66 118 25 29 167 18 27.6 113 17 43 43 41 43 41 117 43 43 41 43 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	350 54 \$277 350 54 \$277 350 55 25 33 52 200 35 43.3 215 311 42 91 13 17 12 92 1.6 64	135 84 120 185 122 11 10 17 \$187 105 \$159 504 22 18 32 138 69 202 23 32.2 175 25 27 9 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	760 37 44 231 48175 760 37 44 237 140 65 231 6 27.1 161 161 59 15 231 6 27.1

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

(Ooto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

					New Bed	lford city, Brist	rol County—Co	n.				
Census Tracts	Tract 6519	Troct 6520	Troct 6521	Troct 6522	Troct 6523	Troct 6524	Tract 6525	Troct 6526	Troct 6527	Troct 6528	Troct 6528.99	Tract 6529
Specified owner-occupied housing units	35	202	388	740	261	161	48	68	130	733	-	-
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS												
With a mortgage	31	141	209	366	154	79 -	14	30	105	375	Ξ	-
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	11 20	8 36 56	6 45 65	36 138	13 53 69	4 28 42	4	7 16 7	18 28	14 46 144	=	-
\$400 to \$599 \$600 or more	-	35 6	79 14	130 62	19	5 -	10	_	46 13	165 6	Ξ	-
Median	\$245 4	\$343 61	\$384 179	\$407 374	\$314 107	\$347 82	\$415 34	\$275 38	\$407 25	\$385 358	_	-
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	- 4	29	- 76	7 95	66	37	28	7 17	19	4 142	=	-
\$200 or more	\$138	32 \$203	103 \$214	272 \$228	41 \$192	45 \$210	6 \$179	14 \$143	6 \$124	212 \$218	=	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME												
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 15 percent	4 -	37	67 -	122 7	61	41	7	32	26	145	_	-
15 to 24 percent	- 4 -	- - 37	6 - 61	- 4 111	6 55	21 4 16	- - 7	- - 32	13 _ 13	7 18 109	=	-
Not computed	27.5	42.7	50+	46.9	50+	24.8	50 +	44.4	37.0	11 42.3	_	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999	24	45 8	121 12	251	70 9	80 16	30 8	22 7	51	246 47	_	-
15 to 24 percent	11 5	9	56 16	126 47	46 9	36 20	12	15	19	120 31	-	-
30 percent or more Not computed Medion	8 26.0	22 29.6	37  23.4	71  24.5	 22.2	8  22.5	10 19.4	17.5	26 40.2	48 21.3		
\$20,000 or more	7	120	200	367	130	40	11	14	53	342	-	-
Less than 15 percent	7	75 45 —	108 81 11	230 111 26	101 24 5	26 9 5	11 - -	, 7 -	5 48 –	212 95 28	-	-
30 percent or moreNat computed	- .u:	-		-		-	-	-	-			
Medion	17.5	13.6	14.4	12.9	12.7	11.7	10.4	12.0	21.0	13.5	_	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	572	643	501	284	712	724	805	981	1 313	373	-	-
Less than \$80	54 117	7	9	6	63	7	_ 15	45 29	100 171	-	-	-
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	174 174 116	18 128 236	28 121	6 21 61	38 154 184	82 225	213 228	165 364	179 440	54 89	=	=
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	67 28 13	152 52 32	177 75 32	68 55 34	168 85	297 59 33	251 75	251 118	229 145 22	118 74 14	=	=
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more	3	5	39 10	11 18	5 - -	Ξ	4 -		11 7	- 9	Ξ	=
No cash rent	- \$134	13 \$191	10 \$218	\$240	15 \$180	14 \$208	12 \$180	9 \$181	9 \$174	15 \$218	Ξ	-
One-fomily house, detached or ottached Median gross rent	94 \$115	38 \$219	42 \$235	22 \$317	54 \$137	10 \$275	7 –	101 \$145	6 \$275	32 \$195	Ξ	_
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME												
ess thon \$10,000	432 32	359	263	134 11	329 26	323	407 9	616 19	864	160 6	Ξ	-
15 to 19 percent	5 78	34	19 9	3 6	40 47	6 14	15 41	38 62	25 225 130	12	Ξ	-
25 to 29 percent	74 58 167	26 34 261	18 27 170	37 73	38 37 110	49 37 192	43 24 225	51 59 337	77 362	13 101	Ξ	=
Not computed Medion	18 31.6	50+	20 50+	40.9	31 29.7	25 46.3	50 39.7	50 39.6	45 31.9	24 50+	Ξ	-
310,000 to \$19,999	86 41	183 56	175 50	105 34	290 92	267 86	270 107	302 109	318 93	161 32	Ξ	-
15 to 19 percent	38 7	70 27 15	41 38 28	25 16 18	132 31 10	91 52 32	78 46 25 9	108 66 13	103 94 17	72 35	Ξ.	-
25 to 29 percent	-	5 4	5 13	12	21	6	_	6 -	6 5	9	_	-
Not computed	15.3	17.3	19.6	18.7	16.9	17.6	5 16.6	16.9	18.2	18.2	_	-
20,000 or more Less than 15 percent	54 38	101 86	63 54 9	45 29	93 86	134 111	128 111	63 63	131 127	52 52	-	_
15 to 19 percent	13 3 —	8 - -	9	11 5	3 - -	16	10 - -	=	4 - -	-	Ξ	_
25 to 29 percent	=	=	=	Ξ		=	- -	_	Ξ	_	Ξ	_
Not camputed	9.0	7.5	11.3	13.6	10.5	10.7	9.9	8.5	11.2	11.5	-	=

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Ooto ore estimotes based on o somple; see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Communication of the Communica				Remoi	nder of Bristol	County (pt.)					Plymou	ith County (p	t.)
Census Tracts	Troct 6171	Troct 6531	Troct 6532	Troct 6533	Troct 6541	Troct 6542	Troct 6551	Tract 6552	Tract 6553	Troct 6554	Troct 5401	Troct 5601	Troct 5611
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 623	1 903	1 792	1 908	1 104	807	825	959	670	1 122	1 493	1 363	969
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599 \$600 or more Median	1 289 - 32 182 377 572 126 \$410	1 257 	1 161 - 33 253 411 342 122 \$362	1 147 - 7 250 249 461 180 \$421	803 - 11 221 264 270 37 \$370	486 	510 - 39 121 177 140 33 \$361	659 - 59 238 176 174 12 \$320	432 	634 52 245 157 162 18 \$320	1 023 	908 - 7 158 154 429 160 \$436	636 - 5 119 140 215 157 \$443
Not mortgaged Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 or more Median	334 13 228 93 \$171	646 15 392 239 \$185	631 18 374 239 \$187	761 6 300 455 \$220	301 4 193 104 \$177	321 19 207 95 \$171	315 19 165 131 \$188	300 6 181 113 \$188	238 - 137 101 \$190	488 51 228 209 \$187	470 16 252 202 \$191	455 5 232 218 \$198	333 19 153 161 \$196
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000  Less than 15 percent 15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median	240 - 19 14 200 7 50+	337 14 66 29 222 6 38.8	346 	402 	185 	175 	178 -41 25 112 -40.6	239 25 36 163 15 42.7	169 20 22 127 	290 13 69 4 189 15 43.9	346  59 28 233 26 43.5	251 	155 7 22 5 114 7 38.7
\$10,000 to \$19,999	407 47 133 52 175 	543 137 221 68 117 	711 126 314 112 159	676 71 320 92 193	364 62 160 23 119	268 78 124 50 16	273 79 120 12 62 	296 40 130 63 63 22.5	231 62 88 34 47 20.0	384 80 188 38 78	427 71 160 49 147 23.9	274 57 91 50 76	289 53 96 70 70  24.4
\$20,000 or more	976 385 436 93 62	1 023 439 412 115 57	735 376 284 55 20	830 422 276 80 52	555 188 311 38 18	364 241 118 5 	374 209 147 6 12	424 254 147 16 7	270 132 96 34 8	448 274 158 10 6	720 327 258 71 64 	838 372 312 84 70	525 256 156 62 51
Specified renter-occupied housing units	224	271	453	524	178	319	138	559	571	305	173	397	302
GROSS RENT  Less thon \$80	- 19 28 55 47 33 24 9 9 \$264	8 4 26 21 77 40 30 15 13 37 \$239	3 67 86 92 62 55 32 29 27 \$229	72 14 23 22 176 58 48 32 33 46 \$225		36 32 22 82 51 32 27 10 - 27 \$184	- 13 16 44 44 2 5 14 - \$240	49 58 72 86 151 67 13 31 18 14 \$203	60 40 50 76 120 75 90 31 12 17 \$221	11 7 103 90 67 10 5 12 \$258	- 13 9 29 23 41 9 15 34 \$293	- - 29 107 97 42 43 48 31 \$265	17 22 46 25 20 23 104 45 \$346
Medion gross rent HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS	\$305	\$242	\$302	\$282	\$260	\$296	\$266	\$317	\$280	\$282	\$301	\$292	\$419
PERCENTAGE OF INCOME  Less thon \$10,000	89 - - 11 6 - 63 9 40.0	108 8 10 9 12 17 29 23 31.0	173 - 37 14 12 97 13 40.8	257 14 22 52 52 22 23 107 17 32.2	71 - - - 7 64 - 50+	172 6 - 72 24 5 50 15 25.1	62 - - 29 - 33 - 35.9	314 7 8 57 56 44 128 14 32.5	351 29 88 - 41 174 19 36.7	170 11 - - 8 17 128 6 47.5	85 - - 4 10 12 44 15 50+	145   16 123 6 50+	134 
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	111 9 21 48 - 24 9 - 22.7	119 7 45 23 15 6 7 16 19.9	193 51 26 31 37 14 15 19 21.6	172 12 38 60 27 6 18 11 22.5	74 7 27 12 23 - - 5 20.2	94 6 34 26 11 12 - 5 20.9	67 20 13 13 - 21 - 25.2	159 32 41 61 12 7  6 20.3	168 25 40 63 19 6 11 4 21.3	87 	69 10 24 4 5 13 13 23.8	156 62 32 8 30 12 12 21.6	85 2 7 4 28 13 22 9 29.5
\$20,000 or more	24 16 8 - - - - 11.7	44 21 13 - - - 10 14.0	87 53 22 12 - - - 12.7	95 45 12 6 5 - 27 13.3	33 22 - - - - 11 6.1	53 22 24 - - - 7 15.2	9 - 9 - - - - 22.5	86 74 6 6 - - - 10.0	52 31 13 - - 8 13.5	48 30 18 - - - 13.0	19 7 6 - - - 6 14.6	96 39 26  18  13 15.5	83 15 37 - 12 - 19 17.3

Table H-9. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[Dota ore estimotes bosed on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning af symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and			Bristol County (pt.)		
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	New 8edford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
Occupied housing units	57 661	52 604	34 189	18 415	5 057
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched	31 027	26 328	11 670	14 658	4 699
2 - 3 ond 4	8 795 10 881 4 074 1 216 1 264 404	8 597 10 799 4 048 1 201 1 264 367	6 791 10 074 3 721 860 1 025 48	1 806 725 327 341 239 319	198 82 26 15 -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1979 to March 1980	614 3 248 4 429 6 503 6 839 5 283 30 745	496 2 796 3 788 5 627 5 977 4 782 29 138	175 1 179 1 699 2 420 3 171 3 234 22 311	321 1 617 2 089 3 207 2 806 1 548 6 827	118 452 641 876 862 501 1 607
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Steom or hot woter system	25 024 14 068 302 1 966 16 267 34	22 497 12 717 250 1 598 15 508	12 970 7 420 136 882 12 747 34	9 527 5 297 114 716 2 761	2 527 1 351 52 368 759
HOUSE HEATING FUEL  Utility gos	29 878 1 118 2 391 23 168 1 072 34	29 081 763 1 955 20 036 735 34	22 361 302 1 105 10 254 133 34	6 720 461 850 9 782 602	797 355 436 3 132 337
VEHICLES AVAILABLE  None	10 100 25 213 17 040 5 308	9 893 23 588 14 713 4 410	8 578 16 416 7 475 1 720	1 315 7 172 7 238 2 690	207 1 625 2 327 898
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete kitchen focilities	56 943 6 207 4 600 13 547 1 934 51 537 40 662 557 3 079 33 905 5 651 5 666 4 227 23 756 17 136	51 903 5 292 3 344 12 212 1 799 48 627 39 874 476 2 937 29 688 4 497 4 840 3 065 22 916 16 473 452 279	33 605 2 490 1 268 7 440 1 091 34 145 33 133 271 2 497 14 971 2 104 2 180 1 106 19 218 14 173 310 162	18 298 2 802 2 076 4 772 708 14 482 6 741 205 440 14 717 2 393 2 660 1 959 3 698 2 300 142 117	5 040 915 1 256 1 335 1 335 2 910 788 81 142 4 217 1 154 826 1 162 840 663 89 9
TEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT   Owner-occupied housing units	33 905 2 357 6 494 5 710 8 078 11 266 23 756 6 289	29 688 1 955 5 409 4 774 7 216 10 334 22 916 5 932	14 971 879 2 309 2 188 3 644 5 951 19 218 4 966	14 717 1 076 3 100 2 586 3 572 4 383 3 698 966	4 217 402 1 085 936 862 932 840 357
975 to 1978 970 to 1974 979 or ordiner HARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER scupied housing units	8 280 3 826 5 361	8 048 3 680 5 256	6 607 3 032 4 613	1 441 648 643	232 146 105
Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle ovaliable No telephone  4COME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	8 903 336 5 580 765	7 926 284 5 451 742	4 854 194 4 446 628	3 072 90 1 005 114	977 52 129 23
wner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 176 6.4 2 138 16 38	1 945 6.6 1 912 16 33	980 6.5 973 16 7	965 6.6 939 26	231 5.5 226 - 5
Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	4 880 20.5 4 759 188 121 10	4 738 20.7 4 617 182 121 10	4 260 22.2 4 139 182 121 10	478 12.9 478 - - - -	142 16.9 1422 6 - -

Table H-10. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and		ple; see intraduction. For meaning at sy	Bristal County (pt.)		
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	New 8edfard city	Remainder	Plymouth County (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	25 903	22 219	9 820	12 399	3 684
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS					
With a martgage Less than \$100	16 055	13 590	5 445	8 145	2 465
\$100 to \$199 \$200 ta \$299	551 4 014	499 3 515	152 1 405	347 2 110	52 499
\$400 ta \$599	4 883 5 372	4 377 4 362	2 042 1 673	2 335 2 689	499 506 1 010
\$600 ar mare Medion	1 235 \$372	837 \$365	173 \$357	\$371	398 \$423
Nat martgaged Less than \$100	9 848 253	8 629 225	4 375 74	4 254 151	1 219 28
\$100 ta \$199 \$200 or more Median	4 841 4 754 \$198	4 217 4 187 \$198	1 870 2 431 \$208	2 347 1 756 \$188	624 567 \$195
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	\$175	¥170	<b>\$250</b>	\$100	<b>\$173</b>
Less than \$10,000 Less than 15 percent	5 408 48	4 669 41	2 182 14	2 487 27	739 7
15 to 24 percent	717 514	603 458	253 219	350 239	114 56
30 percent ar moreNat computed	3 910 219	3 385 182	1 600 96	1 785 86	56 525 37
Median \$10,000 to \$19,999	42.6 8 304	42.8 7 400	43.4 3 316	42.1	41.2 904
Less than 15 percent	1 346 3 546	1 190 3 218	429 1 436	761 1 782	156 328
25 to 29 percent	1 391 2 021	1 245 1 747	706 745	539 1 002	146 274
Not camputed Median	22.8	22.7	23.5	22.0	23.9
\$20,000 ar more Less than 15 percent	12 191 6 311	10 150 5 381	4 322 2 549	5 828 2 832	2 041
15 to 24 percent	4 515 904	3 801 687	1 474 247	2 327 440	930 714 217
25 ta 29 percent 30 percent ar mare Not computed	461	281	52	229	180
Median	14.7	14.5	13.8	15.3	, 16.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	23 449	22 648	19 134	3 514	801
GROSS RENT Less than \$80	1 222	1 333	1 108	225	
\$80 to \$99	1 333 1 379 3 308	1 333 1 379 3 278	1 108 1 238 2 967	225 141 311	- 30
\$150 ta \$199 \$200 to \$249	5 855	5 797 5 801	5 374 4 867	423 934	58 168
\$250 to \$299 \$300 ta \$349	2 738 1 235	2 623 1 132	2 072 738	551 394	30 58 168 115 103 75 142
\$350 ta \$399\$400 ar mare	404	473 262	266 129	207 133	75 142
Na cash rent Median	680 \$196	570 \$194	375 \$188	195 \$230	\$283
One-family hause, detached or attached Median gross rent	2 806 \$246	2 250 \$228	1 245 \$166	1 005 \$279	556 \$334
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME					
Less than \$10,000 Less than 15 percent	12 825 367	12 524 367	10 772 321	1 752 46	301
15 ta 19 percent 2C ta 24 percent	655 2 046	655 2 042	586 1 716	69 326	4
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1 490 1 312	1 480 1 262	1 309 1 106	171 156 868	10 ! 50 190
Nat computed Median	6 284 671 36.1	6 094 624 35.7	5 226 508 35.6	116 36.7	47 50+
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	7 731	7 423	6 188	1 235	308
Less than 15 percent	1 890 1 2 432	1 890 2 353	1 741 2 035	149 318	79
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 746 811 344	1 686 771 296	1 342 586 213	344 185 83	40 48
35 percent ar mareNat computed		234 193	144 127	90 66	79 60 40 48 47 34 34
Median	18.8	18.7	18.2	21.7	24.8
\$20,000 ar more Less than 15 percent	2 893 2 211	2 701 2 150	2 174 1 836	527 314	192   61
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	382 84 44	319 84 14	203 51	116 33 5	63
30 ta 34 percent	-	14	-	-	-
35 percent or mare	] -		75	59	38

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Lensus Tracts					
400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedfard city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
Occupied housing units	958	909	893	16	49
, detached or ottached	381 211	346 211	330 211	16	35
ond 4	760 93 75 38 –	160 79 75 38	160 79 75 38	- - -	14 - - -
<b>EAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b> 979 10 Morch 1980  975 to 1978  970 to 1974  960 to 1969	_ 121 121 64	107 115 44	_ 107 109 38	- - 6 6	- 14 6 20
950 to 1959	70 136 446	61 136 446	61 136 442	- - 4	9 -
Team or hot woter system	311	311	305	6	_
entrol worm-oir furnoce ectric heat pump ther built-in electric units ther means one	266 12 47 322 -	251 12 41 294	251 8 41 288	4 6 -	15 - 6 28 -
OUSE HEATING FUEL  illity gos	582 17 78 276 5	582 17 72 233 5	576 17 68 227 5	6 -4 6 -	- 6 43 -
EHICLES AVAILABLE	367	353	353	-	14
or more	462 116 13	433 110 13	427 100 13	6 10 -	29 6 -
#LECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Implete kitchen focilities complete bathroom plus holf both(s) or more complete bothrooms r conditioning central system urce of water, public system or private company wage disposal, public sewer	937 122 43 205 105 952 895	888 122 37 205 105 903 867	872 122 33 199 105 893 867	16 -4 6 -	49 - 6 - - 49 28
its with roomers or boarders ) telephone	26 157 <b>250</b> 76 85 27 <b>708</b> 529 37	26 143 <b>229</b> 70 85 21 680 501 37 16	26 143 <b>217</b> 70 85 21 <b>676</b> 497 37	- 112   4 	- 14 21 6 - 6 28 28
2 or more complete bathrooms SAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	16	229	217		21
Owner-occupied housing units 79 to March 1980 75 to 1978 70 to 1974 60 to 1969 59 or eorlier	250 17 30 100 76 27	11 30 94 67 27	11 30 88 61 27	  	6 - 6 - 9 - 1
Renter-occupied housing units	708 219 323 119 47	680 205 309 119 47	676 205 305 119 47	4 : :	28 14 14 - -
IARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH OUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER		00	00		
upied housing units	90 21 9 61	90 21 9 61	90 21 9 61	= = = =	-
COME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  The reconcupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 4.8 12 - -	12 5.2 12 -	12 5.5 12 - -	::: ::: :::	- - - - -
Inter-occupied hausing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use.  1.01 or more persons per room. Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use.  1.01 or more persons per room.	206 29.1 206 36 —	192 28.2 192 36 -	192 28.4 192 36 -		14 50.0 14 - - -

Table H-12. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Dota are estimates based on a son	iple; see infoduction. For freeling	Aces A vilu of		
Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remoinder	Plymouth County (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	186	165	153	12	21
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	100	103	133	12	21
With a martgage	- 8 29 66	146 - 8 29 57	134 - 8 29 45	12 - - - 12	21 - - - 9
\$400 to \$599 \$600 or more Medion	11	47 5 \$356	47 5 \$358	- \$350	. \$413
Not mortgaged Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 or more Median	5	19 5 8 6 \$189	19 5 8 6 \$189	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME					
Less thon \$10,000	13	13	13	Ξ	_
15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	5 8	5 8	5 8	-	Ξ
30 percent or more Not computed			-	-	_
Median		25.9	25.9	-	_
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 15 percent		58	58	=	=
15 to 24 percent	33 25	33 25	33 25	=	=
30 percent or more Not computed Medion	23.8	23.8	23.8		
\$20,000 or more	115	94	82	12	21
Less than 15 percent	59	36 47	30 41	6	9 12
25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more	11 ]	11 -	11	=	= 1
Not computed Medion	17.6	17.3	18.1	15.0	20.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	658	630	626		28
GROSS RENT					
Less than \$80	92	92 42	92 42		_
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	42 50	50	50	:::	=
\$200 to \$249	163 138	163 138	163 138		- 14
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	96 17	82 17	82 17		14
\$350 to \$399 \$400 or more	28 28	28 14	28 14	•••	. 14
Na cosh rent Median	\$194	4 \$191	- \$191		\$400
One-family house, detached or attached Median gross rent	137 \$155	123 \$128	119 \$128		14 \$500+
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	<b>\$155</b>	¥120	ψ120		•
Less thon \$10,000	417	389	389		28
Less thon 15 percent	17 35	17 35	17 35	:::	-
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	41 65	41 65	41 65		-
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	38 202	38 188	38 188		14 14
Not computed Medion	19 35.4	5 34.5	5 34.5		14 50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	183	183	183		-
Less than 15 percent	25 78 33	25 78	25 78		-
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	33 7	33 7	33 7		-
30 to 34 percent	12 28	12 28	12 28	:::	-
Not' computed Median	19.3	19.3	19.3		-
\$20,000 or more	58	58	54		_
Less thon 15 percent	45 9	45 9	45 9		-
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	_	-	-	•••	1
30 to 34 percent	-	<u>-</u>	Ξ.		
Not computed Medion	12.7	4 12.7	12.7		=

Table H-13. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980

Table H-14. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
The above table(s) were omitted because there were no qualifying areas)

Table H-15. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts		estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning af symbols, see Introduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and B]  Bristal County (pt.)				
[400 or More Asian and Pacific			Silver County (4.1)			
Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymauth Caunty (pt.)	
Occupied housing units	215	195	116	79	20	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						
1, detached ar attached	136	116 19	37 19	79	20	
2	22	22 13	22 13	-	-	
10 ta 49 50 ar more	19	19	19	<u>-</u>	_	
Mabile hame ar trailer, etc.	-	-	· -	-		
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						
1979 ta March 1980 1975 ta 1978	21	21	7	14	_	
1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969	28 25	19 19	13	19	9 6	
1950 ta 1959 1940 to 1949	15	10	10	2	5	
1939 ar earlier	117	117	77	40	-	
HEATING EQUIPMENT						
Steam ar hot water system Central warm-air furnace	106 56	102 40	62 23	40 17	4 16	
Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	-	Ξ.	Ξ.	_	_	
Other means Nane	47 6	47 6	25 6	22	-	
HOUSE HEATING FUEL		· ·				
Utility gasBattled, tank, ar LP gas	128	122	78	44	6	
Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	_	=	=	_	_	
Other	75 6	61 6	26 6	35	14	
No fuel used	6	6	6	-	-	
VEHICLES AVAILABLE	50	50	40			
None	53 74	53 68	48 55	13	6	
2 3 or mare	52 36	47 27	7 6	40 21	9	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					'	
Camplete kitchen facilities1 camplete bathraam plus half bath(s)	215 17	195 7	116	79 7	20 10	
2 ar more complete bathraamsAir canditioning	52	48 22	22	26 15	4 5	
Central systemSource of water, public system ar private campany	7	7 186	, 7 116	70	10	
Sewage dispasal, public sewer	143	137	116	21	6	
Units with raamers ar baarders No telephone		4	4	=	-	
Owner-occupied housing units 4 ar mare bedraams	135 73	121 64	<b>42</b> 22	<b>79</b> 42	14	
1 camplete bathraam plus half bath(s) 2 or more camplete bathraoms	17	7 48	22	7 26	•••	
Renter-occupied housing units 2 ar mare bedraams	80	<b>74</b> 45	<b>74</b> 45		6	
1 camplete bathraom plus half bath(s) 2 or mare complete bathraams	-	-	-	_		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	_	_				
Owner-occupied housing units	135	121	42	79	14	
1979 ta March 1980 1975 to 1978	22 19 38	22 14	16	6		
1970 ta 1974 1960 ta 1969	38 12	34 12	7 12	27		
1959 or earlier	44	39	7	32		
Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to March 1980	80	<b>74</b> 20	<b>74</b> 20	Ξ.	6	
1975 to 1978	29	29	29	Ξ.		
1969 ar earlier	25	25	25	-		
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER						
Occupied housing units	73	73	44	29	-	
Owner-accupied housing units Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	36	36	7	29		
Na vehicle available Na telephane	23	23	18	5 -	_	
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL						
Owner-occupied housing units	18	18	13	5		
Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18	14.9 18	31.0 13	6.3 5		
1.01 or mare persons per raam Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use	-	-	-	-		
1.01 ar mare persans per raam Renter-occupied housing units	42	42	- 42	_		
Percent belaw paverty level Complete plumbing far exclusive use	52.5 42	56.8 42	56.8 42			
1.01 ar mare persans per raam Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	10	10	10			
1.01 or more persans per raam	-			-		

# Table H-16. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Bristol Caunty (pt.)		
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedford city	Remainder	Plymouth County (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	109	104	30	74	5
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS					
With a mortgage	84 -	79 —	23	56 ~	5
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	9	9		9	_
\$300 to \$399	32   12	32 12	17	15 12	
\$600 or more Medion	31 \$408	26 \$392	6 \$372	20 \$433	5 \$725
Not mortgoged	25	25	7	18	-
\$100 to \$199 \$200 or more	11 14	11 14	7	4 14	Ξ.
Median  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	\$215	\$215	\$188	\$275	-
Less than \$10,000	43	43	17	26	-
Less thon 15 percent	=	-	Ξ.	-	-
25 to 29 percent	43	43	17	26	-
Medion	50+	50+	48.5	50+	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999	14 -	14	7 –	7 -	-
15 to 24 percent	14	14	7 -	7	-
30 percent or more	- 22.5	22.5	22.5	- 22.5	
\$20,000 or more	52	47	22.5	22.3	5
Less thon 15 percent	16 19	16 19	-6	16 13	-
25 to 29 percent	12 5	12	Ī	12	- 5
Not computed Median	21.5	20.6	22.5	18.8	45.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	80	74	74	-	
GROSS RENT Less thon \$80	19	19	19	_	
\$80 to \$99	6 –	6 -	6 -	1	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	35 i 7	35 7	35 7	-	:::
\$250 to \$299\$300 to \$349	7 -	7 -	7 -	=	:::
\$350 to \$399	6	Ξ.	=	-	:::
No cosh rent	\$169	\$166	\$166	Ξ:	:::
One-fomily house, detoched or ottoched Medion gross rent	13 \$246	7 \$225	7 \$225	Ξ	:::
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME					
Less thon \$10,000	74	74 -	74 -	Ξ.	:::
15 to 19 percent	4 6	4 6	4 6	Ξ	:::
25 to 29 percent	-	- - -	- - 57	-	:::
35 percent or mare Not computed Median	57 7 50+	57 7 50+	7 50+	Ξ.	
\$10,000 to \$19,999	-	-	-	_	
less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	Ξ	Ξ.	Ξ.	Ξ	:::
20 to 24 percent	-	=	=	-	:
30 to 34 percent	-	Ξ.	Ξ.	Ξ	
Not computed	-	Ξ.	Ξ.	=	:::
\$20,000 or more	6 -	<u>-</u>			
15 to 19 percent	6	Ξ	-	Ξ	
25 to 29 percent	-	=	-	-	:::
35 percent or moreNot computed	-	=	Ξ	I	:::
Medion	17.5	-			•••

Table H-17. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980

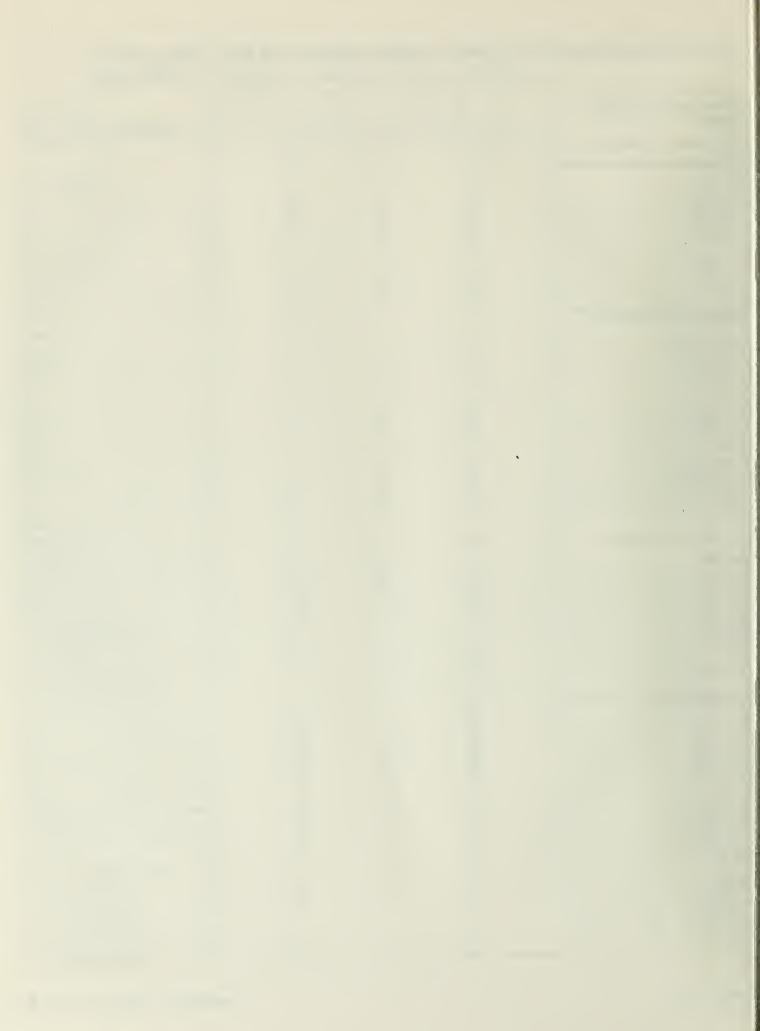
[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Bristal Caunty (pt.)		-	New Bedford city, Bristal Caunty
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymouth Caunty (pt.)	Tract 6526
Occupied housing units	1 642	1 618	1 429	189	24	139
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached ar attached 2	591 243 485 211 75 37	579 243 473 211 75 37	410 243 465 205 69 37	169 - 8 6 6 -	12 - 12 - - -	41 -73 25 -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1979 to March 1980	12 127 169 138 105 249 842	12 127 169 131 105 249 825	104 146 81 85 230 783	12 23 23 50 20 19	7 7 	- 12 19 12 - 10 86
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air furnace Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other means Nane	479 443 7 95 618	474 424 7 95 618	372 385 - 74 598	102 39 7 21 20	5 19 - - - -	12 25 - 102
HOUSE HEATING FUEL  Utility gas	1 089 33 119 395 6	1 077 33 119 383 6 -	1 039 29 91 270 -	38 4 28 113 6 -	12 - - 12 - -	127 - 12 - - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE  Nan	407 804 365 66	407 780 365 66	402 703 294 30	5 77 71 36		46 71 22 -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Camplete kitchen facilities	1 596 135 73 220 50 1 580 1 468 34 228 <b>624</b> 133 95 51 1 <b>018</b> 800 40	1 572 1 28 73 220 50 1 568 1 461 34 228 617 1 133 88 51 1 001 783 40	1 383 87 49 183 50 1 420 1 394 22 228 443 102 47 27 986 768 40	189 41 24 37 - 148 67 12 - 174 31 41 24 15	24 7  12 7  7 	127 - - 7 139 139 139 - - - - - 139 120
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units  1979 ta March 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 ta 1969  1959 ar earlier	624 109 177 133 137 68	617 102 177 133 137 68	443 B4 132 100 89 38	174 18 45 33 48 30	7   	
Renter-occupied housing units	1 018 348 408 167 95	1 001 331 408 167 95	986 331 399 161 95	15 - 9 6 -	17  	139 42 61 36 -
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units	172 63 7 60 23	172 63 7 60 23	151 42 7 55 23	21 21 - 5 -	1	14 - - 7 -
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL  Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Camplete plumbing for exclusive use. 1.01 or mare persons per room Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 ar mare persons per room Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level	75 12.0 75 - - - <b>421</b> 41.4	75 12.2 75 - - 421 42.1 414	60 13.5 60 - - - - 421 42.7	15 8.6 15 - - - - -	:::	- - - - - 52 37.4 52 18
Complete plumbing far exclusive use 1.01 ar mare persans per raom Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 ar mare persans per roam	414 84 7 —	414 84 7 -	414 84 7 -			18 - -

# Table H-18. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Census Tracts	Data die estimoles based off	8ristal County (pt.)				New Bedfard city, Bristol County
	[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Total	New Bedfard city	Remainder	Plymouth County (pt.)	Tract 6526
	Specified owner-occupied housing units	380	373	243	130		-
	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS						
	With a mortgoge	287	280	192	88	•••	_
	\$200 to \$299	11 21	11 21	11 10	11		_
	\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599 \$600 or more	105 132 18	105 125 18	70 95 6	35 30 12	•••	-
	Medion	\$406	\$403	\$405	\$396	::: \	-
	Not mortgaged Less than \$100	93	93	51	42	•••	_
	\$100 to \$199 \$200 or more	60 33 \$192	60 33 \$192	38 13 \$190	22 20 \$198	•••	=
-	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	****	**/*	<b>*</b> .//*	<b>4.</b>		
-	Less than 15 percent	35	35 -	24	11		_
	15 to 24 percent		-	-	- , <del>-</del>		=
	30 percent or more Not computed Medion	35 - 50+	35 - 50 +	24 - 50+	11 - 50+		-
-	\$10,000 to \$19,999	165	158	109	49	•••	_
-	Less than 15 percent	11 53 27	11 53	33	11 20		
-	25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed	74	27 67	27 49	18		-
i	Medion	28.4	27.8	29.0	20.9	:::	
	\$20,000 or more Less thon 15 percent 15 to 24 percent	180 81 70	180 81 70	110 35 58	70 46 12	•••	Ξ
ì	25 to 29 percent 30 percent or mare	19	19 10	7 10	12		
1	Not computed	15.7	15.7	17.0	13.4		
	Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 006	989	974	15	17	133
	GROSS RENT	100	100	100			
1	Less than \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	120 66 205	120 66 205	120 66 205	- -	=======================================	38
	\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	217 224	217 219	217 210	_ 9	_ 5	48 21
The same	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	120 37	120 25	120 25 11	Ī.	12	20 –
1	\$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent	11 -	11 - 6	- -	- 6	=	-
	Medion	\$178	\$176	\$175	\$213	\$315	\$175
-	One-fomily house, detoched or ottoched Median gross rent	162 \$120	157 \$118	142 \$114	15 \$2 <b>2</b> 5	5 \$225	35 \$135
1	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME						
-	Less than \$10,000	628 46 59	611 46 59	611 46 59	=	17	72 - 13
1	15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	114 52	114 52	114 52	-	-	12
1	30 to 34 percent	36 267	31 255	31 255	-	5 12	23
The same	Not computed Medion	54 32.2	54 31.2	54 31.2	-	42.9	12 27.1
l	\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 15 percent	297 89	297 89	282 89	15 -	_	61 20
	15 to 19 percent	90 72 24	90 72	90 63	9	Ξ	20 12 29
	25 to 29 percent	24 5 11	24 5 11	24 5 11	Ξ	Ē	=
	35 percent or more Not computed Median	18.1	6 18.1	17.9	6 22.5	=	19.4
-	\$20,000 or mare	81	81	81	-	-	_
1	Less than 15 percent	73 8 -	73 8 -	73 8 -	Ξ	=	-
	25 to 29 percent	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	
The state of	35 percent ar more	-	-	- - 11.5	5	=	_
1	Median	11.5	11.5	11.5	-	_	



# Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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### **CENSUS TRACTS**

#### Definition

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent areas into which standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) and certain other areas are divided for the purpose of providing statistics for small areas. When census tracts are established, they are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Tracts generally have between 2,500 and 8,000 residents.

Tract boundaries are established cooperatively by a local Census Statistical Areas Committee and the Census Bureau in accordance with guidelines that impose limitations on population size and specify the need for visible boundaries. Geographic shape and areal size of tracts are of relatively minor importance. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, occasional changes may be made in tract boundaries due to physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, park development, etc. (see the section below on "Historical Comparability").

Census tracts have been delineated for all standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). Seven SMSA's which were

designated on the basis of 1980 census counts have portions with no tracts; these are Arecibo, Puerto Rico; Athens, Georgia; Bangor, Maine; Burlington, Vermont; Charlottesville, Virginia; Cumberland, Maryland-West Virginia; and Hickory, North Carolina. More than 3,000 tracts have been established in 221 counties outside SMSA's. Five States (Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) are entirely tracted. There are over 43,300 census tracts for the 1980 census.

All counties with census tracts are tracted in their entirety. In New England. if a county is in two or more SMSA's or is only partially within the boundaries of any SMSA, each portion of the county is published in the appropriate SMSA or State tract report. Data for complete tracts are shown in every report, except for two instances in which census tracts are split between an SMSA and a non-SMSA portion of a State: tract 0090 in Penobscot County, Maine is shown partly in the Bangor, Maine, SMSA report and partly in the Maine report for non-SMSA areas; tract 0035 in Chittenden County, Vermont, is shown partly in the Burlington, Vt., SMSA report and partly in the Vermont report.

Census tracts are identified by a 4-digit basic code and may have a 2-digit suffix, e.g., 6059.02. Leading zeros in a tract number do not appear on the maps (e.g., tract 0025.02 is shown on the map as tract 25.02). Tract numbers are always unique within a county and, except for the New York, N.Y.-N.J., SMSA, are also unique within an SMSA. All valid census tract numbers are in the range 0001 to 9899.99; a number between 9901 and 9989.99 denotes a block numbering area (BNA) for which data summaries do not appear in census tract reports. The suffix .99 indicates a tract populated entirely by persons aboard merchant or military ships. Such "crews of vessels" tracts generally do not appear on the maps; the tracts relate to the water

area and/or piers and docks associated with the on-shore tract(s) having the same 4-digit basic code.

### **Historical Comparability**

Census tracts are defined with an overall goal of census-to-census comparability. Some 1970 tracts have been subdivided due to increased population, but the new 1980 tracts can be combined by the user for comparison with 1970 tracts. Nationwide, this affects about 8 percent of all 1970 tracts, Other changes for 1980 include combination of two or more small 1970 tracts (less than 1 percent of all 1970 tracts) and adjustments to tract boundaries where old boundary features have disappeared or better boundaries have come into being (e.g., freeways). In a few areas, local Census Statistical Areas Committees undertook extensive redefinition of census tracts. Information on 1970-1980 tract comparability for the area covered by this report is provided in the Introduction.

Both the number of tracted counties and the number of census tracts increased by over 20 percent nationally between 1970 and 1980. The reporting of data for split tracts has also increased.

#### **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

### COUNTIES

In most States, the primary divisions are termed counties. In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized boroughs together with the "census areas" which were developed for general statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and

the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for census purposes.

#### **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. In this report, data are shown for places only if they have a population of 10,000 or more.

### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin. The towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions (MCD's) for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

In Connecticut, a unique situation exists in which one incorporated place (Woodmont borough) is subordinate to another (Milford city). In the tables for the Bridgeport, Connecticut SMSA report in this series, data shown for Milford city exclude those for Woodmont borough, and the user must include the data for the two tract parts shown in the remainder of New Haven County with the data shown for Milford city to obtain the total for Milford city.

#### Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier

censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place." In this report, CDP's with a population of 10,000 or more are shown. In 11 States certain CDP's are coextensive with MCD's; these entities are not summarized in the tables of these reports. The States are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. To be recognized for the 1980 census, CDP's must have a minimum 1980 population as follows:

Area	Minimum CDP population
Alaska	25 300
Hawaii	300
Inside urbanized areas:	
With one or more cities of 50,000 or more With no city of 50,000	5,000
or more	1,000
Outside urbanized areas	1,000

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the 1980 census reports are CDP's. Honolulu CDP essentially represents the Honolulu Judicial District. The city of Honolulu, coextensive with the county of Honolulu, is not recognized for census purposes.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An

SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

#### **SMSA Titles**

Most SMSA's have at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's, with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania. the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton, Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing units within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii, where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

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#### **GENERAL**

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal determinant for the response was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question and, thus, to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in appendix E.

# POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

#### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. The measure "persons per household" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). For further information, see the housing unit definition.

## Relationship to Householder

The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to question 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. Only basic categories of relationship are recognized in this report. More detailed categories of relationship appear in the PC80-1-B, PC80-1-C, and PC80-1-D reports (and summary tape files 2, 4, and 5).

Householder-One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person or one of the persons in whose name the home is owned or rented, and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder." Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—A person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages as well as persons in common-law marriages.

Child—A son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. "Own" children are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. "Related" children in a family include own children and all other persons (except the spouse

of the householder) under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Other Relative—Any person related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption who is not shown separately in the particular table (e.g., "spouse," "child," "brother or sister," or "parent").

Nonrelative—Any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

#### Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is (1) a house-holder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

#### **Family**

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A "married-couple family" is a family in which the householder and spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The measure "persons per family" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

#### **Group Quarters**

All persons not living in households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized:

Inmates of Institutions—Persons under care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of their length of stay in that place and regardless of the number of people

in that place. Institutions include homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; homes for unmarried mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; orphanages; and correctional institutions.

Other-This category includes all persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and nonfarm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries, and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit. Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include persons residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patients in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

#### Sex

The data on sex were derived from answers to question 3, which was asked of all persons.

#### Race

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons. Both 100-percent and sample totals for racial groups are included in the tables of this report. For a discussion of the two data sources, see the section in this appendix on "Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Racial Groups." The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units, households, and families classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; however, if a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish Arnerican Indian were classified as American Indian.

The category "Asian and Pacific Islander" in tables P5, P7, and H5, which are based on 100-percent tabulations, includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, or Guamanian. The total for "Asian and Pacific Islander," which is available only from sample tabulations, is shown in tables P18, P19, and H15 and includes the nine groups listed above as well as persons classified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander." The category "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" includes persons who provided write-in

entries of such Asian and Pacific Islander groups as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fiji Islander under the "Other" race category. Persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine categories listed above (e.g., Chinese and Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and Japanese American were classified as Japanese; entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc.

If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Racial Groups—There may be differences in this report between the totals for the racial groups based on 100-percent tabulations (tables P2 through P5, P7, and H2 through H5) and sample tabulations (tables P12 through P19 and H9 through H16). Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. (For an explanation of sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.")

During the sample processing, the responses in the race question underwent more extensive review and edit than performed during the previous processing stages. Additional efforts were made to assign write-in entries to specific race categories and to resolve inconsistent and incomplete responses. The impact of this further work varies substantially by racial group and by geographic area, but is generally negligible. Most affected is the "Other" race category since a number of persons originally counted therein in the 100-percent tabulations were shifted into specific race categories in the sample tabulations. For instance, a number of persons who marked the "Other" race

category supplied a write-in entry (e.g., Canadian, Polish, Lebanese, Black Puerto Rican, or Jamaican) which indicated that they belonged in one of the specific race categories. Furthermore, persons in the "Other" category reported as Cambodian, Laotian, Thai, etc., were combined into a "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" category which, together with the specific Asian and Pacific Islander categories (e.g., Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, etc.), covers the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population. This total is obtainable only from the sample tabulations, not from the 100-percent tabulations.

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the additional review and edit were generally limited and rather varied, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for comparable data for racial groups. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.) and data for the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population, the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data-Differences between 1980 census and 1970 census population totals by race seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census; this difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the counts and comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race population (shown as "All other" races in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census.

Nationally, in 1970, only 1 percent of Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion, 38 percent of Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 population totals for "White" and "Other" are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 count for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan, Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970, but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fiji Islander were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census. In 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

#### Age

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked of all persons. Only the information in questions 5b and 5c (month and year of birth) was read into the computer. Answers to question 5a on age at last birthday were used during field review to fill in any blanks in question 5c. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980. The median ages shown in this report were computed from data for single years of age. If the median fell in the terminal category of an age distribution, the method of presentation was to show the initial age of the terminal

category followed by a plus sign; thus, if the median fell in the category "85 years and over," it is shown as "85+."

#### **Marital Status**

The data on marital status were derived from answers to question 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "now married" include those who have been married only once and have never been widowed or divorced as well as those currently married persons who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated are those living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as now married, persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married and all persons under 15 years old are classified as never married. All persons classified as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

#### Spanish/Hispanic Origin

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent were derived from answers to question 7, which was asked of all persons. Information on the Spanish origin population shown in this report is derived from both the 1980 census 100-percent and sample tabulations. For a discussion of the two data sources, see the section "Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population."

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin were those whose origins are from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc.

Origin or descent can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units, households, and families classified by the

Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one type of Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and some other origin(s) who were in doubt as to how to report origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin was not provided for the person's mother, the first reported origin of the person was recorded.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, in the 100-percent edit a response was assigned by computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If origin was not entered for any household member (excluding a paid employee), origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. The sample processing included more extensive edit procedures. For example, if any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was first assigned from available related information, such as ancestry and place of birth, reported for the individual. These edit procedures are a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the abovementioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 population census Supplementary Reports, Series PC80-S1-7 "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population - There may be differences in this report between the total Spanish origin population based on 100-percent tabulations (tables P6, P7, and H6) and sample tabulations (tables P20, P21, H17, and H18). Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For an explanation of sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.") Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on the Spanish origin population. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data-The 1980 data on Spanish origin are not directly comparable with those of 1970 because of several factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvement explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtedly resulted in the inclusion of a sizeable but unknown number of persons of Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No, not Spanish/ Hispanic" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

#### School Enrollment

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questions 8, 9, and 10. Persons are classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a regular school or college at any time between February 1, 1980, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is defined as nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree. Schooling in trade or business schools, company training, or through a tutor was to be reported only if the course credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Children were to be reported as enrolled in nursery school if the school included instruction as an integral phase of its program but not if only custodial care was given. Children in Head Start programs were to be reported in nursery school or kindergarten as appropriate.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 through 8, and high school includes grades 9 through 12. In general, a public school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

#### Years of School Completed

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to questions 9 and 10. Persons whose education was received in a foreign school system or an ungraded school were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular American school system. If a person was currently attending or did not finish (item 10) the highest grade attended (item 9), he or she was tabulated as having completed the previous grade or year.

If the person did not attend college but finished high school by an equivalency test (GED), the person was instructed to mark grade 12 (high school, 4 years).

"Percent high school graduates" includes persons who completed four years of high school as well as those who completed one or more years of college.

#### Nativity and Place of Birth

The data on nativity and place of birth were derived from answers to questions 11 and 12. The category "Native" comprises persons born in the United States, in Puerto Rico, or in an outlying area of the United States. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who were born abroad with at least one American parent. Persons not classified as native are classified as "foreign born."

Native persons are classified according to their State or area of birth. Respondents were instructed to report place of birth as the mother's usual State of residence at the time of the birth rather than as the location of the hospital, if the birth occurred in a hospital.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on nativity and the place of birth and similar data shown in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-S2 reports.

# Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English

The data on language spoken at home and ability to speak English were derived from answers to questions 13a, b, and c. Persons who responded in question 13a that they spoke a language other than English at home were asked to report what language they spoke (question 13b) and how well they could speak English (question 13c). Languages were coded using a detailed classification of languages. Ability to speak English was reported as one of four categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The questions were intended to measure the extent to which non-English languages were currently being spoken in the United States and the number of persons who felt that their English ability was limited. The questions were not intended to determine which language was a person's main language, or whether a person was fluent in the non-English language that he or she reported. Therefore, persons who reported speaking a language other than English may have also spoken English at home and they may have been more fluent in English than in the non-English language.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on language spoken at home and ability to speak English and similar data shown in the Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

### Ancestry

The data on ancestry were derived from the answers to question 14. The 1980 census marked the first time that a general question on ancestry (ethnicity) was asked in a decennial census. The question was based on self-identification and was open-ended (respondents were required to write their answers). Ancestry refers to a person's nationality group, lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Thus, persons reported their ancestry group regardless of the number of generations removed from their country of origin. Furthermore, responses to the ancestry question reflected the ethnic groups with which persons identified and not necessarily the degree of attachment or association the person had with the particular ethnic group(s).

Ancestry and race are separate characteristics; therefore, persons reporting a particular ancestry may be of any race. Ancestry is also different from other population characteristics that are sometimes regarded as indicators of ethnicity; namely, country of birth and language spoken at home.

A large number of persons reported their ancestry by specifying a single ancestry but some reported two, three, or more ancestry categories. All responses were coded manually by a procedure that allowed for identification of all single-and double-ancestry groups reported. In addition, 17 triple-ancestry categories were identified by unique codes (these categories were selected since they were reported frequently in Census Bureau surveys taken prior to the 1980 census). All other multiple responses were coded according only to the first and second ancestry categories reported.

In published tabulations, multiple groups are designated in general openended categories such as "Polish and other groups," rather than in specific multiple ancestry groups such as "Polish-Italian." A person who reported "Polish-Italian" ancestry, for example, is included in the category "Polish and other groups" and in the category "Italian and other groups." A few responses consisting of two terms (e.g., French-Canadian) were considered as a single group and, thus, were coded and tabulated as a single ancestry. In addition, persons reporting combinations of ancestries such as "German-Bavarian" were tabulated as a single ancestry (i.e., "German"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry (i.e., "Polish" or "Italian"). A sole entry of "American" is tabulated in the category "Ancestry not specified."

Entries of religious groups were not coded separately and were tabulated in the category "Ancestry not specified." When an ancestry response was missing, the person was tabulated as "not reported."

#### Residence in 1975

The data on residence in 1975 were derived from answers to questions 15a and 15b. Residence on April 1, 1975, is the usual place of residence 5 years before enumeration. The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1975 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5 years. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of enumeration had returned to their 1975 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county or a different SMSA understates the number of these kinds of moves.

Data on residence in 1975 are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving residence in 1975 may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of persons 5 years old and over from residence in 1975

tabulations may not agree with other tabulations by age.

#### Work Disability

The data on disability status were derived from answers to question 19. Persons are identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition which had lasted 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job. Persons with a work disability are further classified as "prevented from working."

The term "health condition" refers to both physical and mental conditions. Temporary health problems are not considered a health condition.

Persons are considered limited in the kind or amount of work they could do if they were restricted in the kinds of jobs at which they were able to work or if they were unable to work at a full-time job.

## **Public Transportation Disability**

Persons are identified as having a public transportation disability if they had a health condition which had lasted 6 or more months and which made it difficult or impossible for them to use buses, trains, subways, or other forms of public transportation.

#### Fertility (Children Ever Born)

The data on children ever born were derived from responses to question 20. The number of children ever born to a woman consists of all live births the woman has ever had, including any babies who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her. Excluded are miscarriages and stillbirths and any of the woman's step-children, foster children, or children she has adopted.

#### Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to question 23, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Data are tabulated for workers 16 years and over; i.e., members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Place of work refers to the

geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, village, borough, etc.); whether or not the place of work was inside or outside its incorporated (legal) limits; and the county, state, and ZIP code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name could not be given, the building name or other physical location description was to be entered. Persons who worked at more than one location were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible which described the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

Data on place of work are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving place of work may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of workers 16 years and over from place-of-work tabulations may not agree with the same category shown for means-of-transportation-to-work tabulations.

In the Census Tracts reports covering tracted areas outside SMSA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

For the reports which present data for an SMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the SMSA. All place-of-work locations are defined with respect to the boundaries of the SMSA as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA are further divided into the central business district (CBD) of each central city, the remainder of each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places may also be specified as places of work. Within New England SMSA's, the places of work presented are

generally cities and towns. Locations outside the SMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the SMSA, and may include adjoining SMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any SMSA.

In the Census Tracts reports for SMSA's in New England; Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other metropolitan areas, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities and towns, census designated places (Honolulu SMSA only), or counties which have been defined as unique place-of-work destinations. The area number corresponds to the data item in tabulation P-B #34 of summary tape file 4 that is the source of that data line in the report. In those reports where place-of-work "areas" occur, a geographic equivalency list which gives the geographic components that make up each area is provided at the end of this appendix. Whenever an adjoining SMSA or SMSA remainder is specified as a placeof-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components may be found by referring to table 11 of the Number of Inhabitants report PC80-1-A, for the State in which the SMSA is located.

A central business district (CBD) is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, service businesses, offices, theaters, and hotels, and by high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more whole census tracts, and have been defined only in SMSA central cities and other SMSA cities with populations of 50,000 or more. CBD's are designated by local Census Statistical Area Committees in consultation with the Census Bureau. Some eligible cities do not have a CBD because they chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, a respondent had to provide enough information to allow the workplace to be coded to the census tract level. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons shown to be working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

Persons were tabulated as working in an incorporated place if they reported working inside its legal limits, or reported an incorporated place as their place of work without specifying whether or not they worked inside its legal boundaries. Persons who reported working outside the limits of an incorporated place were tabulated as working outside the place. For SMSA's in Alaska and Hawaii, census designated places (CDP's) may appear as places of work. Persons who reported a CDP-a place with no legal boundaries-as their place of work were tabulated as working in that place regardless of their response on the incorporated limits question. The accuracy of place-of-work data for certain CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

For SMSA's in the New England States, place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (cities and towns), based on the responses to the place-ofwork question. Many New England towns are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and were, therefore, reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that forms part of a town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the town. The data for some New England towns may be affected by coding problems resulting from unfamiliarity among respondents with the town in which the workplace was located or when a town and a city of the same or similar name are located close together.

#### Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questions 24b, 24c, and 24d which were asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category "private vehicle" includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of 1-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category "public transportation" includes workers who used a bus or streetcar, subway or elevated train, railroad, or taxicab.

A question on carpooling (question 24c) was asked of all workers who reported their means of transportation to work as "car," "truck," or "van." The category "drive alone" includes persons who usually drove alone to work, as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category "carpool" includes workers who reported that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger during the reference week.

The means of transportation data for some areas in this report may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an SMSA or portion of a State where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available), and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was not available where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an SMSA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

#### Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to question 24d, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week), and who reported in question 24c that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger in a car, truck, or van. Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The measure "persons per private vehicle" is obtained by dividing the number of persons who

reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

#### Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to question 24a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, or time spent in other activities related to getting to work.

#### Reference Week

The data on labor force status and journey to work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

#### Labor Force Status

The data on labor force status were derived from answers to questions 22, 25, and 26. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons 16 years old and over on active duty with the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described below.

All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and per-

sons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Employed-Employed persons include all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work"-those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work"-those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

#### **Industry and Occupation**

The data on industry and occupation were derived from answers to questions 28 and 29, respectively, and are shown here for employed persons 16 years old and over. For persons who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The industry and occupation statistics are based on the detailed classification systems developed for the 1980 census. The 1980 industry classification is based on the U.S. Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and is similar to the 1970 system; the 1980 occupation classification is based on the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). This report shows major occupation groups and selected industry groups. The relationship between these groups and more detailed categories found in other reports will be shown in the PC80-1-C and PC80-1-D reports.

#### Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to question 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation. The definitions of the class of worker categories shown in this report are as follows:

Private Wage and Salary Workers—Private wage and salary workers are persons who work for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates.

Government Workers—Government workers are employees of any Federal, State, or local governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency.

Self-employed Workers—Self-employed workers are those who work for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade or who operate a farm.

#### Labor Force Status in 1979

The data on labor force status in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31. Persons 16 years old and over are classified as "in labor force in 1979" if they worked in 1979 or had any weeks of unemployment in 1979, in accordance with the criteria for weeks worked in 1979 and weeks of unemployment in 1979 as described below.

Worked in 1979—Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks in 1979 in accordance with the criteria described below are classified as "worked in 1979."

The data on weeks worked in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which persons 16 years old and over did any work for pay or profit (including weeks on paid vacation or on paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "usually worked full-time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "usually worked part-time."

With Unemployment in 1979—Persons 16 years old and over who had 1 or more

weeks of unemployment in 1979 in accordance with the criteria described below are classified as "with unemployment in 1979."

The data on weeks of unemployment in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which persons 16 years old and over did not work but spent time looking for work (i.e., trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice) or on layoff from a job. Excluded are any weeks in which the person worked, even for 1 hour; or any weeks for which the person received any wages or salary; or in which the person was on active duty in the Armed Forces, on paid vacation, or on paid leave.

#### Income in 1979

The data on income in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1979 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net selfemployment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, royalty, or net rental income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1979. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments, and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his or her own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of wage or salary income and net income from nonfarm and farm self-employment.

"Interest, dividend, royalty, or net rental income" includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net royalties. and net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers. "Social Security income" includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration, prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. "Public assistance" or public welfare income includes (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal, State, or local welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled, (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item, "Income from all other sources" includes unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, public or private pensions, alimony or child support, workers' compensation, periodic payments from estates and trust funds, periodic receipts from annuities or insurance, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employers' contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the characteristics of persons and the composition of households and families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households and families was the same during 1979 as in April 1980.

The median income is the amount

which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households, families, and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median income values for all households, families, and unrelated individuals are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in this report. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. For a detailed description of these interpolation procedures, see appendix B to the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129, Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income.

Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean or per capita values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean and per capita income amounts are strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, they are especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is therefore a better measure than the mean or per capita when the population base is small.

There may be differences between the data in this report on income in 1979 and similar data shown in the Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors corrected

after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

#### Poverty Status in 1979

Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being below or above the poverty level based on income in 1979 using a poverty index which provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" varying by size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The poverty thresholds used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from 7 or more persons to 9 or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a family of four was \$7,412 in 1979; thresholds by size of family are shown below.

## Weighted Average Poverty Thresholds: 1979

Size of family	Threshold
1 person (unrelated individual). Under 65 years	\$3,686 3,774 3,479
65 years and over  2 persons  Householder under 65 years  Householder 65 years and over.	4,723 4,876 4,389
3 persons 4 persons	5,787 7,412 8,776
5 persons	9,915 11,237
8 persons 9 or more persons	12,484 14,812

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on poverty status in 1979 and similar data shown in the Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—Poverty status is determined for all persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated

individuals under 15 years. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133, Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980.

Specified Poverty Level—Because the poverty definition currently in use by the Federal Government does not meet all the needs of the analysts of the data, some of the data are presented for alternate definitions ranging from 75 percent to 200 percent of the current poverty level. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the income cutoff at 125 percent of the poverty level was \$9,265 in 1979 for a family of four persons.

#### HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

#### **Living Quarters**

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units-A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room, occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except those in Group Quarters as described in the next paragraph). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be

obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data-Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In addition, in 1970, living quarters occupied by five or more persons unrelated to the head of the household or by six or more unrelated persons were not considered to be housing units but group quarters. In 1980, however, this requirement was changed and, living quarters occupied by a group of 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or by 10 or more unrelated persons were considered to be group quarters. Thus, some living quarters classified as group quarters in 1970 would be classified as housing units in 1980. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

# Occupancy and Vacancy Characteristics

Occupied Housing Units-A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. In tabulations of data collected of all units, by definition, the count of occupied housing units is the same as the count of households. In tabulations presenting data from a sample of the housing units. there may be small differences in the counts resulting from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit-Data presented for this item are based on the information reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements, i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect

the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Type of Vacant Unit-Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" or "yearround." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. Included are units intended for recreational use, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins; units offered to vacationers in the summer for summer sports or in the winter for winter sports; and vacant units held for herders and loggers. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered as year-round.

Vacancy Status—Year-round vacant units are subdivided according to their vacancy status as follows:

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale.

Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy. If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the year-round vacant unit is classified as "Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy."

Held for occasional use. This category consists of vacant year-round units which are held for weekend or other

occasional use throughout the year. Shared ownership or time-sharing condominiums are also classified as "Held for occasional use." Homes reserved by their owners as second homes usually fall in this category, although some second homes may be classified as "seasonal."

Other vacant. If a vacant year-round unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "Other vacant." This category includes units held for settlement of an estate, units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Boarded-Up Status—Boarded-up units refer to vacant structures in which the windows and doors are covered by wood, metal, or similar materials to protect the interior, and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure or a unit(s) in a multi-unit structure may be boarded up in this way. In this report, data for boarded-up units are only shown for units in the "Other vacant" category.

Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

# Utilization, Structural, and Plumbing Characteristics

Persons in Unit—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Medians for persons are rounded to the nearest hundredth. In computing medians for persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 persons" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.50 up to 3.50 persons.

Rooms-The statistics on "rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this guestion is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, halfrooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth. In computing medians for rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of bedrooms in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

Kitchen Facilities—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range or cookstove, and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as having a range or cookstove. An icebox is not considered to be a mechanical refrigerator.

Year Structure Built—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration.

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. Included in the count of mobile homes or trailers are units classified as boats, tents, vans, etc.

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present.

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

Bathrooms-A complete bathroom is a room with a flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and a wash basin with piped hot and cold water for the exclusive use of the occupants of the housing unit. (Although the instructions on the questionnaire do not specify that a complete bathroom must have hot water, this requirement was applied during the processing of the data in an edit combining the items on complete bathrooms and complete plumbing facilities for the exclusive use of the household.) A halfbathroom has at least a flush toilet or a bathtub or shower for exclusive use, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. The equipment must be inside the unit being enumerated.

Source of Water—Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to six or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to six or more housing units.

Sewage Disposal—Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants, which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks, are also classified as public sewers.

## **Equipment** and Fuels

Heating Equipment—Housing units use specific types of heating equipment as their primary source of heat. The categories for types used are: (1) a steam or hot water system; (2) a central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms; (3) an electric heat pump; (4) other built-in electric units which are

permanently installed in the floors, walls, ceilings, or baseboards, and are a part of the electrical installation of the building: and (5) other means which include a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit.

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category, "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined into one category, "Electric heat pump."

Air-Conditioning-Air-conditioning is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air-conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air-conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system.

Vehicles Available-Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household, Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of 1-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for the use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars; immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery; and vans and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate data were obtained in 1980 on the number of households with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less, kept at home for use of members of the household.

Telephone in Housing Unit—A unit is classified as having a telephone if there is a telephone in the living quarters. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

Comparability With 1970 Census Telephone Available Data—In 1970, the question on telephone availability was collected on a 100-percent basis. A housing unit was classified as having a telephone if the household had a telephone on which it could be called, whether it was in another unit, in a common hall, in another building, or shared by another household. For 1980, for a housing unit to be classified as having a telephone, the telephone had to be inside the respondent's living quarters.

Fuels Used for House Heating—"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. The category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corncobs, etc.

## **Financial Characteristics**

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and

lot) would sell for, if it were for sale. Value data are presented for "specified owner-occupied" housing units, which are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, and owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings are also excluded from the value tabulations. Value was also collected for owner-occupied condominium housing units, but such units are excluded from the tables showing value in this report.

Medians for value are rounded to the nearest hundred dollar. If the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000—." If the median falls in the category "\$200,000 or more," it is shown as "\$200,000+."

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs-The data are presented for "specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owneroccupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs are the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities

(electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). Medians for selected monthly owner costs are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Household Income in 1979 by Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Income-The selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category, "Not computed."

Contract Rent—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included. The statistics on rent are tabulated for "specified renter-occupied" housing units which include renter-occupied housing units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

This report presents data only on median contract rent, without any tabulation by rent categories. Medians for contract rent are rounded to the nearest dollar. In computing median contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded.

Gross Rent-The statistics on rent are tabulated for "specified renter-occupied" housing units which include renteroccupied housing units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. The computed rent termed "gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. This report presents data on medians for gross rent rounded to the nearest dollar. In computing median gross rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded.

Household Income in 1979 by Gross Rent as Percentage of Income-The monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category, "Not computed."

# Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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#### USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

## **Crews of Merchant Vessels**

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototype-setting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

# Appendix D. - Accuracy of the Data

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#### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in tables P-1 through P-7 and tables H-1 through H-6 of this publication are based upon completecount data and the data tabulated in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 are based on the 1980 census sample. The data in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete-count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Nonsampling error, therefore, affects both the complete-count data in tables P-1 through P-7 and tables H-1 through H-6 and the sample data in tables

P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the United States was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, race, relationship), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places, and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2.500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other places, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small places. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In about 95 percent of the country, the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample

unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected,

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

In order to reduce the cost of processing, a scheme was designed, while the sample questionnaires were being processed, to select a sample of questionnaires on which the place of work and migration data items would be coded. The sample questionnaires were processed by work units consisting of 1980 census ED's. In work units (ED's) where the place of work and migration data items had not yet been coded, every other sample questionnaire within the work unit was selected for these coding operations. In work units where the place of work and migration data items already had been coded, all sample questionnaires were included in the tabulation.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the

same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or

housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the person or housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent in sample" figure for person and family characteristics and the housing unit figure for housing unit characteristics.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristic (e.g., air-conditioning, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent in sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formulas below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se<sub>x</sub> and Se<sub>y</sub> of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$_{(x+y)} = Se_{(x-y)} - \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square

root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and D. Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

(1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68-percent and 95-percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete-count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data.

The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error, see any standard sampling theory text.

# Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas or PC80-1-C, General Social and Economic Characteristics, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The

third stage could potentially use 160 agesex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

#### **PERSONS**

## Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1 2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>2 persons in housing unit</li> <li>3 persons in housing unit</li> <li>4 persons in housing unit</li> <li>5 to 7 persons in housing unit</li> <li>8 or more persons in housing unit</li> </ul>
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units

#### 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit 17 Persons in Group Quarters

1 person in housing unit

#### Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

#### Group

11

12-16

1	Householder		
2	Nonhouseholder	(including	per-
	sons in group qu	uarters)	

## Stage III-Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race							
	Persons of Spanish Origin							
	Male							
1	0 to 4 years of age							
2	5 to 14 years of age							
3	15 to 19 years of age							
4	20 to 24 years of age							
5	25 to 34 years of age							
6	35 to 44 years of age							
7	45 to 64 years of age							
8	65 years of age or older							
	Familia							
	Female							
9-16	Same age categories as							

groups 1 to 8

	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
	gories as groups 1 to 16

#### Black Race

33-64	Same	age-sex-Spar	nish	origin
	categ	ories as grou	ps 1	to 32

#### Asian, Pacific Islander Race

65-96	Same	age-sex-Spanish	origin
	cated	ories as groups 1	to 32

#### Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

### Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

Same age-sex-Spanish origin 129-160 categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count was combined or collapsed with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete-count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete-census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage

I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage Il weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories, and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

#### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

# Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a	Family
	With Own Children Und	er 18
1	2 persons in housing	unit

3 persons in housing unit 3 4 persons in housing unit

4 5	5 to 7 persons in housing unit 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	All Other Housing Units
11 12-16	1 person in housing unit 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	II—Tenure/Race and Origin louseholder/Value or Rent
Group	Owner
	White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6 7	\$100,000 to \$149,999
8	\$150,000+ Other Owners
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
47.00	Black Race
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin
33-40	categories as groups 1 to 16
	Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	Renter
	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin
	Rent Categories
81	<b>\$1</b> to <b>\$</b> 59

82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
	Black Race
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Asian, Pacific Islander Race

125-146

Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race

147-168

Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to

102

169-190

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

## VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group	
1	Vacant for Rent
2	Vacant for Sale
3	Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will,

for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and completecount data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some housing units or persons to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs that were developed to focus on this important problem are explained below.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.

 A recheck of housing units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each housing unit. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if labor force items were incomplete for a person 15 years and over, long-form field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, may fail to collect some of the information for a person or housing unit; or may collect data for housing units that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from housing units not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a num-

ber of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse-Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponse remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described in more detail below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the housing inventory and population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in editing, the configuration of marks on the question-naire column was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or a housing unit or merely spurious marks. If the column contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status, Spanish origin), the inference was made that the marks represented a person. In cases in which two or more basic characteristics

were available for only a portion of the people in the unit, other information on the questionnaire provided by an enumerator was used to determine the total number of persons. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning did not distinguish any entry in the name space.

If any characteristic for a person or a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached central processing, they were supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often when there was no entry for a given item or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for other persons or units with similar characteristics. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20year-old son of the householder, but for whom marital status was not reported. was assigned the same marital status as that of the last son processed in the same age group. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

The editing process for completecount data also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or a housing unit. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no infromation for all or most of the people, although persons were known to be present or when there was no information on the housing unit, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person or housing unit was duplicated. These duplications fall into two classes: (1) "substitution for mechanical failure," e.g., when the questionnaire page was not properly microfilmed, and (2) "substitution for noninterview," e.g., when a housing unit was indicated as occupied but the occupants or housing unit characteristics were not listed on the questionnaire.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations

and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty

reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown

in the allocation tables in the Census Bureau publications PC80-1-B, General Population Characteristics; PC80-1-C, General Social and Economic Characteristics; HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics; and HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics.

# Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Slze	of public	ation area	<u>2</u> /				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - - -	16 21 30 35 - - -	16 22 35 45 55 - - -	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 140 170	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200 230 250	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210 250 310	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 340	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 5 000 000	-	- - - - -		- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	:	310	510 550 - - - - -	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

<sup>1/</sup> For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

# Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8 1.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1
5 or 95	2.2 3.0 3.6	1.8 2.4 2.9	1.5 2.1 2.5	1.7 2.1	1.0 1.3 1.6	0.7 0.9 1.1	0.6 0.8 0.9	0.5 0.7 0.8	0.4 0.5	0.3	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0 4.3	3.3 3.5	2.8 3.1	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6 4.8	3.7 3.9	3.2 3.4	2.6 2.8	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6 0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	θ.2	0.2

<sup>1/</sup> For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{2}{}$  The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

	Less than	19 to 33	More than
Characteristics	19 Percent	Percent	33 Percent
POPULATION			
Age, sex, race, and Spanish origin	1.2	1.0	0.5
Family type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Marital status	1.0	0.8	0.4
Language usage and ability to speak			
English	1.3	1.3	0.6
Ancestry Nativity and place of birth	1.7	1.4	0.8 0.6
Residence in 1975	3.7	3.2	2.5
Means of transportation to work	1.2	1.0	0.6
School enrollment	1.3	1.1	0,6
Years of school completed	1.2	1.1	0.5
Work and public transportation			
disability	1.1	0.9	0.5
Labor force status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Hours worked per week and weeks			
worked in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Unemployed in 1979	[-]	0.9	0.5
Industry and occupation	ļ . !·!	1.0	0.5
Class of worker	[.]	0.9	0.5
Household income	ļ• <u></u>	0.8	0.5
Income type	1.1	0.9	0.5 0.5
Family income		0.8 0.9	0.5
Workers in family	1.2	1.1	0.6
Poverty status: Family	1.2	1.0	0.6
Poverty status: Persons	1.9	1.6	0.9
Poverty status: Unrelated Individuals	i.i	1.0	0.5
HOUSING			
Occupancy and vacancy status	ļ•Ţ	0.7	0.5
Tenure	!•!	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	[.]	0.9	0.5
Source of water	1.0	0.8 0.9	0.5
Year structure built		0.9	0.6 0.5
Year householder moved into	1.1	0.9	0.0
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuei	i.i	0.9	0.5
Kitchen facilities	i.i	0.8	0.5
Number of bedrooms or bathrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.2	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected		0.0	2.5
monthly owner cost	1.1	0.8	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.2	1.0	0.6
Complete plumbing facilities for exclusive use with 1.01			
persons per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	l iii	0.8	0.5

# Table D. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[Far meaning of symbals, see Intraduction. For definitions af terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Persans		Housing units		
Census Tracts	100-percent caunt	Percent in somple	100-percent caunt	Percent in sample	
The SMSA	169 425	15.9	66 646	15.9	
Bristol Caunty (pt.) New Bedford city Remoinder of Bristol County (pt.)	153 965 98 478 55 487	15.9 15.9 16.0	59 795 39 523 20 272	15.9 15.9 16.0	
Plymauth County (pt.)	15 460	16.0	6 851	15.7	
New Bedford city, 8ristol County: Troct 6501.01 Tract 6501.02 Troct 6502.01 Troct 6502.02 Troct 6503 Troct 6504 Troct 6505 Tract 6505 Tract 6507 Troct 6507	4 249 3 885 2 614 2 424 3 429 4 233 3 389 3 133 2 598 3 677	16.1 16.3 16.6 15.8 15.9 16.4 16.4 14.7 15.2 16.0	1 507 1 354 950 950 1 411 1 710 1 427 1 218 1 173 1 570	16.8 15.7 16.1 16.0 16.5 16.3 16.1 15.8 15.4	
Tract 6509 Tract 6510.01 Tract 6510.02 Tract 6511 Tract 6512 Tract 6513 Tract 6514 Tract 6516 Tract 6516 Tract 6517	2 922 2 519 3 687 4 387 1 998 2 422 3 485 3 165 4 350 2 496	17.1 14.8 15.5 15.7 16.2 15.1 16.5 16.1 15.5 14.2	1 146 990 1 371 1 777 859 1 092 1 313 1 242 1 643 1 075	16.1 16.4 15.8 15.7 15.6 16.5 16.4 16.0 14.8	
Tract 6518	1 485 1 910 2 977 3 174 3 211 3 114 3 105 3 123 3 432 4 121 3 410 351	16.6 14.5 14.3 16.7 16.4 16.8 16.1 16.5 14.8 16.7 16.0 17.4	1 120 882 1 192 1 193 1 206 1 234 1 192 1 189 1 392 1 805 1 339	15.4 15.2 14.8 15.6 16.1 15.6 15.9 15.8 15.2 16.4 16.3	
Remoinder of Bristol County (pt.):	7 058 7 372 9 066 7 528 5 053 3 651 3 244 4 586 3 696 4 233	15.2 15.8 16.3 15.5 16.1 17.1 15.1 16.5 16.3 16.2	2 352 2 554 2 706 3 115 1 691 1 372 1 126 1 758 1 459 2 139	16.0 16.0 16.1 15.7 15.8 16.2 15.5 16.6 16.0 15.9	
Plymouth County (pt.):  Troct 5401 Tract 5611	5 931 5 597 3 932	16.5 16.4 14.5	2 496 2 606 1 749	15.6 16.0 15.2	

## Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10**

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12**

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other we	eek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached meens there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one well which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished besements or unfinished ettics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15e. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in epertment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A *place* is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this *residence* is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is instelled end does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32**

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or e municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and ges, the monthly average for the pest 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the pest 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpeid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used elso by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \{\}) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "inortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14**

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
  - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
  - Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
  - b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
  - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
    - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
    - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
    - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
    - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

## Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

## Oo not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.
Unpaid volunteer work.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Orive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33**

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle;

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

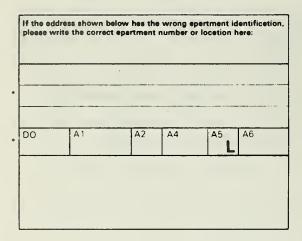
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States



## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

## Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

## How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

**Use** a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this •

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday. April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

## Question 1

### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

## Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere


## Note

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue >

Here are the	These are the columns	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2		
QUESTIONS	for ANSWERS  Please fill one column for each	First name Middle initial   First name	Middle initi		
<b>*</b>	person listed in Question 1.	First reging	magung rates		
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?  Fill one circle.  If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	O Brother/sister  If not related to person in column 1:  Roomer, boarder Other nonrelativ Partner, roommate		
3. Sex Fill on	e circle.	O Male Female O M	Male Female		
4. Is this person		Black or Negro Hawaiian E Guamanian E Guamanian G Guamanian G Guamanian G Guamanian G Guamanian G Guamanian G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Jietnamese Other — Specify — ndian (Amer.) Print Itribe		
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth a. Age a birthday 1 birthd			
a. Print age at	last birthday.				
b. Print month	h and fili one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0 b. Month	1 • 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	O Apr.—June 7 ○ 7 ○ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0   2 0   3 0   3 0   4 0   4 0   5 0   5 0   5 0   5 0   6 0   6 0   6 0   7 0   7 0   7 0   10   10   10   10		
6. Marital stat	us	Now married	Now married O Separated		
Fill one circl	e.		Widowed O Never married Divorced		
7. Is this pers origin or de Fill one circl		O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban	No (not Spanish/Hispanic)     Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano     Yes, Puerto Rican     Yes, Cuban		
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	uary 1, 1980, has this person egular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, elementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	Yes, public school, public college     Yes, private, church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related		
	e highest grade (or year) of nool this person has ever	○ Nursery school ○ Kindergarten ○ ! Elementary through high school (grade or year) Element	grade attended:  Nursery school		
FIII one circl	e.		000000000000		
person is in.	ding school, mark grade If high school was finished acy test (GED), mark "12."	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 1 2	(academic year)  2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  3 0 0 0 0 0 0  Never attended school — Skip question 10		
	erson finish the highest year) attended?	Finished this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)		
FIII one cire	cle.	O Did not mish this grade (or year)	old light timest time Brees for year,		

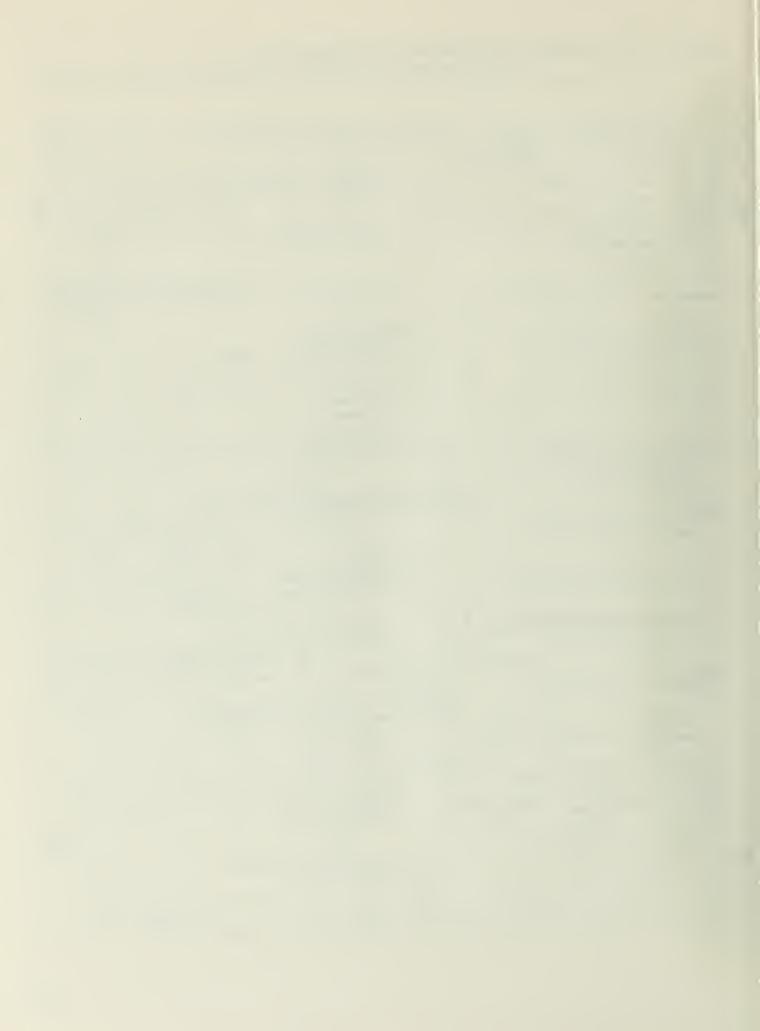
DEDCOM:		VER QUESTIONS H1-H12
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20,	R HOUSEHOLD
If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife   Father/mother Son/daughter   Other relative	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.  No	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?  O No O Yes, a condominium  H10. If this is a one-family house —  a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? O Yes O No
If not related to person in column 1:  Roomer, boarder Partner, roommate Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.  No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?  O Yes O No
O Male Female O White Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?  O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.  No	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying —  What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for it it were for sale?
O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?  One  2 apartments or living quarters  3 apartments or living quarters  4 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is —  A mobile home or trailer  A house on 10 or more acres  A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday	5 apartments or living quarters     6 apartments or living quarters     7 apartments or living quarters     8 apartments or living quarters     9 apartments or living quarters     10 or more apartments or living quarters	○ Less than \$10,000 ○ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 ◎ \$75,000 to \$79,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 0 Jan.—Mar. 0 Apr.—June 0 July—Sept. 8 0 8 0	This is a mobile home or trailer  M5. Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters?  H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	\$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
Oct.—Dec.  Now married Widowed Divorced  Oct.—Pec.  9 0 9 0  Separated Never married	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?  Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters —   What is the monthly rent?   If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.   Captain   C
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?  Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.  1 room 0 4 rooms 0 7 rooms 2 rooms 0 5 rooms 0 8 rooms	\$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199 \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224 \$90 to \$99 \$\$25 to \$249
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$100 to \$109
Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	A4. Block number	inits it for —  Ound use onal/Mig. — Skip C2, C3, and D.  Status C3, and D.
Never attended school-Skip question I G  Now attending this grade (or year)  Finished this grade (or year)  Did not finish this grade (or year)	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 elsewhere O Rente 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 Group quarters O Other	dor sold, not occupied E. Indicators 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5

## Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD	Page
Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is —  • A mobile home or trailer	
A condominium unit	tip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
H30. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  \$ .00 OR ○ None	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?  Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.
H31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	\$ .00 OR O No regular payment required — Skip to page 6
\$ .00 OR O None	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?
H32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	<ul> <li>Yes, taxes included in payment</li> <li>No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required</li> </ul>
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
<ul> <li>Yes, contract to purchase</li> <li>No — Skip to page 6</li> </ul>	Yes, insurance included in payment     No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	
○ Yes ○ No	Please turn to page 6
	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 5 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 3 3 2. 4. 3 3 2. 4. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 Yes 3 3 3 Yes
	2. 4. GQ. H30. H31. H32c.

age 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR
Name of Person 1 on page 2:  Last name First name Middle Initial  11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of	16. When was this person born?  Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33  Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person  17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?	22a. Did this person work at any time   ast week?  Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full time or part time.  (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or fam.
the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	O Yes O No  b. Attending college? O Yes O No	Also count active duty work. In the Armed Forces.)  Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  12. If this person was born in a foreign country –  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Working at a job or business?  O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)?  Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
Yes, a naturalized citizen     No, not a citizen     Born abroad of American parents	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?  If Service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.	23. At what location did this person work last week?  If this person worked at more than one location, print
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?  1975 to 1980	O Yes O No — Skip to 19  b. Was active-duty military service during —	where he or she worked most last week.  If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.  a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  O Yes  No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	February 1955—July 1964     Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)     World War II (September 1940—July 1947)	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.  b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
c. How well does this person speak English?  Very well  Well  Not at all	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which  a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?  Yes  No, in unincorporated area
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code  24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minutes  b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?  If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	b. Month and year of marriage?	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.  Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle
<ul> <li>Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person</li> <li>Yes, this house - Skip to 16</li> </ul>	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)  c. If married more than once – Did the first marriage	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Öther — Specify ————————————————————————————————————
No, different house     Where did this person live five years ago     (April 1, 1975)?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?  O Yes  No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11.         13b.         14.           No.         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15b.   23.   0 VL   24a.
(2) County:  (3) City, town,  village, etc.:  (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
of that city, town, village, etc.?  Yes  No, in unincorporated area	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8

SON 1 ON PAGE 2	1			Pa
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —	USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS U	ISE ONLY
<ul> <li>Drive alone — Skip to 28</li> <li>Share driving</li> <li>Drive others only</li> <li>Ride as passenger only</li> </ul>	21b.	○ Yes No — Skip to 31d	31b. 31c.	31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100	O TES O NO - Skip to 370	00 00	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 1 1	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	1 1   1	
0 2 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3 / 3 3	
○ 3 ○ 5 ○ 7 or more	09-9	Weeks	9-9-9-	
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	_ III 5 =		5 1 3 5	
i. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job or business last week?	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did this person usually work each week?	7 7	1
Yes, on layoff	IV a a		1 88	1
Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	099	Hours	, 199	9
○ No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many wee	ks 32a.	32b.
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	? 00	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job	0.00	0000
— ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	1 1	Weeks	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2	IIII
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —	+13.33	3 3 3 3
O No, already has a job	C,- C,-	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	0 - 0. 0.	0- 0- 0- 0-
No, temporarily ill	5.5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	5505	5 5 5 5
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	6536	6566 7777
O Yes, could have taken a job	8.8		- 2888	8 3 8 8
. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	90	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?	1 2 2 1	9 5 9 9
0 1980 0 1978 1970 to 1974 Skip to	28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below – How much did this	A O	O A O
0 1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	32c.	<b>32d</b> .
○ Never worked J	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	1111	1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity  Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bond		8 8 8 8
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	dues, or other items.	3333	3 3 3 3
this person worked the most hours.	GHI	○ Yes → \$	5 > 5 5	4444 5555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	200	(Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	6666
Industry	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional practice Report net income after business expenses.	7777	1555
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	500		8888	8888 9999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0 A C	0 A 0
	1 1 1	c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3 3	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	0000	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	2-4	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	1 1 1	III
Describe the activity at location where employed.		○ Yes → \$ .00	8 8 6	8 8 8
	7 (- 7	O No - (Annual amount - Doilars)	333	333
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	5. 8	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	255	5 5 5
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	C. 4.1	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	666	666
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	Yes → \$ .00 ○ No	1777	2 2 7 A A .
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction service, government, etc.	NW O	(Annual amount – Dollars)	999	19
). Occupation	29.	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	32g.	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	N P Q	○ Yes → \$ .00	0000	0000
	000	(Annual amount - Dollars)	1111	1111
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	8888	2555
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	3 3 3 3	3333
	UVW	○ Yes → § .00	5555	5 > 5 5
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	6666
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)  Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	2777	7777
Employee of private company, business, or	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other source	1999	9999
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	of income received regularly  Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance		O A O
Federal government employee	1 1	or the sale of a home.	I I I I	III
State government employee	3 3 3	○ Yes → \$ .00	88 88	8 8 8
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	9-9-9-	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	3 3 3 3 3	
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?	35 55	
professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32a	66 66	
Own business not incorporated	7.7 5.48	through g; subtract any losses. \$ 00  (Annual amount – Dollars)	77 77	
Working without pay in family business or farm	9.19	If total amount was a loss,	99 99	
Working without hav in tamily historic or farm		write "Loss" above amount. OR None	22 23	/ / / / /



## Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

G	ENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
PI	UBLICATIONS	F-1	HC80-5, Volume !
	Population and Housing Census		tial Finance
	Reports	F-1	HC80-S1-1, Suppl
	PHC80-1, Block Statistics	F-1	Reports
	PHC80-2, Census Tracts	F-2	Evaluation and Refer
	PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports
	teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluat
	Units and Standard Metro-		Research Report
	politan Statistical Areas	F-2	PHC80-R, Referen
	PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R1. Use
	Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R2, His
	Congress	F-2	PHC80-R3, Alp
	PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		Index of Indu
	Estimates of Social, Eco-		Occupations .
	nomic, and Housing		PHC80-R4, Cla
	Characteristics	F-2	Index of Indu
	PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		Occupations .
	mates of Social, Economic,		PHC80-R5, Ge
	and Housing Characteristics.	F2	Identification
	Population Census Reports	F-2	Scheme
	PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	_	COMPUTER TAPES
	teristics of the Population	F-2	Summary Tape Files
	PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		STF 1
	ber of Inhabitants PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	F-2	STF 2
	Population Characteristics	Го	STF 3
	PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	F-2	STF 4
	Social and Economic		STF 5
	Characteristics	F_3	Other Computer Tap
	PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	. 3	P.L. 94-171, Popu
	Detailed Population		Counts
	Characteristics	F-3	Master Area Refer
	PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		1 and 2 (MARF)
	Reports	F-3	Geographic Base F
	PC80-S1, Supplementary		Independent Maj
	Reports	F-3	(GBF/DIME)
	Housing Census Reports	F-3	Public-Use Microd
	HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		Samples
	teristics of Housing Units	F-3	Census/EEO Spec
	HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MAPS
	General Housing		MICROFICHE
	Characteristics	F-3	STF 1 Microfiche
	HC80-1-B, Chapter B,		STF 3 Microfiche
	Detailed Housing		P.L. 94-171 Counts N
	Characteristics	r-3	
	HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-		
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of the 1980 Census of Popu-Housing are issued in three ed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

## **PUBLICATIONS**

## Population and Housing **Census Reports**

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

## **Population Census Reports**

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975. journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar, status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

## **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

## **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products\_limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

## **COMPUTER TAPES**

## Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide,

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C. and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

## Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

## MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

## MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

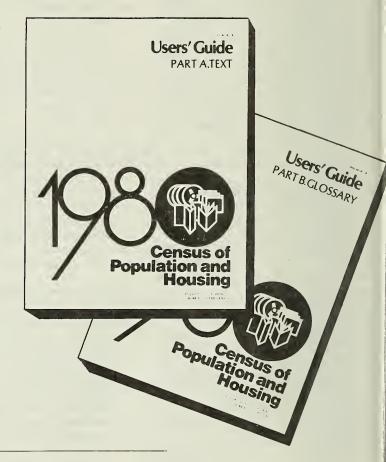
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

# **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates-Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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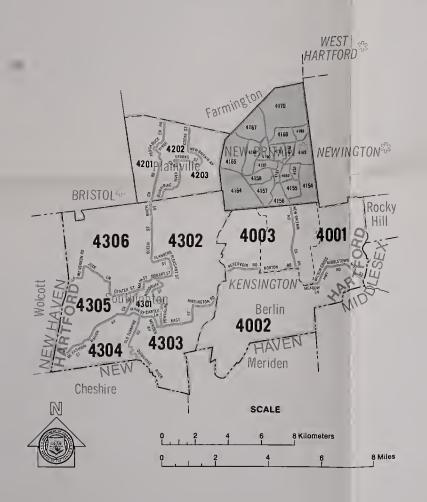


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## 1980 CENSUS TRACTS

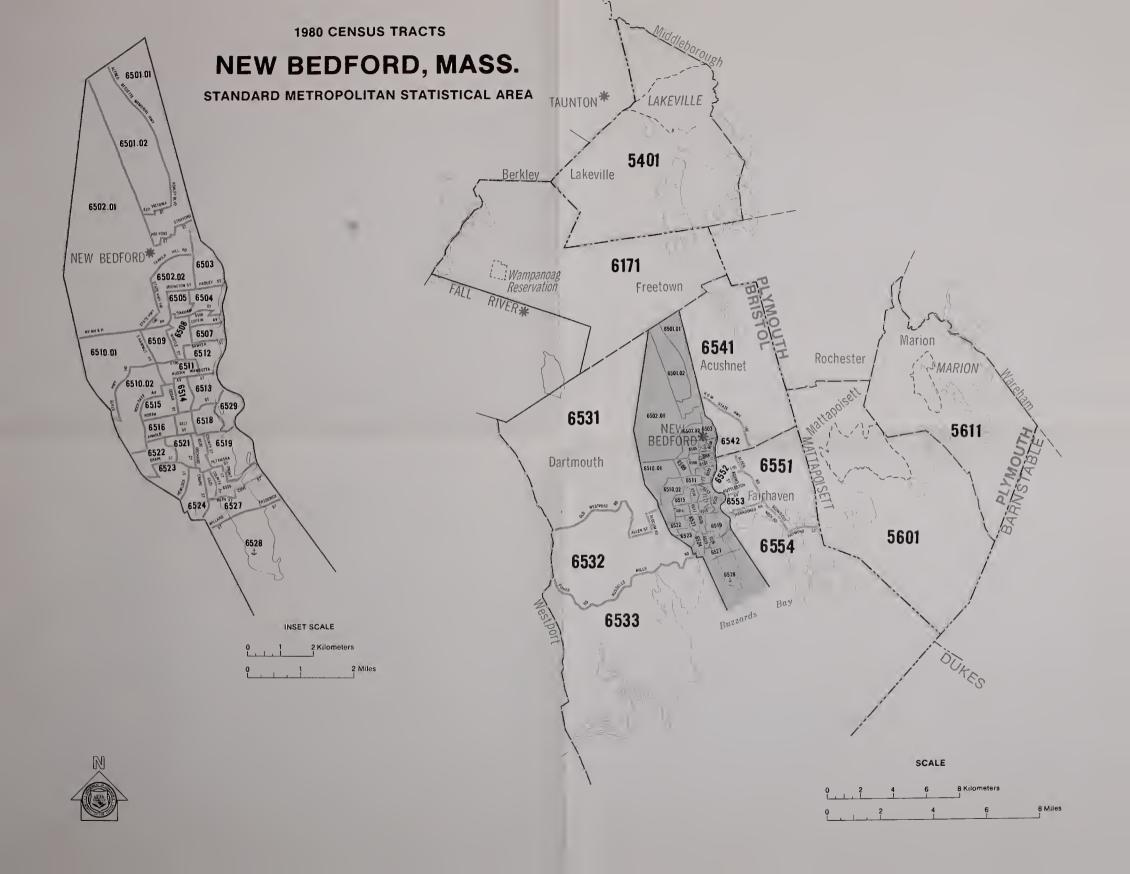
## NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA









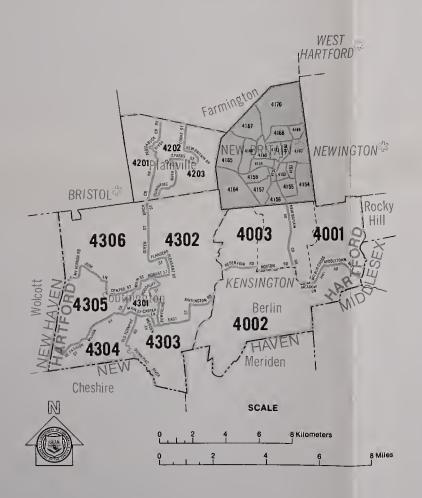


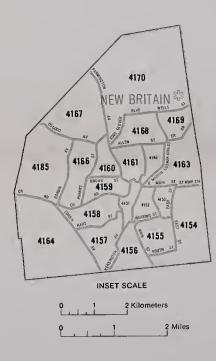


## 1980 CENSUS TRACTS

# NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

## STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







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Census tracts

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Census tracts

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